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JUVENILIA

POEMS

GEORGE WITHER

CONTAINED IN THE COLLECTIONS OF HIS
JUVENILIA WHICH APPEARED IN
1626 AND 1633

PART III.

PRINTED FOR THE SPENSER SOCIETY

1871

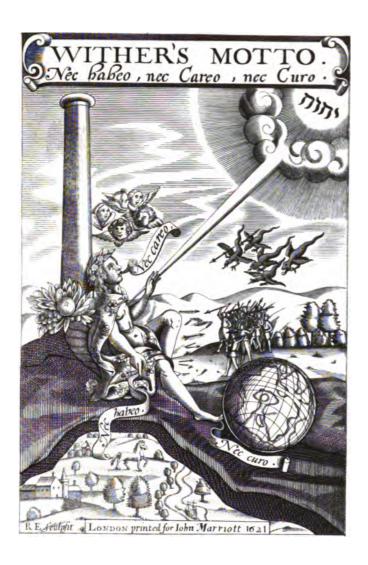


PRINTED BY CHARLES S. SIMMS, MANCHESTER.

7 621

The Explanation of the Embleme.

his litle Embleme here, doth represent, I The bleft condition, of a man Content. The Place he lyes on, is a mighty Rocke: To shew, that He Contemnes, and makes a mocke Of Force, or Vnderminers. We expresse, What others thinke him, by his Nakednesse. His Mantle, with Hearts-ease y wrought doth show, What He, doth of his owne well-being, know. The Piller, on whose Base, his head doth rest; Hath Fortitude and Constancie exprest. The Cornu Copia that fo neere him lyes; Declares, that He enough hath to fuffice: And that He can be pleafd, with what the Fields, Or what the fruitfull Tree, by Nature yealds. That pleasant Prospective, in which you see, Groues, Ryuers, Laundes, and Pallaces there be; Lies farr belowe Him: and is that, in which, The truest happy Man, is seldome rich. The words, NEC HABEO, he doth there bestow; And what he meanes, doth with his finger show. Aboue him houer Angels, and his Eye, He fixing, on the glorious Heauens on high; (From whence a Ray into his brest descends) His other word NEC CAREO, thither sends: To intimate, that He can nothing need, Whom Angels guard, and God himselfe doth feed. By force, or flye Temptations, to preuaile Both Temporall, and Ghoftly Foes affaile, His naked person: but, without a wound, Their Darts are broake; or, backe on them rebound. So, with NEC CURO, Those he entertaines: And to expresse, how highly He disdaines, The best Contents, the World affoord him may; A Globe Terrestriall, He doth spurne away.



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To any body.



O recreate my felfe, after fome more ferious Studies, I tooke occasion to exercise my Inuention in the illustration of my *Motto*; which being thus finished, my friends made me beleeve it was

worth the preferuing; and grew so importunat for Coppies thereof, that I could not deny them. But doubting, lest by often transcribing, it might be much lamed through the Scribes insufficiency (as many things of this nature are) I thought fitting, rather to exemply se the same, by the Presse, then by the Penne. And to that end, deliuered it ouer to some Stationers, to have onely so many Copies, as I intended to bestow.

Yet confidering that other men (to whom I meant them not) might peraduenture, come

A 2 to

to the view of those Lines. I thought it not amisse, by way of Preuention, to remoue fuch Cauills as may be made against mee, by those vnto whom I am vnknowne. Not, that I care to give every idle Reader, an account of my Intentions: But, to shew the Ingenuous, that the Carelesnes expressed in this Motto, profeeds from an vndistempered Care, to make ali my Actions (as neere as I can) fuch, as may be decent, warrantable, and becomming an honest Man: And that those, who shall foolishly feeke (from thence) to picke aduantages against me: may know, I am too well aduised to write any thing, which they shall be iustly able to interpret, either to my hinderance, or disparagement.

Let me want esteeme among all good men, if I purposed (or haue any secret desire in me) that any part of this, should be applied to any particular man; but so as every one ought to apply things vnto his own Conscience; and he that beleeues me not, I feare is guilty. My intent was, to draw the true Picture of mine own heart; that my friends, who knew mee outwardly, might haue some representation of my inside also. And that, if they liked the forme

of it, they might (wherein they were defective) fashion their owne mindes thereunto. But, my principall Intention, was by recording those thoughts to confirme mine owne Resolution; and to preuent such alterations, as Time and infirmities, may worke vpon mee. And if there be no more reason inferred against me, to remove my opinion, then I am yet apprehensive of: I am considently perswaded, that neither Feare, nor Force shall compell me, to deny any thing which I have affirmed in this Poem. For, I had rather bee degraded from the greatest Title of Honour that could be given me; then constrained to deny this Motto.

Proud Arrogance (I know) and enough too; will be layd to my charge. But those who both know me, and the necessitie of this Resolution, will excuse me of it. The rest (if they mis-censure me) are part of those things, I care not for.

The Language is but indifferent; for, I affected Matter more then Words. The Method is none at all: for, I was loath to make a businesse, of a recreation. And we know, he that rides abroad for his pleasure, is not tyed so A 3 strictly

firically to keepe *High-waies*, as hee that takes a lourney.

If the intermixing of fleight and weighty things together, be offensue to any. Let them vnderstand, that if they well observe it, they shall finde a seriousnesse, even in that which they imagine least momentary. And if they had aswell observed the conditions of men, as I have done: they would perceive that the greatest number (like Children which are allured to Schoole with points and Aples) must be drawne on with some frivolous expressions, or else will never listen to the grave precepts of Virtue; which, when they once heare, doe many times beget a delight in them, before they be aware.

Many Dishes of meate which we affect not may be so Cookt, that we shall have a good appetit vnto them: So, many men who take no pleasure to seeke *Vertue* in grave Treatises of Morallitie, may (perhaps) finding her vnlookt for, masked vnder the habit of a light *Poem*, grow enamord on her beauty.

The foolish Canterbury Tale in my scourge of Vanity, (which I am now almost ashamed to read ouer) euen that, hath bin by some praysed for

for a witty passage: And I have heard divers, feriously protest, that they have much more feelingly bin informed, & moved to detest the Vanity of the humor there skoffed at, by that rude Tale, then they were by the most grave precepts of Phylosophy. And that makes me oftentimes affect some things, in regard of their vsefulnesse: which being considered according to the Method of Art, and rules of Schollership, would seeme ridiculous.

But I vse more words for my Apology then needes: If this will not give you satisfaction, I am forry I have said so much; and, if you know which way, satisfie your selves. For, how I am resolved (if you thinke it worth the taking notise of) the booke will tell you. Farewell.

GEO: WITHER.

A 4 Nec

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WITHER'S Motto.

Nec habeo, nec Careo, nec Curo.

Nor Haue I, nor Want I, nor Care I.

Ah! will they ftorme? why let the; who needs care? Or who dares frown on what the Muses dare, Who when they lift, can for a tempest call, Which thunder louder then their fury shall? And if men causelessy their power contemne, Will more then mortall vengeance sling on them?

With thine owne trembling spirit, thou didst view These free-borne lines; that doubtst what may ensue: For if thou seltst the temper of my soule, And knewst my heart, thou wouldst not seare controul.

Doe not I know, my honest thoughts are cleare From any private spleene, or malice here? Doe not I know that none will frowne at this, But such, as have apparant guiltinesse; Or such as must to shame and ruine runne, As some, once ayming at my fall have done?

And

And can I feare those Idle scar-crowes then?
Those bugg-beare perils, those meere shades of men?
At whose displeasure they for terror sweat,
Whose heart vpon the Worlds vaine loue is set?

No; when this *Motto* first, I mine did make, To me I tooke it, not for fashions sake:
But that it might expresse me as I am;
And keepe me mindefull to be still the same.
Which I resolue to be: For, could the eye
Of other men, within my breast espie
My Resolution, and the Cause thereof;
They durst not at this boldnesse make a skosse.

Shall I be fearefull of my selfe to speake; For doubt fome other may exceptions take? If this Age hold; ere long we shall goe neere Of eu'ry word of our, to stand in feare. And (fiue to one) if any should confesse Those sinnes in publike, which his soule oppresse: Some guilty fellow (moou'd thereat) would take it Vnto himselfe; and so, a libell make it. Nay; We shall hardly be allowd to pray Against a crying sinne; lest great men may Suspect, that by a figure we intend To point out Them: and how they doe offend. As I have hope to prosper; e're I'le fall To fuch a bondage, I'le aduenture all: And make the whole world madd, to heare how I Will fearelesse write and raile at Villanny. But oh! beware (gray-hayrd discretion sayes) The Dogg fights well that out of danger playes.

For

For now, these guilty Times so captious be That such, as loue in speaking to be free; May for their freedome, to their cost be shent, How harmelesse er'e they be, in their intent: And such as of their suture peace haue care, Vnto the *Times* a little seruile are.

Pish; tell not me of *Times*, or danger thus: To doe a villany is dangerous; But in an honest action, my heart knowes No more of feare, then dead-men doe of blowes. And to be slaue to Times, is worse to me Then to be that, which most men feare to be.

I tell thee Critike; what foeuer Thou,
Or any man, of me shall censure now:
They, who for ought here written doe accuse,
Or with a minde malicious, taxe my Muse;
Shall nor by day awake, nor sleepe by night,
With more contentment, in their glories height;
Then I will doe, though they should lay me where
I must in darkenes, bolts of Iron weare.
For, I am not so ignorant, but that
I partly know what things I may relate:
And what an honest man should still conceale,
I know as well, as what he may reueale.

If they be poore and base, that seare my straine: These poore base sellowes are assaid in vaine. I scorne to spurne a dogge, or strike a slye, Or with such Groomes to soile my Poesse. If great they were, and sallen; let them know, I doe abhor to touch a wounded soe.

If

If on the top of honour, yet they be;
Tis poore weake honour, if ought done by me
May blot, or shake the same: yea, whatsoere
Their Titles cost, or they would saine appeare,
They are ignoble, and beneath me farre;
If with these Measures they distempered are.
For, if they had true Greatnesse, they would know,
The spight of all the World, were farre below
The seat of Noblest Honor; and that He,
In whom true worth, and reall Vertues be,
So well is arm'd: as that he seares no wrong
From any Tyrants hand, or Villaines tongue.
Much lesse be startled at those Numbers would;
Where Vertue's praised, and proud Vice contrould,

Is any man the worse if I expresse
My Wants, my Riches, or my Carelesnesse?
Or can my honest thoughts, or my content,
Be turn'd to any mans disparagement,
If he be honest? Nay, those men will finde,
A pleasure, in this Picture of my Minde,
Who houor Vertue: and instead of blame,
Will (as they have done) love me for the same.

You are deceiv'd, if the Bohemian state
You thinke I touch; or the Palatinate:
Or that, this ought of Eighty-eight containes;
The Powder-plot, or any thing of Spaines:
That their Ambassador need question me,
Or bring me iustly for it on my knee.
The state of those Occurrences I know
Too well; my Raptures that way to bestow.

Nor

Nor neede you doubt, but any friend you haue, May play the foole, and if he lift the knaue, For ought here written: For it is not fuch As you suppose; nor what you feare so much.

If I had beene dispos'd to Satyrize,
Would I have tam'd my Numbers in this wise?
No; I have Furies that lye ty'de in chaines,
Bold (English-mastive-like) adventrous Straines:
Who searelesse dare, on any Monster slye,
That weares a body of Mortality.
And I had let them loose, if I had list,
To play againe, the sharpe-sangd Satyrist.

That therefore, you no more misstitle This, I say, it is my Motto; and it is.

I'le haue it so: For, if it please not me; It shall not be a Satyr, though it be.

What is't to you (or any man) if I,

This little Poem terme as foolishly,

As some men doe their children? Is it not,

Mine owne Minerua, of my braines begot?

For ought I know, I neuer did intrude,

To name your Whelps: and if you be so rude,

To meddle with my Kitling (though in sport)

Tis odds, but shee'l goe neere to scratch you for't

Play with your *Monkey* then, and let it lye: Or (if you be not angry) take it pray, And read it ouer.————

Who at these Numbers carpt; and We alone: Proceede we to the matter.——

Nec

Nec Habeo, nec Careo, nec Curo.

Some having seene, where I this Motto write Beneath my Picture; askt, what meaned it. And many in my absence, doe assay, What by these words, they best coniecture may: Some have supposed, that it doth expresse, An vnaduised, desperate Carelesnesse. Some others doe imagine, that I meant In little, to set foorth a great Content. Some, on each member of the Sentence dwell: And (first) will, what I have not, seeme to tell: What things I want not, they will next declare: And then they gesse, for what I doe not care. But that they might not from my meaning err, I'le now become my owne Interpreter.

Some things I have, which here I will not show; Some things I want, which you shall never know: And sometime I (perchance) doe Carefull grow; But we, with that, will nothing have to doe. If good occasion be thereof to speake; Another time, we may the pleasure take. That, which to treat of, I now purpose (therefor,) Is what I neither have, nor want, nor care for.

Nec

Nec Habeo.

And first; that no man else may censure me, For Vaunting what belongeth not to me: Heare what *I have not*; for, I'le not deny To make confession of my poverty.

I have not of my felfe, the powre, or grace, To be, or not to be; one minute-space. I have not strength another word to write; Or tell you what I purpose to indite: Or thinke out halfe a thought, before my death, But by the leave of him that gave me breath. I have no native goodnes in my foul; But I was ouer all, corrupt and foul: And till another cleans'd me, I had nought That was not stain'd within me: not a thought. I have no propper merrit; neither will, Or to resolue, or act, but what is ill. I have no meanes of fafety, or content. In ought which mine owne wisedome can inuent. Nor haue I reason to be desperate tho: Because for this, a remedy I know.

I have no portion in the world like this,
That I may breath that ayre, which common is:
Nor have I feene within this spacious Round;
What I have worth my Ioy or forrow found.
Except it hath for these that follow binn:
The Loue of my Redeemer, and my sinn.

I none

I none of those great Priuiledges haue,
Which make the Minions of the Time, so braue.
I haue no sumpteous Pallaces, or Bowers
That ouertop my neighbours, with their Towrs.
F haue no large Demeanes, or Princely Rents,
Like those Heroes; nor their discontents.
I haue no glories from mine Auncesters;
For want of reall worth to bragg of theirs.
Nor haue I basenes in my pedigree;
For it is noble, though obscure it be.

I have no gold those honours to obtaine, Which men might heretofore, by Vertue gaine, Nor have I witt, if wealth were given me; To thinke, bought Place or Title, honour'd me. I (yet) have no beliefe that they are wise, Who for base ends, can basely temporise: Or that it will at length be ill for me, That I liv'd poore, to keepe my Spirit free.

I have no Causes in our Pleading Courts.

Nor start I at our Chancery Reports.

No searefull Bill hath yet affrighted me,
No Motion, Order, Iudgement, or Decree.

Nor have I forced beene to tedious Iorneys,
Betwixt my Counsellors and my Attorneys.

I have no neede of those long-gowned warriers,
Who play at Westminster vnarm'd at Barriers:
Nor gamster for those Common-pleas am I,
Whose sport is marred, by the Chancery.

I have no iuggling hand, no double tongue; Nor any minde to take, or doe a wrong.

I haue

I have no shifts or cunning sleights, on which I feed my selfe, with hope of being rich.

Nor have I one of these, to make me poore;

Hounds, Humors, running Horses, Haukes, or Whore.

I have no pleasure in acquaintance, where The Rules of State, and Ceremony, are Observed so seriously; that I must daunce, And act o're all the Complements of France, And Spaine, and Italy; before I can Be taken, for a well-bred Englishman:
And every time we meet, be forc't agen, To put in action that most idle Sceane.
Mong these, much precious time (vnto my cost) And much true-hearty meaning have I lost. Which having found: I doe resolve therefore, To lose my Time, and Friendship, so no more.

I have no Complements; but what may show,
That I doe manners, and good breeding know.
For much I hate, the forced, Apish tricks,
Of those our home-disdaining Politicks:
Who to the Forraine guise are so affected,
That English Honesty is quite rejected:
And in the stead thereof; they surnish home,
With shaddowes of Humanity doe come.
Oh! how judicious in their owne esteeme,
And how compleatly, Trauelled they seeme;
If in the place of reall kindnesses,
(Which Nature could, have taught them to expresse)
They can with gestures, lookes, and language sweet,
Fawne like a Curtezan, on all they meet:

B And

And vie, in humble and kind speaches; when, They doe most proudly, and most falsely meane.

On this; too many falfely fet their face, Of Courtship and of wisedome: but tis base. For, feruile (vnto me) it doth appeare, When we descend, to sooth and flatter, where We want affection: yea, I hate it more, Then to be borne a flaue; or to be poore. I have no pleasure, or delight in ought, That by diffembling, must to passe be brought. If I dislike, I'le sooner tell them so, Then hide my fate, beneath a friendly show. For he, who to be iust, hath an intent, Needs nor diffemble, nor a lye inuent. I rather wish to faile with honestie, Then to preuaile in ought by treacherie. And with this minde, I'le fafer fleepe, then all Our Machavillian Polititians shall,

I have no Minde to flatter; though I might, Be made fome Lords companion; or a Knight. Nor shall my Verse for me on begging goe, Though I might starue, vnlesse it did doe so.

I have no Muses that will serve the turne,
At every Triumph; and reioyce or mourne,
Vpon a minutes warning for their hire;
If with old Sherry they themselves inspire.
I am not of a temper, like to those
That can provide an houres sad talke in Prose,
For any Funerall; and then goe Dine,
And choke my griese, with Sugar-plums and Wine.

I can-

I cannot at the *Claret* fit and laugh, And then halfe tipfie, write an Epitaph; Or howle an Epicadium for each Groome, That is, by Fraud, or Nigardize, become A welthy Alderman: Nor, for each Gull, That hath acquir'd, the stile of Worshipfull. I cannot for reward adorne the Hearfe, Of some old rotten Miser, with my Verse: Nor like the *Poetasters* of the Time; Goe howle a dolefull Elegie in Ryme, For every Lord or Ladiship that dyes: And then perplex their Heires, to Patronize That muddy Poefie. Oh! how I scorne, Those Raptures, which are free, and nobly borne, Should Fidler-like, for entertainment fcrape At strangers windowes: and goe play the Ape, In counterfeiting Passion, when ther's none. Or in good earnest, foolishly bemoane (In hope of curfed bounty) their iust death; Who, (liuing) merrit not, a minutes breath To keepe their *Fame* aliue, vnles to blow, Some Trumpet which their blacke difgrace may show.

I cannot (for my life) my Pen compell, Vpon the praise of any man to dwell: Vnlesse I know, (or thinke at least) his worth, To be the same, which I haue blazed forth. Had I, some honest Suit; the gaine of which, Would make me noble, eminent, and rich: And that to compasse it, no meanes there were Vnlesse I basely slatter'd some great Peere;

B 2

Would

Would with that Suite, my ruine I might get: If on those termes I would endeauour it.

I have not bin to their condition borne,
Who are enclyned to respect, and scorne;
As men in their estates, doe rise or fall:
Or rich, or poore, I Vertue love in all.
And where I find it not, I doe dispise
To fawn on them; how high so-e're they rise.
For, where proud Greatnesse without worth I see:
Old Mordecay had not a stiffer knee.

I cannot giue a Plaudit (I protest)
When as his Lordship thinks, he breakes a Ieast:
Vnles it moue me; neither can I grin,
When he a causeles laughter doth begin.
I cannot sweare him, truely honourable;
Because he once received me to his table:
And talk't, as if the Muses glad might be,
That he vouchsafed such a grace to me.
His slender worth, I could not blazon so,
By strange Hyperboles, as some would do.
Or wonder at it, as if none had bin
His equall, since King William sirst came in.
Nor can I thinke true Vertue euer car'd
To giue or take, (for praise) what I haue heard.

For, if we peyze them well; what goodly grace, Haue outward Beauties, Riches, Titles, Place, Or fuch; that we, the owners should commend, When no true vertues, doe on these attend? If beautifull he be, what honor's that? As fayre as he, is many a Beggers brat.

If

If we, his noble Titles would extoll;
Those Titles, he may 'haue and be a fool.
If Seats of Iustice he hath climb'd (we say)
So Tyrants, and corrupt oppressors may.
If for a large estate his praise we tell:
A thousand Villaines, may be prais'd as well.
If he, his Princes good esteeme be in;
Why, so hath many a bloudy Traytor bin.
And if in these things he alone excell,
Let those that list, upon his praises dwell.
Some other worth I find, e're I haue sense
Of any praise-deseruing excellence.

I have no friends, that once affected were,
But to my heart, they fit this day as neare,
As when I most endeard them (though they seeme,
To fall from my opinion or esteeme:)
For pretious Time, in idle would be spent;
If I with All, should alwayes complement.
And till, my loue I may to purpose show;
I care not wher' they thinke I loue or no.
For sure I am, if any find me chang'd;
Their greatnes, not their meannesse me estrang'd.

I have not priz'd mens loues, the lesse or more, Because I saw them, either rich, or poore; But as their loue, and Vertues did appeare, I such esteem'd them, whosoe're they were.

I have no trust, or confidence in friends, That seek to know me, meerely for their ends, Nor have I ever said, I loved, yet; Where I expected more then Love for it,

B 3

And

And let me faile of that where most I lou'd, If that with greater ioy I be not mou'd By twenty-sold, when I my kindenes show, Then when their fauours they on me bestow.

I have not that vile mind; nor shall my brest For ever, with such basenes be possest; As in my anger (be it ne're so inst)

To vtter ought committed to my trust In time of friendship: though constrained so, That want of telling it, should me vndo.

For, whosoe're hath trust repos'd in me; Shall ever find me true, though salse he be.

I have no loue to Country, Prince or Friend;
That can be more, or lesse, or have an end.
For whatsoever state they rais'd me to;
I would not loue them, better then I do.
Nor cann I hate them; though on me they should Heape all the scorne, and iniviry they could.

I have no doting humor, to affect
Where love I finde rewarded with neglect,
I never was with melancholy fit
Oppressed in such stupid manner, yet,
As that vngently to my friends I spake;
Or heed to their contentment, did not take:
Nor have I selt my Anger so instam'd
But that with gentle speach it might be tam'd.

I have no private cause of discontent; Nor grudge against the publike government. I have no spight, or enuy in my brest, Nor doth anothers peace disturbe my rest.

I haue

I have not (yet) that dunghill humour, which Some Great-men haue; who, so they may be rich, Thinke all gaine sweet, and nought ashamed are, In vile, and rascall Suites to have a share. For I their basenes scorne: and euer loth'd By wronging others, to be fed or cloth'd. Much more, to have my pride, or lust maintain'd, With what, by soule oppression hath bene gain'd.

I have not bene enamor'd on the Fate Of men, to great advancements fortunate. I neuer yet a Fauorite did see So happy, that I wished to be hee: Nor would I, whatfoe're of me became; Be any other man, but who I am. For, though I am affur'd the deftiny Of millions tendeth to felicity: Yet, those deare secret comforts, which I finde. Vnseene, within the closet of my minde: Giue more assurance of true happines, Then any outward glories can expresse. And 'tis fo hard, (what shewes soe're there be) The inward plight of other men to fee: That my estate, with none exchange I dare, Although my Fortunes more dispised were.

I have not hitherto divulged ought,
Wherein my wordes dissented from my thought.
Nor would I faile; if I might able be,
To make my manners, and my words agree.
I have not bene ashamed to confesse
My lowest Fortunes, or the kindnesses.

Of

Of poorest men: Nor haue I proud beene made, By any fauour from a great Man, had

I have not plac't so much of my Content, Vpon the goods of Fortune, to lament The losse of them; more then may seemely be, To grieve for things, which are no part of me. For, I have knowne the worst of being poore; Yea loft, when I to lofe haue had no more. And though, the Coward World more quakes for feare Of Pouerty, then any plagues that are: Yet. He that mindes his End, observes his Ward, The Meanes perfues, and keepes a heart prepar'd: Dares, Scorne, and Pouerty as boldly meete; As others gladly, Fame, and Riches greet. For those, who on the stage of this proud World, Into the pawes of Want and Scorne are hurld: Are in the *Master-prise*, that trieth men; And Vertue fighteth her brau'st Combat, then.

I no Antipathy (as yet) have had,
Twixt me, and any Creature, God hath made:
For if they doe not scratch, nor bite, nor sting,
Snakes, Serpents, Todes, or Catts, or any thing
I can endure to touch, or looke vpon:
(So cannot eu'ry one whom I haue knowne.)

I have no Nation on the earth abhord, But with a *Iewe*, or *Spaniard* can accord, As well, as with my Brother; if I finde He beares a Vertuous, and Heroicke minde.

Yet (I confesse) of all men, I most hate Such, as their manners doe adulterate.

Those

Those Linfy-woolsie people, who are neither French, English, Scotsh, nor Dutch: but altogether Those, I affect not; rather wish I could, That they were fish, or flesh, or hott, or cold: But none among all them, worse brooke I, then Our meere Hispaniolized English men. And if we scape their Trecheries at home, I'le seare no mischieses, whereso e're I come.

I have not fear'd who my Religion knowes:

Nor euer for preferment, made I showes

Of what I was not. For, although I may

Through want, be forc't, to put on worse array,

Vpon my Body; I will euer finde,

Meanes to maintaine, a habit for my Minde,

Of Truth in graine: and weare it, in the sight

Of all the world; in all the worlds despight.

I, their prefumption, have not, who dare blame, A fault in others; and correct the fame
With grieuous punishments: yet guilty be,
Of those offences in more high degree.
For, oh! how bold, and impudent a face,
(And what vnmoued hearts of Flint and Brasse)
Haue those corrupted Magistrates, who dare,
Vpon the seat of Iudgment sit; and there
Without an inward horror preach abroad,
The guilt of Sinne, and heauy wrath of God;
(Against offenders pleading at their Barr)
Yet know, what plots, within their bosomes are?
Who; when (enthron'd for Iustice) they behold,
A reuerend Magistrate, both graue, and old:

And

And heare how sternly, he doth aggrauate
Each little cryme, offenders perpetrate:
How much the fact he seemeth to abhorr;
How he, a suft correction labours for;
How he admires, and wonders that among
A people, where the Faith hath florisht long,
Such wickednes should raigne which (he hath heard)
The Heathen to commit, haue bin affeard.

Who, that observes all this; would thinke that He Did but an houre before, receive a fee, Some Innocent (by lawe) to murther there? Or else, from Children fatherles to teare Their iust Inheritance? and that when this Were done (as if that nought had beene amisse) He could goe sleepe vpon a deed so foule; And neither thinke on mans, or Gods controule? I have not a stupidity so madd,

And this prefumption, I would no man hadd.

I have no question made, but some there are, Who, when of this my Motto they shall heare; Will have a better stomack, to procure That I may check, or punishment endure, Then their owne euill manners to amend: For that's a worke, they cannot yet intend. And though, they many view (before their face) Fal'ne, and each minute falling to disgrace; (For lesse offences farr then they commit) Without remorse, and penitence they sit. As if that They, (and they alone) had binne, Without the compasse of reproofe of sinne.

I haue

I have no great opinion of their witt,

Nor euer faw their actions prosper, yet,

Who wedded to their owne deuises be;

And will nor counsell heare, nor danger see,

That is foretold them by their truest friends:

But rather, list to them, who for their ends

Doe sooth their fancies. And the best excuse,

That such men can, to hide their folly vse;

(When all their idle proiects come to nought)

Are these words of the soole. I had not thought.

I have not their delight, who pleasure take At Natures impersections skoffs to make. Nor have I bitternes against that sinne Which thorow weakenes hath committed binn, (For I my selse, am to offences prone; And every day commit I many a one) But at their hatefull crymes I onely glance That sinne of pleasure, pride, and arrogance.

I have not so much knowledge as to call The Arts in question; neither wit so small To wast my spirits, those things to attaine; Which all the world hath labour'd for in vaine. I have not so much beauty, to attract The eyes of Ladies: neither haue I lackt Of that proportion which doth well suffize To make me gratious, in good peoples eyes.

I have not done, so many a holy deed; As that of IESVS CHRIST, I have no need. And my good-works I hope are not so sew; But that in me a living Faith they shew.

I haue

I have not found ability so much,
To carry Milstones; yea, and were it such,
I should not greatly vaunt it: for, in this,
A scuruey pack horse farr my better is.
I loue his manly strength, that can resist
His owne desires: force passage when he list
Through all his strong affections, and subdue,
The stout attempts of that rebellious crewe.
This, were a brauer strength then Sampson got:
And this, I couet, but I have it not.

I have not so much heedlesnes of things, Which appertaine vnto the Courts of Kings; But that from my low station, I can see A Princes loue may oft abused be. For many men their countrie iniure dare At home; where, all our eyes vpon them are. And (of the worlds Protector) I implore, The trust abroad, be not abused more.

I have no Brother, but of younger age, Nor have I Birth-right without heritage: And with that land, let me inherit shame; Vnlesse I grieue when I possesse the same.

The value of a penny haue I not,
That was by bribery, or extortion got.
I haue no Lands that from the Church were pild,
To bring (hereafter) ruine to my childe.
And hetherto, I thinke, I haue beene free
From Widdowes, or from Orphans curfing me.

The Spleene, the Collicke, or the Lethargy Gouts, Palfies, Dropfies, or a Lunacy.

I (by

I (by inheritance) have none of these:
Nor raigning sinne; nor any soule disease.
I have no debts, but such as (when I can)
I meane to pay; nor is there any man,
(To whom I stand ingag'd by ought I borrow)
Shall losse suffaine, though I should die to morrow.
And if they should (so much my friends they be)
Their greatest losse the'le thinke the losse of me.
And well they know, I tooke not what they lent,
To wrong their loues, or to be idly spent.

Except the *Deuill*, and that curfed brood, Which haue dependance on his Deuil-hood I know no foes I haue; for, if there be, In none, more malice, then I finde in me: The earth, that man (at this time) doth not beare Who would not, if fome iust occasions were; (Eu'n in his height of spleene,) my life to saue, Aduenture with one foot, into his graue.

To make me carefull; Children I have none; Nor have, I any Wife to get them on; Nor have I, (yet to keepe her, had I one; Nor can this spoile my Marr'age being knowne. Since I am sure, I was not borne for her, That shall before my worth, her wealth prefer: For, I doe set my Vertues, at a rate As high as any prise their Riches at. And if All count, the venture too much cost, In keeping it my selfe there's nothing lost. For, she I wedd, shall somewhat thinke in me More worthy Loue, then great reuenues be.

And if I find not one, of fuch a mind, (As fuch indeed, are Iewels rare to find) Ile clasped in mine owne embraces lye: And neuer touch a woman till I dye,

For, shall a Fellow, whom (the Vsurer) His father, by extortion did prefer Vnto an heritage in value cleare, Aboue foure times a thousand pounds a yeare So worthy, or fo confident become? (By meanes of that his goodly annual fumme, Which may be loft to morrow) as to dare Attempt a Nymph of Honor for his pheare? Shall he, that hath with those foure thousand pounds A gaming vaine; a deepe-mouth'd cry of Hounds, Three cast of Hawkes, of Whores as many brace, Six hunting Naggs, and five more for the race: (Perhaps a numerous brood of fighting-Cocks) Phisitians, Barbers, Surgeans for the Pox; And twenty other humors to maintaine; (Beside the yeerely charges of his traine) With this reuenue? Most of which, or all To morgage must be set; perhaps to sale To pay his creditors, and yet all faile To keepe his crasse body from the Iaile? Shall this dull Foole, with his vncertaine store (And in all honesty and Vertues poore) Hope for a Mistresse, noble, rich, and saire? And is it likely, that I can dispaire To be as happy, if I feeke it would? Who fuch a matchlesse fortune haue in hold;

That

That though the World my ruine plot and threat, I can in spight of it be rich, and great?

A filly Girle, no fooner vnderstands,
That shee is left in Portion, or in Lands;
So large a fortune, that it doth excell
The greatest part, who neare about her dwell:
But straight begins to rate, and prize her selfe
According to the value of her pelse.
And though to Gentry, nor good breeding born;
Can all, that haue estates beneath her, scorn.

This witt a Woman hath; and shall not I,
Who know I have a Wealth, which none can buy
For all the world; expect a nobler phere
Then sutes vnto a hundred pounds a yeere?
Shall love of Truth, and Vertue make of me
A match no better worthy, then is He
Who knowes not what they meane, and doth possesses
In outward fortunes neither more nor lesse?

Haue I oft heard so many fayre ones plaine
How fruitles Titles are? how poore and vaine
They sound rich greatnes, where they did not find,
True Loue, and the endowments of the mind?
Haue fayrest Ladies often sworne to me
That if they might, but onely, Mistresse be
Of true affection; they would prize it more
Then all those glories, which the most adore?
Haue I observed how hard it is to find
A constant heart? a just and honest mind?
How sew good natures in the world there are,
How scanty true affection is? how rare?

And shall I passe as true a Heart away,
As hath conceiu'd an honest thought to day:
As if in value to no more it came,
Then would endear me to a vulgar Dame
On equall termes? or else vndoe me with
Some old rich Croan, that hath outliu'd her teeth?
I'le rather breake it with proud scorne; that dead,
The wormes may rishe for my Mayden-head.

I have no love to beauties, which are gone Much like a Rose in Iune, assoone as blowne. Those painted Cabinets and nought within, Have little power my respect to win.

Nor have I, yet, that stupid love to pelse. As for the hope thereof, to yoke my selse With any semale; betwixt whom, and me, There could not in the soule, a marriage be. For whosever ioyne without that care; Fooles, and accursed in their matches are: And so are you, that either heare or view What I averr; vnlesse you thinke it true.

I have no meaning, whenfoere I wed,
That my companion, shall become my head.
Nor would I (if I meant to keepe my right)
So much as say so, though that win her might,
Not though a Duchesse: for, the meanes Ile vse
To keepe my worth, though my reward I loose.
Yea, from a prison had she raised me,
Lord of her fortunes, and her Selfe to be:
I that respect, would still exspect to have,
Which might become her Husband; not her slave.

And should I spouse a Begger; I would shew, What loue, and honor, to a wife were due. I have not, yet, of any skorned binn; Whose good opinion, I have sought to winn. Nor have I (when I meane to woe) a feare, That any man, shall make me, willow weare.

I have not eyes fo excellent, to fee
Things (as fome men can do) before they be.
Nor purblinde fight; which crymes farre off can mark:
Yet feeme, to faults, which are more neare me, dark.
I have not eares for every tale that's told:
Nor memory, things frivelous to hold.
I have not their credulity that dare,
Giue credit vnto all reports they heare.
Nor have I fubiect to their dulnes beene,
Who can beleeve no more then they have feene.

I have no feeling of those wrongs that be By base vnworthy fellowes, offerd me: For, my contentment; and my glory, lyes Aboue the pitch, their spight, or malice slyes.

I have not neede enough, as yet, to serue;
Nor impudence to craue, till I deserue.
I have no hope, the worlds esteeme to get:
Nor could a foole, or knaue, e're brooke me yet.
I have not villany enough, to prey
Vpon the weake: or friendship to betray.
Nor have I so much love to life, that I
Would seeke to save it by dishonesty;

I have not Cowardise enough to seare, In honest actions; though my death be there:

Nor

Nor heart, to perpetrate a wilfull finne: Though I with fafety, large renowne might winne; And for omitting it, were fure to dye, Ne'r to be thought on, but with infamy.

I have not their base cruelty, who can
Infult, vpon an ouer-grieued man:
Or tread on him, that at my seet doth bow.
For, I protest, no villany I know
That could be done me; but if I perceiu'd
(Or thought) the doer, without faigning grieu'd:
I truely could forgiue him; as if hee
Had neuer in a thought abused mee.
And if my loue to mercy, I belye
Let God deny me mercy when I dye.

I have not that vnhappinesse, to be A Rich mans Sonne; For he had trained me, In some vaine path; and I had neuer sought, That knowledge which my pouerty hath taught?

I have no inclination to respect
Each vulgar complement, nor neglect
An honest shew of friendship: For, I sweare,
I rather wish, that I deceived were;
Then of so base a disposition be,
As to distrust, till cause were given me.

I have no Constitution, to accord
To ought dishonest, sooner for a Lord,
Then for his meanest Groome; and hopes there be
It neuer will be otherwise with me.

I have no pollicies to make me feeme A man well worthy of the worlds esteeme.

Nor

Nor haue I hope, I shall hereafter grow, To any more regard, for saying so;

I have no doubt, though here a flighted thing; But I am fauorite, to Heau'ns great King. Nor haue I feare but all thats good in me; Shall in my Life, or Death, rewarded be.

But yet, I have not that attain'd, for which Those who account this nothing, thinke me rich: Nor that, which they doe reckon worth esteeme; To whom the riches of the minde, doe seeme A scornefull pouerty. But let that go, Men cannot prize the Pearles they doe not know. Nor have I power to teach them: for if I, Should here consume my gift of Poesie: (And wholy wast my spirits, to expresse What rich contents, a poore estate may blesse) It were impossible, to moue the sense Of those brave things, in their intelligence.

I have not found, on what I may relie; Vnlesse it carry some Divinitie
To make me consident: for, all the glory,
And all hopes saile; in things meere transitory.

What man is there among vs, doth not knowe,
A thousand men, this night to bed will goe,
Of many a hundred goodly things possess;
That shall have nought to morrow but a Chest,
And one poore Sheet to lie in? What I may,
Next morning have, I know not; But to day,
A Friend, Meat, Drinke, and fitting Clothes to weare;
Some Bookes and Papers, which my Iewels are;

C 2 A

A Servant and a Horse: all this I have, And when I dye, one promist me a Grave. A Grave; that quiet closet of Content: And I have built my selfe a Monument. But (as I live) excepting onely this; (Which of my wealth the Inventory, is) I have so little; I my oath might save: If I should take it, that I, nothing have.

Nec Careo.

All yet, what Want I? or who knoweth how, I may be richer made then I am now? Or what great Peere, or wealthy Alderman, Bequeath, his fonne, so great a Fortune can? I nothing want that needfull is to haue; Sought I no more, then Nature bids me craue. For; as we see, the smallest Vials, may As full as greatest Glasses be; though they Much lesse containe: So, my small portion gives That full content to me; in which he lives, Who most possesses in which he lives, I might fill others, but my selfe, no more.

I want not Temperance, to rest content With what the prouidence of God, hath lent; Nor want I a sufficiency, to know; Which way to vse it, if he more bestow. For, as when me, one horse would easier beare, To ride on two at once, it madnes were:

And, as when one fmal Bowle might quench my thi To lift a Veffell, that my backe might burst Were wondrous folly: So absurd a thing, It were in me; should I neglect a Spring, (Whose plenty may a Countries want supply) To dwell by some small *Poole* that would be dry. If therefore, ought doe happen in the way; Which on a iust occasion seeke I may: I want not resolution, to make tryall; Nor want I patience, if I have deniall.

Men aske me what Preferment I have gain'd; What riches, by my Studies are attain'd: And those that fed, and fatned are with draffe For their destruction: please themselves to laugh At my low Fate; As if I nought had got (For my enriching) cause they saw it not. Alas! that Mole-ey'd iffue, cannot fee, What Patrimonies, are bestow'd on mee. There is a brauer wealthines, then what; They, (by aboundance) have arrived at. Had I their wealth I should not sleepe the more Securely for it; and, were I as poore In outward fortunes, as men Shipwrackt are; I should, (of pouerty) have no more feare, Then if I had the Riches and the powers; Of all the Easterne Kings, and Emperors. For, graffe though trod into the earth may grow; And higest Cedars, have an overthrow. Yea, I haue feene, as many begger'd by Their fathers wealth; and much prosperity;

C 3

As

As haue by want mif-done. And for each one, Whom by his riches, I aduanc't haue knowne; I three could reckon, who through being poore, Haue raifd their Fortunes, and their friends the more.

To what contents, doe men most wealthy mount, Which I inioy not; if their Cares we count: My cloathing keepes me full as warme as their, My Meates vnto my taste, as pleasing are. I feed enough my hunger to fuffice: I fleep, till I my felfe, am pleafd to rife. My Dreames as fweet, and full of quiet be: My waking cares, as feldome trouble me. I have as oftentimes, a Sunny day: And fport, and laugh, and fing, as well as they. I breath as wholfome, and as fweet an Ayre; As louing as my Mistresse, and as faire. My body is as healthy; and I finde, As little cause of sicknesse, in my minde. I am as wife, I thinke, as fome of those; And oft my felse as foolishly dispose: For, of the wifest, I am none (as yet)-And I have nigh, as little haire, as wit: Of neither, haue I ought to let to farme, Nor so much want I, as may keepe me warme.

I finde my Liuer found, my Ioynts well knit: Youth, and good Diet, are my Doctors yet.

Nor on Potatoes, or Eringoes feed I;

No Meates restorative, to raise me, need I:

Nor Amber-greece, with other things consected,

To take away the stinke, of Lungs insected,

I neu'r

I neu'r in need of *Pothicary* flood, Or any Surgeons hand to let me blood: For fince the Rod, my Tutor hurled by, I haue not medled with *Phlebotomy*.

As good as other mens, my fenses be; Each limbe I haue, as able is in me. And whether I, as louely be, or no: Tis ten to one, but some doe thinke me so.

The wealthieft men, no benefits possessed. But I have such; or better, in their place. As they my low condition, can contemne; So, I know how to sling a scorne at them. My Fame, is yet as faire, and slies as sarre, As some mens, that with Titles laden are. Yea, by my selfe much more I have attain'd, Then many, have with helpe of others gain'd. And my esteeme, I will not change for their, Whose Fortunes are ten thousand more a yeare. Nor want I so much grace, as to confesse; That God is Author of this happinesse.

I want not so much iudgement, as to see There must twixt men and men, a difference be, And I, of those in place, account doe make, (Though they be wicked) for good orders sake. But I could stoope to serue them at their seete, Where old Nobility, and Vertue meet.

To finde mine owne defects, I want not fense: Nor want I will to grieue, for my offence.

To see my Friend missoe, I want not eyes;

Nor Loue, to couer his infirmities.

C 4

I want not Spirit, if I once but know
The way be iust, and noble that I goe.
My mind's as great as theirs that greatest are;
Yet, I can make it fit the clothes I weare.
And whether I ascend, or lower fall:
I want not hope, but I preserue it shall.

I want no slanders; neither want I braine,
To scorne the Rascall rumors, of the vaine
And giddy multitude, And (trust me) they
So farr vnable are to talke away
My resolution; that no more it seares
The worst their ignorance, or malice dares:
Then doth the Moone, when doggs and birds of night,
Doe barking stand, or whooting at her light.
And if this mischiese, no way shun I could,
But that they praise me, or dispraise me would:
I rather wish, their tongues should blast my name;
Then be beholding to them for my same.

I want nor witt, nor honesty enough
To keepe my hand, from such base Rascall stuffe,
As of a Libell: For, although I shall
Sometime let flye, at Vice in generall;
I feare particulers; Nor shall a Knaue
In my Lines liue, so much as shame to haue.
But in his owne corruption, dye, and rott;
That all his memory may be forgott.

I want not so much Knowledge, as to know, True Wisedome, lies not in a glorious show Of humane Learning; or in being able To cite Authorities innumerable.

Nor

Nor in a new inuention. But that man,
Who make good vse of eu'ry creature can:
And from all things, that happen well, or ill,
Contentment drawes; (and keepes a Conscience still,
To witnesse his endeauors to be good,)
That man is wises; though he vnderstood
The language of no countrey but his owne,
Nor euer had the vse of Letters knowne.

To make faire shewes, of *Honesty* and *Arts*; Of *Knowledge* and *Religion*; are the parts
This Age doth striue to play: but few there are,
Who truly are the same they doe appeare.
And this is that, which daily makes vs see
So many, whom we honest thought to be,
And Wise, and learned, (while some *Sceanes* doe last)
Proue Fooles, and Knaues, before their Atl be past.

I want not sense, of those Mens miseries;
Who lul'd asleepe in their prosperities
Must shortly fall; and with a heavy eye
Behold their pompe, and pleasures vanish by:
And how that Mistresse they so doted on
(Their proud Vaine-glory) will with scorne be gon.
I feele me thinkes with what a drooping heart,
They, and their ydle hopes, begin to part:
And with what mighty burthens of vnrest
Their poore distemperd soules, will be opprest.
How much they will repent I doe forese;
How much confused, and asham'd they'l be,
And as I praise their doome; eu'n so I pray,
Their shame, and forrow, worke their comfort may.

I want

I want not much experiment, to show
That all is good God pleaseth to bestow;
(What shape soeuer he doth maske it in)
For all my former cares, my ioyes haue bin:
And I haue trust, that all my woes to come,
Will bring my Soule, eternall comforts home.

I doe not finde, within me, other feares; Then what to men, of all degrees appeares. I have a conscience that is cleane within; For, (though I guilty am of many a sinne) A kinde redeemer, I have found, and he His Righteousnes imputeth vnto me.

The Greatest, haue no Greatnes, more then I, In bearing out a Want, or Mifery. I can aswell, to passion set a bound: I brooke aswell the smarting of a wound. Aswell endure I, to be hunger-bit; Aswell can wrestle, with an ague-fit. My eyes can wake as long as their I'me fure; And as much cold, or heat I can endure. Yea, let my dearest friends excused be. From heaping fcorne, or iniuries on me; (Come all the world) and I my heart can make, To brooke as much, before it shrinke, or breake As theirs, that doe the noblest Titles were; And flight as much their frown that might'st are, For, if in me at any time appeare, A bashfulnes (which some mistitle, feare) It is in doubt, least I through folly may Some things vnfitting me; or doe, or fay:

But

But not that I am fearefull to be shent; For dread of Men, or feare of punishment.

And yet, no faults I want; nor want in me, Affections which in other men there be.

Afmuch I hate an inciuility;

Afmuch am taken with a Courtesse;

Afmuch abhorr I, brutish Vanities;

Afmuch allow I, Christian Liberties;

Affoone an iniury, I can perceiue;

And with as free a heart, I can forgiue.

My hand, in Anger, I as well can stay;

And I dare strike as stout a man as they;

And when I know, that I amisse haue done;

I am as much asham'd as any one.

If my afflictions, more then others be:
I have more comforts, to keepe heart in me.
I have a Faith will carry me on high:
Vntill it lift me to Eternity.
I have a Hope, that neither want, nor spight,
Nor grim Adversity, shall stop this slight:
But that vndaunted, I my course shall hold,
Though twenty thousand Deuils crosse me should.

Yet (I confesse) in this my Pilgrimage, I like some Infant am, of tender age. For, as the Childe, who from his Father hath Strai'd in some Groue, through many a crooked path: Is sometime hopefull, that he findes the way; And sometime doubtfull, he runs more astray. Sometime, with saire, and easie paths, doth meet; Sometime with rougher tracts, that stay his seet.

Here

Here runnes, there goes, and you amazed stayes; Now cries, and straight forgets his care, and playes. Then hearing where his louing Father calls, Makes haste; but through a zeale il-guided, falls; Or runnes fome other way: Vntill that He, (Whose loue is more, then his endeauors be) To seeke this Wanderer foorth, himselfe doth come, And take him, in his armes, and beare him home.

So, in this Life, this Groue of ignorance; As to my homeward, I my felfe aduance; Sometime aright, and fometime wrong I goe; Sometime, my pace is speedy, sometime slow; Sometime I stagger, and sometime I fall: Sometime I fing, fometime for helpe I call. One while, my wayes are pleafant vnto me; Another while, as full of Cares they be: Now, I have Courage, and doe nothing feare, Anon, my Spirits halfe deiected are. I doubt, and hope, and doubt, and hope againe; And many a change of Passions I sustaine, In this my Iourney: So, that now and then, I lost may seeme (perhaps) to other men. Yea, to my felfe a while, when finnes impure, Doe my Redeemers loue, from me obscure. But (whatsoe're betide) I know full well, My Father (who aboue the Cloudes doe dwell) An eye vpon his wandring Childe dorh cast: And He, will fetch me, to my home at last. For, of Gods loue, a Witnesse want not I; And whom He loues, He loues eternally.

I haue

I have within my breaft, a little Heart, Which feemes to be composed, of a part, Of all my Friends: For, (truely) whensoe're They suffer any thing, I seele it there. And they no sooner a Complaint doe make, But presently, it falls to pant, and ake.

I have a Loue, that is as ftrong as Fate, And fuch, as cannot be impayr'd by Hate. And (whatfoeuer the fuccesse may prove) I want not yet, the comforts of my Loue.

These, are the *Iewels* that doe make me rich; These, while I doe possesse, I want not much: And I so happy am, that still I beare, These Riches with me: and so safe they are, That Pyrats, Robbers, no deuice of man, Or Tyrants powre, depriue me of them can. And were I naked, forced to exile; More Treasure, I should carry from this Ile; Then should be sold; though for it I might gaine, The wealth of all America and Spaine.

For, this makes sweet my life; and when I dye, Will bring the sleepe of Death on quietly. Yea, such as greatest pompe, in life time haue; Shall sinde no warmer lodging, in their Graue.

Befides; I want not many thinges they need, Who Me in outward Fortunes doe exceed.

I want no Guard, or Coate of Musket proofe; My Innocence, is guardian strong enough.

I want no Title; for, to be the Sonne,
Of the Almighty; is a glorious one:

I want

I want no Followers: for, through Faith I fee A troup of Angels, still attending me.

Through want of Friendship, need I not repine. For God, and Goodmen, are still friends of mine. And when I iourney to the *North*, the Eaft, The pleasant South, or to the fertile West; I cannot want, for profferd Courtesies, As farre as our *Great-Britaines* Empire lies. In euery Shire, and Corner of the Land, To welcome me, doe Houses open stand, Of best esteeme: And Strangers to my face, Haue thought me worth the Feafting, & more grace Then I will boaft of: left you may suspect, That I those glories (which I scorne) affect. Of my acquaintance were a thousand glad, And fought it, though nor wealth, nor Place I had, For their aduantage, And, if some more high, (Who on the multitudes of friends relye) Had but a Fortune equall vnto me, Their troupe of Followers would as flender be: And those mong whom, they now esteeme haue won, Would scarfely thinke them, worth the looking on.

I want no Office; for (though none be voyde) A Chiftian findes, he may be still employd.

I want no Pleasures, for I pleasures make,
What euer God is pleased, I vndertake.
Companions want I not, For know, that I,
Am one, of that renown'd Societie:
Which by the Name wee carry, first was knowne,
At Antioch, so many yeares agone.

And greatest Kings, themselues have happy thought That to this noble *Order*, they were brought.

I want not Armes, to fit me for the Field;
My Prayers, are my Sword; my Faith, my Shield;
By which, (how ere you prize them) I haue got,
Vnwounded, thorow twenty thousand Shot.
And with these Armes, I Heauen thinke to skale,
Though Hell the Ditch were, and more high the Wall.

A thousand other Priuiledges more, I doe possesses; in which the world is poore. Yea, I so long could reckon, you would grant, That though I nothing haue; I nothing want.

And did the *King*, but know how rich I were; I durft to pawne my Fortunes, he would fweare, That were he not the *King*; I had beene *Hee*. Whom he (of all men) would haue wisht to be.

Nec Curo.

Then, to vouchfase me yet more sauour here; He that supplies my Want, hath tooke my Care. And when to barre me ought, he sees it sit, He doth insuse a Minde to sleight at it.

Why, if He all thinges needfull doth beftow, Should I for what I have not, carefull grow? Low place I keepe; yet to a *Greatneffe* borne, Which doth the Worlds affected Greatneffe fcorne: I doe distaine her glories and contemne, Those muddy spirits that delight in them.

I care

I care for no mans Countenance, or grace,
Vnlesse hee be as good, as great in place.
For no mans spight, or enuy doe I care;
For none haue spight at me, that honest are.
I care not for that baser wealth, in which
Vice may become, aswell as Vertue rich.
I care not for their friendship, who haue spent,
Loues best expressions, in meere Complement:
Nor for those Fauors (though a Queenes they were)
In which I thought another had a share.

I care not for their Prayse, who doe not show, That in their liues which they in wordes allow. A rush I care not who condemneth me; That sees not what, my Soules intentions bee. I care not though to all men knowne it were, Both whom I loue or hate; For none I seare. I care not though some Courtiers still preferre, The Parasite, and smooth tongu'd Flatterer, Before my bold truth-speaking Lines, And here, If these should anger them, I doe not care.

I care not for that goodly Precious Stone; Which Chymists have so fondly doted on. Nor would I give a rotten Chip, that I Were of the Rosy-Crosse, Fraternity: For, I the world too well have vnderstood, As to be gull'd with such a Brother-hood.

I care for no more knowledge, then to know: What I to God, and to my Neighbour owe. For outward Beauties I doe nothing care, So I within, may faire to God appeare:

No

No other liberty *I care* to winne, But to be wholly free-ed from my finne. Nor more Abilitie (whilft I haue breath) Then strength to beare my Crosses to my death. Nor can the Earth affoord a happinesse That shall be greater then this Carelesses.

For such a Life I soone should Careles grow, In which I had not leasure more to know. Nor care I, in a knowledge paines to take, Which doth not those, who get it, wiser make: Nor for that Wisdome, doe I greatly care; Which would not make me somewhat honester. Nor for that morall Honestie, that shall Refuse to ioyne Religion, therewithall. Nor for that zealous-seeming Piety, Which wanteth loue and morrall Honesty. Nor for their Loues, whose base affections be, More for their list, then for ought good in me. Nor, for ought good within me should I care, But that, they sprinklings of Gods goodnesse are.

For many Bookes I care not; and my store Might now suffice me, though I had no more, Then Gods two Testaments, and therewithall That mighty Volumne, which the World we call. For, these well lookt on, well in minde preservid; The present Ages passages observed:

My private Actions, seriously oreviewed, My thougts recaled, and what of them ensued:

Are Bookes, which better farre, instruct me can, Then all the other Paper-workes of Man;

n

And fome of These, I may be reading to, Where e're I come, or whatsoe're I do.

F care not though a fort of ydle Guls,
(With lauish tongues, and euer-empty skulls)
Doe let my better-temperd Labours lye;
And since, I Termely, make not Pamphlets fly,
Say I am ydle, and doe nothing now.
As if that I were bound, to let Them know,
What I were doing; Or to cast away
My breath, and Studies, on such sooles as They.
I much disdaine it: For, these Blockes be Those,
That wie to read my Verse like ragged Prose;
And such as (so their Bookes be new,) ne're care
Of what esteeme, nor of what wie they are.

I care not, though a vaine and spungy crew, Of shallow Critickes, in each Tauerne spew Their drunken censures on my Poesie; Vntill among their Cupps, they sprawling lye. These poore, betatterd Rimers, (now and then) With Wine and Impudence inspired, can Some sustinal language vtter, which doth seeme (Among their base admirers) worth esteeme. But those base yuie-Poets, neuer knew; Which way, a sprightly, honest Rapture slew: Nor can they relish, any straine of wit, But, what was in some drunken sury, writ.

Those needy *Poetasters*; to preferr Their nasty stuffe, to some dull *Stationer*; With impudence extoll it: and will tell him, The very Title of their booke, shall sell him,

As

As many thousands of them (wholly told)
As euer of my Satyrs, haue beene sold.
Yet, e're a twelue-month by the walls it lies;
Or to the Kitchin, or the Pastry hies.
Sometime, that these mens Rymes may heeded be;
They giue (forsooth) a secret Ierke at me.
But so obscurely, that no man may know,
Who there was meant, vntill they tell them so.
For searing me, They dare not to be plaine;
And yet my vengance they suspect in vaine:
For, I can keepe my way, and carelesse be;
Though twenty snarling Curres doe barke at me.
And while my Fame, those soole murmur at;
(And vex themselues) with laughing, I am fat.

I am not much inquisitiue, to know, For what braue Action our last Fleet did go. What men abroad performe, or what at home; Who shall be *Emperour*, or *Pope* of *Rome*: What newes from France, or Spaine, or Turkey are; Whether of Merchandize, of Peace or Warre. Whether Mogul the Sophy, Prester-Iohn, The Duke of China, or the Ile Japan, The mightier be: for, things impertinent To my particular, or my Content I litle heede; (though much thereof I know) Nor care I whether it be true or no. Not for because, I carelesse am become. Of the neglected State of Christendome. But, cause (I am affur'd) what euer shall Vnto the Church, or Common-wealth befall;

D 2

Through

(Through Sathans spight, or humane Trechery, Or, our relying on weake Polecy)
Gods promise to his glory shall preuaile:
Yea, when the fond attempts of men doe sayle, And they lye smoaking, in th'insernall Pit;
Then Truth and Vertue, shall in Glory sit.
Those, who in loue to things that wicked are;
And those, who thorough Cowardize and seare, Became the damned Instruments, whereby
To set vp Vice and falsehood's Tyranny;
Eu'n those shall perish, by their owne offence:
And they who loued Truth, and Innocence;
Out of oppression shall advance their head:
And on the ruines of those Tyrants tread.

Oh / let that Truth, and Innocence, in me
For euer vndefil'd preserved be:
And let me live no more; if then I care,
How many miseries I live to beare.
For, well I know, I should not weigh how great,
The perrils are, that my destruction threat.
Nor chaynes, nor doungeons should my soule affright,
Nor grimmest Apparitions of the Night:
Though men from Hell could of the Deuill borrow,
Those vgly Prospects, to augment my forrow.
But prove me guilty; and my Conscience than
Inslicts more smart, then bloody Tortures can.
And none (I thinke) of me could viler deeme;
Then I my selse, vnto my selse should seeme.

If good, and honest my endeauors be, What day they were begun ne're troubles me.

I care

I care not whether it be calme, or blow, Or raine, or shine, or freeze, or haile, or snow: Nor whether it be Antumne, or the Spring; Or whether, first I heare the Cuckow sing, Or first the Nightingale: nor doe I care Whether my dreames, of Flowers, or Weddings are. What Beast doth crosse me, care I not at all; Nor how the Goblet, or the Salt doth fall; Nor what aspect the Planets please to show; Nor how the Diall, or the Clocke doth goe. I doe not care to be inquisitiue, How many weekes, or months, I have to live. For, how is't like, that I should better grow, When I my Time, shall tweluemonth longer know; If I dare act, a Villany, and yet, Know I may die, whilst I am doing it? Let them, whose braines are sicke of that disease, Be flaues vnto an Ephemerides. Search Constellations, and themselues apply; To finde the Fate of their Nativity. I'le feeke within me; and if there I find, Those Stars, that should give light vnto my mind, Rife fayre and timely in me, and affect, Each other with a natural aspect. If in coniunction, there perceive I may True Vertue, and Religion enery day; And walke, according to that influence, Which is deriued vnto me from thence: I feare no Fortunes, whatfoe're they be,

 D_3

For

Nor care I, what my Starrs doe threaten me.

For He, who to that State can once attaine; Aboue the power of all the Starres doth raigne. And he, that gaines a knowledge wherewithall, He is prepar'd for whatfoe're may fall: In my Conceit is farre a happier man; Then fuch, as but foretell misfortunes can.

I start not at a Fryers prophecy,
Or those with which we Merlin doe bely.
Nor am I frighted, with the sad relation,
Of any neare-approaching Alteration.
For things haue euer changd, and euer shall;
Vntill there be a change run ouer All.
And he that beares an honest heart about him,
Needes neuer seare, what changes be without him.

The Easterne Kingdomes, had their times to florish; The Grecian Empire rising, saw them perish; That fell, and then the Roman Pride began; Now scourged by the race of Ottoman.

And if the course of things a round must run; Till they have ending, where they first begun, What is't to me? who peraducuture must, Ere that befall; lye, moulthr'd into dust.

What if America's large Tract of ground, And all those Iles adioyning, lately sound? (Which we more truely may a Desert call, Then any of the worlds more civill Pale.) What then? if there the Wildernesse doe lye, To which the Woman, and her Sonne must flye, To scape the Dragons sury; and there bide, Till Europes thanklesse Nations (sull of pride,

And all abhomination) foouged are,
With barbarisme; as their neighbours were?

If thus God please to doe; and make our sinn
The cause of bringing other Peoples in,
His Church to be (as once he pleased was,
The Gentiles calling should be brought to passe,
The better, by the Iewish vnbeliese.)
Why, should his pleasure be my care, or griese?
Oh! let his Name and Church more glorious grow;
Although my ruine, helpe to make it so.

So I, my duty in my place haue done, I care not greatly, what fucceed thereon: For fure I am, if I can pleafed be, With what God wills; all shall be well for me.

I hate, to have a thought o're-ferious spent, In things meere triviall, or indifferent.

When I am hungry, so I get a dish,
I care not, whether it be slesh or sish;
Or any thing, so wholsome soode it be:
Nor care I, whether you doe carue to me,
The head, the tayle, the wing, the legge, or none;
For, all I like, and all can let alone.
I care not, at your Table, where I sit;
Nor should I thinke I were disgrac't in it,
(So much as you) if I should thence in skoffe,
To feed among your Groomes, be turned off.
For I am sure that no affront can blot,
His Reputation, that deserves it not.

To be o're-curious, I doe not professe; Nor ener Car'd I, for vncleanlinesse.

D 4

For

For I ne're loued that Pnylosophy, Which taught men to be rude and slouenly.

I care not what yonn weares, or You, or He,
Nor of what fashion my next Clothes shall be.
Yet to be singuler in Antique sashions,
I hold as vaine, as Apish imitations,
Of each phantastique garb our Gallants weare:
For some, as fondly proud conceited are,
To know, that the beholder, taketh note.
How they still keepe, their Grandsires russet Coate:
As is the proudest Lady, when that she
Hath all the sashions, that last extant be.

I care for no more Credit, then will ferue,
The honor of the Vertuous to preferue:
For, if the showes of honesty in me,
To others Vertues, would no blemish be;
(Nor make them deemed Hypocrites) if I
Should falsly be accused of Villany.
Sure, whether I were innocent, or no;
I should not thinke the World, worth telling so.
Because, to most men, nothing bad doth seeme,
Nor nothing vertuous; but as vnto them,
Occasion makes it good, or ill appeare.
Yea, soulest Crimes, while they vnpunisht are:
Or bring in profit, no disgrace are thought;
And truest Vertues poore, are set at naught.

I care for no more Pleasures then will make, The Way which I intend to vndertake, So passible; that my vnwealdy loade Of fraileties, incident to flesh and blood

Discourage

Discourage not my willing soule from that, Which she on good aduice, hath aymed at.

I care for no more Time then will amount,
To doe my worke, and make vp my account.
I care for no more Money, then will pay
The reckoning, and the charges of the day.
And if I need not now, I will not borrow,
For feare of wants, that I may have to morrow.

What Kings, and States-men meane; I doe not care; Nor will I iudge, what their intentions are: For, private censures, helpe not any way: But iniure them, in their proceedings may. Yet, Princes (by experience) we have seene, By those they loue, have greatly wronged beene. Their too much trust, doth often danger breed, And Serpents in their Royall bosoms feed. For, all the fauours, guifts, and places, which Should honour them; doe but these men enrich. With those, they further their owne private end: Their faction strengthen, gratifie their friends: Gaine new Affociates, daily to their parts, And from their Soueraigne, steale away the hearts, Of fuch as are about them; For those be Their Creatures; and but rarely, thankes hath He, Because the Grants of *Pension*, and of *Place*; Are taken as Their fauors, not His grace.

And (which is yet a greater wickednesse) When these, the loyall Subjects doe oppresse, And grinde the faces of the poore, aliue; They'le doe it, by the Kings Prerogatiue.

They

They make *Him* Patron of their Villany;
And when *Hee* thinkes, they ferue Him Faithfully,
Secure him in their Loues, and all things do,
According both to *Law* and Confcience to.
By Vertue of his *Name*, they perpetrate
A world of Mischieses: They abuse the State;
His truer-hearted Seruants, they displace;
Bring their debauched Followers, into grace;
His Coffers rob; yea, (worser farre they vse *Him*)
The true affections of his people loose Him:
And make those hearts (which did in him beleeue,
All matchlesse Vertues) to suspect, and grieue.

Now, (by that Loyalty I owe my Prince)
This, of all Treason, is the Quintessence.
A Treason so abhorred, that to Me,
No Treachery could halfe so odious be.
Not though my death they plotted; for more deare,
My honor, and my Friends affections are
Then twenty Kingdomes and ten thousand liues.
And, whosoeuer, Me of that depriues:
I finde it would, a great deale harder be,
To moue my heart to pardon; then if hee
Conspired had, (when I least thought the same)
To root out my posterity, and Name.

Who next in *Court* shall fall, *I doe not care*: For, my delights, in no mans ruines are.

Nor meane I, to depend on any, so,

That his disgrace shall be my ouerthrow.

\mathcal{F} care as little, who shall next arise;

For none of my Ambition, that way lyes.

Those

Those rising Starres, would neuer deigne to shine, On any good endeauor: yet, of mine.

Nor can I thinke, there shall hereaster be,
A man amongst them, that will fauour Me.

For, I a Scourge doe carry, which doth seare them;
And loue, to much Plaine-dealing, to be neare them.

If my experience teach me any thing. I care not old Antiquities to bring; But can aswell belieue it to be so, As is twere writ, three thousand yeeres ago. And where I finde, good ground for my assent; I'le not be halter'd, to a President.

If men speake reason, tis all one to me, Whether their *Tenent*, *Aristotles* be; Or some *Barbarians*, who scarse heard of yet; So much as with what *Names*, the *Arts* we sit. Or whether, for an *Author* you infer, Some *Foole*, or some renown'd *Philosopher*.

In my Religion, I dare entertaine,
No fancies, hatched in mine owne weake braine;
Nor private Spirits: But, am ruled by
The Scriptures; and that Church Authority,
Which with the Auncient Faith doth best agree;
But new opinions, will not downe with me.
When I would learne, I never greatly care,
So Truth they teach me; who my Teachers were.
In points of Faith, I looke not on the Man;
Nor Beza, Calvin, neither Luther can
More things, without iust proofe perswade me to,
Then any honest Parish-Clarke can do.

The

The auncient Fathers, (where consent I find)
Doe make me, without doubting, of their mind.
But, where in his opinion any One
Of these great Pillers, I shall find alone;
(Except in questions which indifferent are,
And such as till his Time, vnmooued were)
I shun his Doctrine; For, this swayeth me,
No man alone, in points of Faith can be.

Old Ambrose, Austine, Hierome, Chrysostome,
Or any Father; if his Reuerence come,
To move my free assent to any thing,
Which Reason warrants not (vnlesse he bring,
The sacred word of God to give me for it)
I prize not this opinion; but abhorr it.
Nay; I no saction gainst the Truth would follow,
Although Divinest Paul, and Great Apollo,
Did leade me; if that possible it were,
That they should have permitted bin to erre.
And whilst that I am in the right, I care not
How wise, or learned, Them, you thinke, that are not.

I care not who did heare me, if I faid,
That He who for a place of Iustice paid
A golden Inn-come, was no honest Man,
Nor he that fold it: for I proue it can;
And will maintaine it, that so long, as Those,
And Church-preferments, we to sale expose;
Nor Common-wealth, nor Church shall euer be,
From hatefull Bribery, or damn'd Schisme, free.

I may be blam'd, perhaps, for fpeaking this; But much *I care not*: for the *Truth it is*.

And were I certaine, that to blaze the same, Would set those things, (that are amisse) in frame. Shame be my end but I would vndertake it, Though I were sure to perish when I spake it.

I care not for Preferments which are fold, And bought (by men of common worth) for gold. For, he is nobler who can those contemn, Then most of such, as seeke esteeme in them.

I doe not for those ayrie Titles care,
Which sooles, and knaues, as well as I may weare.
Or that my Name (when e're it shall be writ)
Should be obscur'd with twenty after it.
For could I set my minde on vulger Fame;
I would not thinke it hard, to make my Name,
Mine owne Name, purchase me as true renown;
As to be cald, by some old ruin'd Town.

I loue my Country, yet I doe not care, In what Dominions my abidings are: For, any Region on the Earth shall be (On good occasion) native Soile to me.

I care not though there be a muddy crew, Whose blockishnes, (because it neuer knew The ground of this my Carelesnes) will smile, As if they thought I raued, all this while. For, those the Prouerb saith, That live in Hell Can ner conceive what to in Heaven to dwell.

I care not for those Places, whereunto Bad men doe fooner clime, then Good men do: And from whose euer-goggling station, all May at the pleasure of another, fall,

But

But oh! How carelesse euery way, am I,
Of their base mindes, who living decently
Vpon their owne Demeanes; there searclesse might
Enioy the day, from morning vntill night,
In sweet contentments: rendring prayse to Him,
Who gaue this blessings, and this rest to them;
That free from Cares, and Envies of the Court,
They honor'd in their Neighbours good report;
Might twenty pleasures, that Kings know not, trie;
And keepe a quiet Conscience, till they die?

Oh God! how madd are they, who thus may do! Yet, that poore happinesse to reach vnto, Which is but painted; will those Blessings shun, And bribe, and woo and fweat to be vindone? How dull are they? Who, when they home may keepe, And there, upon their owne foft pillowes fleepe, In deare fecurity; would roame about, Vncertaine hopes, or pleasures to finde out? Yea, straine themselves a slippery Place to buy, With hazarding, their states to beggery? With giuing vp, their Liberties, their Fame? With their aduenturing on perpetuall shame: With proftituting Necces, Daughters, Wives; By putting into Ieopardy their liues? By felling of their Country, and the fale Of Iustice, or Religion; Soule and All? Still dreaming on Content; although they may Behold, by new examples, eu'ry day That those hopes faile; and faile them not alone, In fuch vaine things as they prefumed on:

But

But bring them also (many-times) those cares, Those sad distractions, those dispaires, and seares; That all their glorious guilding, cannot hide Those wofull Ruines, on their inner-side. But, ten to one, at length they doe depart; With losse, with shame, and with a broken heart.

I care not for this Humor, but I had, Far rather lye in Bedlem, chain'd and mad; Then be, with these mens frantique mood posses: For, there they doe lesse harme, and have more rest.

I care not when there comes a Parliament:
For I am no Proiector, who inuent
New Monopolies, or fuch Suites, as Those,
Who, wickedly pretending goodly showes,
Abuses to reforme; engender more:
And farre lesse tollerable, then before.
Abusing Prince, and State, and Common-weale;
Their (iust deserued) beggeries to heale:
Or, that their ill-got profit, may advance,
To some Great Place, their Pride, and Ignorance.
Nor by Extortion, nor through Bribery,
To any Seat of Iustice, climb'd am I;
Nor liue I so, as that I need to care,

Though my proceedings, should be question'd There. And some there be, would give their Coat away; That they, could this, as confidently say.

**F care* for no such thriving Pollicy,

As makes a soole, of Morrall Honesty.

For, such occasions happen now, and than: That He prooues Wise, that proues an Honest man.

at He produes Wile, that prodes an Honelt man.

And

And howfoer'e our Proiect-mongers deeme, Of fuch mens Fortunes, and of them esteeme; (How big foe're they looke; how brane foe're, Among their base Admirers they appeare: Though ne're so trimme, in others feathers dight: Though clad with Title of a Lord, or Knight; And by a hundred thousand croucht vnto) Those gaudy Vpstarts, no more prize, I doe, Then poorest Kennel-rakers; yea, they are Things, which I count, fo little worth my care; That (as I loue faire Vertue) I protest, Among all honest men the beggerl'est, And most betatter'd Pesant, in mine eye, Is Nobler, and more full of Maiestie; Then all that braue-bespangl'd Rabblement, Composed of Pride, of Shifts, and Complement.

Let great and courtly Pers'nages delight,
In some dull gesture, or a Parasite;
Or in their dry Bussione, that gracefully,
Can sing them baudy songs, and sweare, and lye;
And let their Masterstership (if so they please)
Still sauour more, the slauerings of These,
Then my free Numbers. For, I care no more,
To be approued, or esteemed, for
A witty Make-sport; then an Ape to be.
And whosoeuer takes delight in me,
For any quality that doth affect
His Senses better, then his Intellect;
I care not for his loue. My dogge doth so;
He loues, as farre as sensual loue can go.

And if how well he lou'd me, I did weigh, Deserues (perhaps) as much respect, as they. I have a *Soule*, and must, beloued be For that, which makes a louely *Soule* in me; Or else, their Loues, so little *care I* for, That them, and their affections I abhorr.

J' care not, though fome Fellowes, whose desert Might raise them, to the Pillory, the Cart, The Stocks, the Branding-Irne, or the Whipp, (With such-like due Preserment) those doe skipp; And by their blacke endeauours purchase can, The Priuiledges of a Noble-man.

And be as consident, in what they doe:
As if by Vertue they were rais'd thereto.
For, as true Vertue hath a considence,
So, Vice, and Villaines, haue their impudence.
And manly Resolution, both are thought,
Till both are to an equall triall brought;
But vicious Impudence, then proues a mocke:
And Vertuous Constancy, endures the Shoke.

Though fuch vnworthy Groomes, who t'other day, Were but their Maisters Panders to puruey
The fuell of their Lust; and had no more,
But the Reuertion of their meat, their Whore,
And their old cloathes to bragg of. Though that these;
(The soes to Vertue, and the Times disease)
Haue now, to couer o're their knau'ry,
Got on the Robes, of Wealth, and Brau'ry;
And dare behaue their Rogueships sawcily,
In presence of our old Nobility:

E

As

As if they had beene borne to act a part,
In the contempt of Honor, and Defart.
Though all this be; and though it often hath
Discouraged many a One, in Vertues Path)
I am the same, and Care not: For, I know,
Those Butter-flies, haue but a Time to show
Their painted wings; that when a storme is neare,
Our habits, which for any weather are,
May shew more glorious, whilst they shrinking lye,
In some old creuis, and there starue and dye.

Those Dues, which vnto Vertue doe belong, He that despiseth, offers Vertue wrong.

So, he that followes Vertue for rewards;
And more the Credit, then the Act regards;
(Or such esteeme as others seeke, doth misse)
Himselse imagines, worthier then He is.
If therefore, I can tread the way I ought,
I care not how ignoble, I be thought:
Nor for those Honors doe I care a fly,
Which any man can giue me, or deny:
For what I reckon worth aspiring to,
Is got and kept, whe'r others will or no.
And all the world can neuer raise a man
To such braue heights, as his owne Vertues can.

I care not for that Gentry, which doth lye In nothing but a Coat of Heraldry. One Vertue more I rather wish I had; Then all the Heralds to my Armes could add: Yea, I had rather, that by my industry I could acquire some one good quality.

Then

Then through the *Families*, that nobleft be From fifty Kings to draw my Pedigree.

Of Nations, or of Countries, I nought care,
To be commander; my Ambitions are,
To have the Rule, and Soueraignty of things
Which doe command great Emperors, and Kings.
Those strong, and mighty Passions, wherewithall
Great Monarch's have bin foild, and brought in thrall,
I hope to trample on. And whilst that They
Force but my body (If I disobey)
I rule that Spirit; which, would they constraine,
Beyond my will; They should attempt in vaine.
Yea, whilst they bounded within Limits here,
On some sew Mortals onely domineer,
Those Titles, and that Crowne, I doe pursue;
Which shall the Deuils to my power subdue.

I care not for that Valour, which is got
By furious Choller, or the Sherry-pot.
Nor (if my Cause be ill) to heare men say,
I fought it out, eu'n when my bowels lay
Beneath my seete. A desperatenesse it is,
And there is nothing worthy praise in this;
For I haue seene (and you may see it to)
That any Mastiue dogg as much will do.
He valiant is, who knowes the disesteeme,
The vulger haue, of such as Cowards seeme.
And yet dares seeme one, rather then bestow
Against an honest cause, or word, or blow:
Though, else he sear'd no more, to sight, or die;
Then you to strike a dogg, or kill a slie.

E 2

Yea.

Yea, him I honour, who new wakt from fleeping, Findes all his Spirits fo their temper keeping; As that he would not ftart, though by him there, Grim Death, and Hell, and all the Deuils were.

I care not for a Coward, for to me, No Beafts on Earth, more truely hatefull be; Since all the Villanies that can be thought Throughout the World, and altogether brought To make one Villaine; can make nothing more, Then he that is a Coward, was before. And he that is so can be nothing lesse Then the perfection of all wickednesse. In him no manly Vertues dwelling are; Nor any shewes thereof, except, for feare. In no braue resolution is he strong, Nor dares he bide in any goodnesse long. For, if one threatning from his foe there come, His vowed Resolution starts he from. And cares not what destruction others have, So he may gaine but hope, himselse to saue. The man that hath a fearefull heart, is fure Of that disease that neuer findes a cure. For take and arme him through in euery place, Build round about him twenty walls of Braffe. Girt him with Trenches, whose deepe bottoms lye Twice lower, then three times the *Alpes* are hye. Prouide (those Trenches, and those walls to ward) A million of old Souldiers for his gard; All honest men and sworne: His beauer will Breake in (despight of all) and shake him still.

To

To fcape this feare; his Guard he would betray, Make cruelly his dearest friend away; Act, any base, or any wicked thing, Be Traytor to his Countrey, or his King; For-sweare his God, and in some fright goe nigh To Hang himselfe, to scape the seare to dye. And for these reasons, I shall neuer Care, To reckon them for friends, that Cowards are.

I care not for large Fortunes; For I find, Great wants, best trie the Greatnesse of the minde. And though I must confesse, such Times there be In which the common wish, hath place in me. Yet, when I fearch my heart, and what content My God vouchsafe me hath; I count my Rent To be aboue, a thousand pounds a yeare, More then it can vnto the World appeare. And with more wealth, I lesse content might finde, If I with Riches, had some rich-mans minde. A dainty Pallate would confume in cheere, (More then I doe) a hundred pounds a yeare, And leaue me worse suffised then I am. Had I an inclination, much to game; A thousand Markes, would annually away, And yet I want my full content at Play. If I in Hawks or Doggs had much delight; Twelue hundred Crownes it yearely wast me might; And yet, not halfe that pleasure bring me to, Which, from one *Line* of This, receive I do. If I to braue Apparell were inclind; Fiue Students Pensions, I should yearly spend,

E 3

Yet

Yet not be pleas'd fo well, with what I weare
As now I am; Nor take fo little Care.
I much for Physicke might be forc't to giue;
And yet a thousand fold lesse healthy liue.
To keepe my Right, the Law my goods might wast;
And with vexation, tire me out at last.

These, and (no doubt) with these, full many a thing To make me lesse Content, more wealth might bring Yet more employ me to; for, few I fee Who Owners of the greatest Fortunes be: But they have still, as they more Riches gaine, More State, more lufts, and troubles to maintaine With their Reuennues. That the whole Account, Of their great feeming Bliffe, doth scarce amount, To halfe of my content. And can I lesse Esteeme this rare-acquired happinesse, Then I, a thousand pound in rent would prize? Since with leffe trouble, it doth more fuffice? No; for, as when the March is swift and long, And men haue foes to meet, both fierce and ftrong; That Souldier in the Conflict best doth fare Who getteth Armes of proofe, that lightest are: So; I, who with a little, doe enion As much my Pleasure and Content, as they Whom, farre more wealth and businesse doth molest; Account my Fortune, and estate the best. Gods fauour in it, I extoll the more: And great possessions, much lesse care I for. I care not so I still my selfe may be.

I care

What others are, or who takes place of me.

I care not for the Times vniust, neglect;
Nor sear their frownes, nor praise their vaine respect.
For, to my selse, my worth doth neuer seeme;
Or more, or lesse, for other mens esteeme.

The Turke, the Deuill, Antichrist, and all The Rable of that Body-mysticall, I care not for; And I should forry be, If I should give them cause to care for me.

What Christians ought not to be carefull for, What the *Eternall Essence* doth abhorr, I hate as I am able; And for ought Which God approues not; when I spend a thought. I truly wish that from my eyes might raine, A shower of Teares, to buy it backe againe.

I care not for their Kin, who blush to see, Those of their blood, who are in meane degree. For, that bewrayes vnworthines; and showes, How they by Chance, and not by Vertue rofe. To fay, My Lord my Cousen, cann to me (In my opinion) no fuch honour be; (If he from Vertues precepts goe aftray,) As when my honest Kinsman, I can say. And they are Fooles, who, when they raised are; Faine their beginnings, nobler then they were. Yea, they doe rob themselues of truest Fame, With some salse honor to belye their Name. For, fuch as to the highest Titles rise, From poore beginnings, haue more tongues & eies, To honour and observe them (farre) then all That doe succeed them, euer boast, of shall.

E 4

For.

For, being nothing more then they were borne, Men heed them not, (vnlesse they merit scorne) For some vnworthinesse. And then, perchance, As their Foresathers meannesse, did aduance His praise the higher; so, their greatnesse shall, Make greater both their Insamy, and Fall.

It is mens glory therefore, not a blot,
When they the start, of all their Names haue got;
And it was worthlesse Enuy, first begun,
That false opinion, which so farre hath run.
Which well they know, whose Vertues honor winn,
And shame not to confesse, their poorest Kinn.
For, whensoeuer they doe looke on Those,
To God they praises giue, and thus suppose:
Loe; when the hand of Heauen, advanced Us,
Aboue our brethren, to be listed thus;
He let them stay behind, for markes to show,
From whence we came, and whither we may goe.

To haue the Minde of those, I doe not care, Who both so shamelesse, and so soolish are; That to acquire some poore esteeme, where they Were neuer heard of, vntill yesterday, (And neuer shall perhaps, be thought on more) Can Prodigally, there, consume their store: And stand vpon their points, of honor so; As if their Credit, had an ouerthrow, Without Redemption; If in ought they misse, Wherein th'accomplish Gallant punctuall is. Yet basely, eu'ry Quallitie despise; In which true Wisedome, and true honor lies.

If

If you, and one of those, should dine to day, Twere three to one, but He for all would pay: If but your Seruant light him to the doore. He will reward him; If but he, and's whore, Carocht a Furlong are; the Coachman may, For fennight after, let his Horses play. And yet, this fellow, whom abroad you shall Perceiue fo noble, and fo liberall. (To gaine a dayes, perhaps, but one howres fame) Mong those that hardly, will enquire his Name. At home (where euery good, and euery ill, Remaines to honour, or to shame him still) Neglects Humanity. Yea, where he liues, And needs most loue; all cause of hatred giues. To poll, to racke, to ruine, and oppresse, The poore, the Widow, and the fatherlesse. To shift, to lye, to couzen, and delay, The Lab'rer and the Creditor of pay, Are there his practifes. And yet this Affe, Would for a man of worth, and honour passe. The Deuill he shall assoone: and, I will write, The Story of his being Conuertite.

I care not for the Worlds vaine blaft of Fame, Nor doe I greatly feare the Trump of shame: For, whatsoeuer good, or ill is done, The rumor of it in a weeke is gone. One thing put out another; And men forrow, To day, perhaps, for what they ioy to morrow. And it is likely, that e're night they may, Condemne the Man, they praysed yesterday;

Hang

Hang him next morning, and be forry then; Because he cannot be aliue agen.

But, grant the fame of things had larger date:
Alas / what glory is it, if men prate
In fome three Parishes of that we doe,
When three great Kingdomes, are but Mole-hils to,
The earthe's Circumference? And scarce one man
Of twenty Millons, know our actions can?
Beleeue me; it is worth so little thought,
(If the offence to others were not ought)
What mens opinions, or their speeches be;
That were there not, a better cause in me,
Which moou'd to Vertue) I would never care,
Whether, my Actions, good or euill were.

Though still vnheeded, of the World, I spend, My Time, and Studies, to the noblest end; One hayre, I care not. For, I find reward, Beyond the Worlds requitall, or regard. And since all men, some things erronious doe; And must in Iustice, somewhat suffer to. In part of my correction, This, I take; And that I sauourd am, account doe make.

I care not, though, there eu'ry houre, should bee Some outward discontent to busie me.

And, as I would not too much Tryall haue;
So, too much, carnall peace I doe not craue.

The one, might giue my Faith a dangerous blow;
The other would peruert my life, I know.

For, sew loue Vertue in Aduersity;
But sewer hold it, in Prosperitie.

Vaine

Vaine Hopes (when I had nought, but hopes alone) Haue made me erre: Then whither had I gone, (If I, the full possession had attain'd) When, but meere Hopes, my heart to folly train'd? Smooth Wayes, would make me wanton; And my Must lye, where Labor, Industry, and Force, (course Must worke me Passage: or, I shall not keepe, My Soule from dull Securities, dead-sleepe. But, outward Discontentments make me slye, Farre higher, then the Worlds Contents doe lye.

I neither for their pompe, or glory care:
Who by the loue of Vice advanced are.
Faire Vertue is the louely Nymph I ferue;
Her Will I follow, Her Commands observe;
Yea (though the purblind world perceive not wher)
The best of all Her Fauours I doe weare.
And, when great Vices, with faire bayted hookes,
Large promises of favour tempting lookes,
And twenty wiles, hath woo'd me to betray,
That noble Mistresse; I have turn'd away:
And flung defiance both at Them and Theirs,
In spight of all their gaudy Serviters.

In which braue daring, I oppos'd haue bin, By mighty Tyrants; and was plunged in, More wants then thrice my fortunes would haue When our *Heroes* did, or feare, or fcorne, (borne. To lend me fuccour, (yea, in that weake age When I but newly entred on the Stage, Of this proud world) So that, vnlesse the King Had nobly pleas'd, to heare the *Muses* sing,

My

My bold Appologie; Till now, might I
Haue struggling bin, beneath their Tyranny.
But all those threatning Comets, I haue seene
Blaze, till their glories quite extinct haue beene.
And I, that crusht, and lost was thought to bee;
Liue yet, to pitty Those, that spighted Me:
Enioying Hopes which so well grounded are,
That, what may follow, I nor feare, nor care.
Yet those I know there be, who doe expect,
What length my Hopes shall haue, and what effect.
With enuious eyes awayting eu'ry day
When all my considence shall slip away.
And, make me glad, through those base paths to sly;
Which they haue trod, to raise their Fortunes by.

They flout to heare, that I doe Conscience make, What Place I sue for, or what Course I take. They laugh to see me spend, my youthfull time, In serious Studies; and to teach my Rime The Straines of Vertue; whil'st I might, perchance, By Lines of Rybaldry, my selfe advance To place of savour. They make skosses, to heare The priase of Honesty; as if it were, For none but vulgar mindes. And since they live In braue prosperity; they doe believe It shall continue: And account of Me, As One scarce worthy, of their scorne to be.

All this is *Truth*; yea, trust me, care I not; Nor loue I Vertue, ought the worse a iott. For, I oft said, that I should liue, to see My Way, sarre safer, then their Courses be.

And

And I have feene, nor one, nor two, nor ten, But (in few yeares) great numbers of those men, From goodly brauery, to raggs decline; And waite vpon as poore a Fate as mine.

Yea those whom but a day or two before, Were (in their owne vaine hopes) a great deale more Then any of our Auncient Baronage: (And such, as many Wisemen of this age Haue wisht to be the men) eu'n those, haue I Seene hurled downe to shame, and beggery, In one twelue houres: and grow so miserable, That they became, the scornefull, hatefull sable Of all the Kingdome. And ther's none so base, But thought himselse, a man in better case.

This, makes me pleafed with my owne estate, And searefull to desire anothers Fate.

This makes me Careles of the worlds proud scorne, And of those glories, whereto such are borne.

And, if to haue me, still kept meane and poore, To Gods great Glory, shall ought add the more:

Or if to haue disgraces heapt on me;

(For others, in their way to Blisse) may be

Of more Aduantage, then to see me thriue

In outward Fortunes, or more prized liue:

Feare not though I neuer see that day,

Which with one pinns-worth more enrich me may.

Yea, by the eternall *Deity* I vow; Who knowes I lie not, who doth heare me now. Whose dreadfull Maiesty is all I feare, Of whose great *Spirit*, These, the sparcklings are,

And who will make me, fuch proud daring, rue; If this my *Proteflation* be vntrue.

So I may still retaine that inward Peace, That love and taste, of the eternall Blisse, Those matchlesse Comforts, and those brave desires, Those sweet Contentments, and immortall Fyres, Which at this instant doe instance my brest; (And are too excellent to be express.)

J doe not care a Rush, though I were borne, Vnto the greatest Pouerty, and scorne: That (since God first insus'd it, with his breath) Poore Flesh and bloud, did euer grone beneath. Excepting onely, such a load it were, As no Humanity was made to beare.

Yea, let me keepe these Thoughts; and let be hurld, Vpon my backe, the fpight of all the world, Let me have neither drinke, nor bread to eate. Nor Cloathes to weare, but those for which I sweate. Let me become vnto my foes a flaue: Or, causelesse here, the markes of Iustice, haue; For fome great Villany, that I nere thought, Let my best actions, be against me brought. That fmall repute, and that poore little Fame, Which I have got; let men vnto my shame Hereafter turne. Let me become the fable, A talke of Fooles. Let me be miserable, In all mens eyes, and yet let no man spare, (Though that would make my happy,) halfe a teare. Nay, (which is More vnfufferable farre, Then all the miferies yet spoken are)

Let

Let that deere Friend, whose loue is more to me,
Then all those drops of Crymson liquor be,
That warme my heart, (and for whose onely good;
I could the brunt, of all this Care, haue stood)
Let him forsake me. Let that prized Friend,
Be cruell to; and when distrest. I send
To seeke his Comfort, let him looke on me,
With bitter scorne, and so hard-hearted be;
As that (although he know me innocent,
And how those Miseries I vnderwent,
In loue to him) He, yet deny me should,
One gentle looke, though that suffice me could.
And (truely grieu'd, to make me) bring in place,
My well knowne Foe, to scorne me, to my face.

Let this befall me; and with this, beside, Let Me, be for the faulty friend belide. Let my Religion and my Honestie; Be counted till my death Hypocrysie. And, when I die, let till the generall Doome, My Name, each houre into question come, For Sinnes I neuer did. And if to this, You ought can add, which yet more grieuous is. Let that befall me to; So that, in Me, Those comforts may encrease, that springing be, To helpe me beare it. Let that Grace descend, Of which I now, fome portion apprehend: And then, as I already (here-tofore) (Vpon my Makers strength, relying) swore, So, now I fweare againe. If ought it could, Gods glory further, that I fuffer should:

Those

Those Miseries recited; I nor care,
How soone they ceazed me, nor how long they were:
For, He can make them Pleasures, and I know;
As long as he inflicts them, will doe so.

Nor vnto this Affurance am I come,
By any Apothegmes, gathered from
Our old, and much admir'd Phylosophers.
My Sayings are mine owne as well as theirs;
For, whatsoe're account, of them is made,
I haue as good experience of them had,
Yea, when I die (though now they sleighted be)
The Times to come, for Them, shall honour me:
And praise that Minde of mine, which now perchance,
Shall be reputed foolish Arrogance.

Oh! that my Lines were able to expresse, The Cause, and Ground, of this my Carelesnesse. That, I might shew you, what braue things they be, Which at this instant are a fire in me.

Fooles may deride me, and suppose, that This (No more) but some vaine-glorious Humor is; Or such like idle Motion, as may rise, From surious, and distemper'd Fantacies.

But, let their thoughts be free; I know the Flame That is within me, and from whence it came; Such Things haue fill'd me, that I feele my braine, Wax giddy, those high Raptures to containe. They raise my Spirits, which now whirling be; As if they meant to take their leaue of Me. And could these Straines of Contemplation, stay To list me higher still, but halse a day:

By

By that Time, they would mount to fuch a height, That all my *Cares* would have an end to Night,

But oh / I feele, the fumes of flesh and blood, To clogg those Spirits in me, and like mudd, They sincke againe. More dimly burne my fires; To Her low pitch, my Muse againe retires: And as her heavenly slames extinguish be, The more I find my Cares to burthen Me.

Yet, I belieue, I was enlightned fo, That neuer shall my Spirit stoope so low To let the seruile thoughts, and dunghill cares, Of common Minds, entrap me in their snares.

For, still I value not, those things of nought, For which the greatest part, take greatest thought. Much for the world *I care not*; and (confesse) Desire I doe, my care for it, were lesse. I doe not care, (for ought they me could harme) If with more mischieses, this last Age did swarme; Yea, fuch poore *Ioy* I have, or *Care* to fee The best Contents these Times can promise Me: And that small feare of any Plague at all, (Or Miseries) which on this Age may fall. That, but for Charity, I did not care If all those comming stormes which some doe feare, Were now descending down: For Hell can make, No vproare, which my peaceful thoughts may shake. I founded have my Hopes, on him that hath A shelter for me, in the Day of wrath. And I have trust, I shall (without a maze,) Looke vp, when all burnes round me, in a blaze.

And

And if to haue these Thoughts, & this Mind known Shall spread Gods praise no further then mine own: Or, if This shall, no more instructiue be, To others; then it glory is to Me: Here let it perish, and be hurled by, Into Obliuion euerlastingly. For, with this Minde, I can be pleased, (as much) Though none but I my selfe, did know it such. And, He that hath contentment needs not Care; What other mens opinions of it, are. I care not though for many grieses to come, To liue a hundred yeeres, it were my Doome. Nor care I, though I summond be, away; At Night, to Morrow-morning, or to Day.

I care not whether This, you read or no; Nor whether you belieue it, if you doe. I care not, whether any Man suppose All This from Iudgement, or from Rashnes slowes. Nor Meane I, to take Care what any Man, Will thinke thereof: Or Comment on it can.

I care not who shall fondly Censure it;
Because it was not, with more Method writ:
Or fram'd in imitation, of the Straine,
In Some deepe Grecian or old Romane vaine.
Yea, though that all men liuing, should despise,
These Thoughts in Me, to heede, or Patronize:
I vow, I care not. And I vow, no lesse;
I care not who dislikes this Carelesnesse.

My Minde's my Kingdome; and I will permit No others Will, to haue the rule of it.

For,

For, I am free; and no mans power (I know) Did make me thus, nor shall vnmake me now. But, through a Spirit, none can quench in me: This *Mind* I got, and this, my *Mind* shall be.

To Enuy.

Now looke upon Me, Enuy, if thou dare, Dart all thy Malice, shoot me eu'ry where: Try all the wayes thou canst, to make me feele, The cruell sharpenes of thy poys'ned steele. For, I am Enuy-proofe, and scorne I do; The worst, thy cancred spight, can vrge thee to. This Word, I care not, is so strong a Charme, That He, who speakes it truely, feares no harme, Which thy accurfed Rancor, harbor may; Or, his peruersest Fortunes, on him lay. Goe, hatefull Fury; Hagge, goe, hide thou then, Thy fnakie head, in thy abhorred Den. And fince thou canst not have thy will of Me: There; Damned Fiend, thine owne Tormentresse be, Thy forked stings, upon thy body turne; With Hellish flames, thy scorched entrailes burne; From thy leane Carkasse, thy blacke sinnewes teare, With thine owne Venome burst, and perish there.

Nec Habeo, nec Careo. nec Curo.

F 2

An

An Epigram, written by the Author on his owne Picture; where, this Motto was inscribed.

Thus, other Loues, have fet my shadow forth; To fill a Roome, with *Names* of greater worth: And *Me*, among the rest, they set to show. Yet, what I am, I pray mistake not, tho.

Imagine me, nor Earle, nor Lorld, nor Knight;
Nor any new aduanced Fauorite.
For, you would sweare, if This well pictur'd me;
That, such a One I ne'r were like to be.
No child of purblind Fortun's was I borne;
For all that issue, holdeth Me in scorne.
Yet, He that made Me, hath assur'd Me to,
Fortune can make no such; nor such vndo.
And bids me, in no Fauours take delight;
But what I shall acquire, in Her despight.

Which Mind, in Raggs, I rather wish to beare; Then rise through basenes, brauest Robes to weare. Part of my Outside, hath the Picture shown; Part of my Inside, by these lines is known: And t'is no matter of a rush to me, How This, or That; shall now esteemed be.

FINIS.

FAIRE-VIRTVE,

THE

MISTRESSE

OF PHILARETE.

Written by

GEO: WITHER.

Catul. Carm. xv.

- nihil veremur

Istos, qui in platea, modo huc, modo illac In re pretereunt sua occupati.

London,

Printed for *Iohn Grifmand*.

ing lightnesse of such a Subiest, might somewhat disparage, the more serious Studies, which he hath since vndertaken.

Yet, doubting (this being got out of his Custodie) some imperfecter Coppies might hereafter be scattered abroad in writing, or, be vnknowne to him, imprinted: He was pleased (vpon my importunities) to condescend that it might be published, without his Name. And his words were these.

"When (faid he) I first composed it, I well li"ked thereof; and it well enough became my
"yeares: but now, I neither like, nor dislike it.
"That (therefore) it should be disulged, I desire
"not: and whether it be, or whether (if it hap"pen so) it bee approoued or no, I care not. For
"this I am sure of: howsoeuer it be valued; it is
"worth as much as I prize it at: likely it is also
"to be as beneficial to the World, as the World
"hath been to me; and will be more then those
"who like it not, euer deserved at my hands.

These were his speeches: And (if you looked for a *Prologue*; thus much he wished me to tell you, in stead thereos: because (as he sayd) hee himselfe had somewhat else to doe. Yet, (to acknowledge the truth) I was so earnest with

with him, that, as busie as he would seeme to be, I got him to write this *Epistle* for me: And haue therunto set my *Name*. Which, he wished me to confesse: Partly, to auoid the occasion of belying my Inuention; and partly, because hee thought some of you would suppose so much.

I entreated him, to explaine his meaning, in certaine obscure passages. But, he told me, how that were to take away the employment of his *Interpreters*: Whereas, he would purposely, leave somewhat remaining doubtfull, to see what Sir Politicke Wovldbee, and his Companions could picke out of it.

I defired him also, to fet downe, to what good purposes, this *Poeme* would ferue. But his Reply was: How, that would bee well enough found out, in the perusing, by all such as had honest vnderstandings: and they who are not so prouided; hee hopes will not read it. More, I could not get from him.

Whether therefore, this MISTRESSE OF PHIL'ARETE, bee really a Woman, shaddowed vnder the name of VIRTVE: or VIRTVE onely, whose louelinesse is re-

presented by the Beautie of an excellent Wo-man: Or, whether it meane both together; I cannot tell you. But, thus much I dare promise for your money: that, heere, you shall find familiarly expressed, both such Beauties as young men, are most intangled withall; and and the excellency also of such, as are most worthy their affection. That, seeing both impartially set foorth, by him that was capable of both, they might the better settle their loue on the best.

Heereby also, those Women, who desire to bee truely beloued, may know what makes them, fo to be. And, feeke to acquire those accomplishments of the Mind, which may endeare them, when the sweetest Features of a beautifull Face, shall bee converted into Deformities. And, here is described, that Louelinesse of theirs, which is the principall object of wanton affection, to no worfe end: but, that those, who would neuer haue lookt on this *Poeme* (if *Virtue* and *Goodnesse*, had beene therein, no otherwise represented, then as they are objects of the Soule) might, where they expected the fatisfaction of their fenfualitie onely; meet with that also, which would insinuate

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nuate into them, an apprehension of more reafonable, and most excellent perfections. Yea, whereas, the common opinion of Youth hath been; that, onely old men, and fuch as are vnable, or past delighting in a bodily louelinesse, are those who are best capable of the Mindes perfections: And, that they doe therefore fo much preferre them before the other; because their Age, or stupiditie hath deprived them of being fenfible what pleafures they yeelde. Though, this be the vulger errour; yet, here it shal appeare, that he, who was able to conceiue the most excellent pleasingnesse, which could be apprehended in a Corporall Beautie; found it (euen when he was most enamour'd with it) far short of that vnexpressible sweetnes, which he discouered in a virtuous and well-tempered Disposition. And if this bee not worth your money, keepe it.

IOHN MARRIOT.



PHIL'ARETE TO HIS MISTRESSE.

Haile, thou fairest of all Creatures, Vpon whom the Sun doth shine:

Modell of all rarest Features,
And perfections most divine.

Thrice All-haile: And blessed be,
Those, that love, and honour thee.

Of thy worth, this rurall Storie,
Thy vnworthy Swaine hath pend:
And, to thy ne're-ending glory,
These plaine Numbers doth commend.
Which, ensuing Times shall warble,
When 'tis lost, that's writ in Marble.
Though

Though thy praife, and high deferuings Cannot all, be here exprest:

Yet, my loue, and true-obseruings,

Someway, ought to be profest.

And, where greatest loue we see,

Highest things attempted be.

By thy *Beautie*, I haue gained,
To behold, the best perfections:
By thy *Loue*, I haue obtained,
To enioy the best affections.
And my tongue, to fing thy praise; *Loue*, and *Beautie*, thus doth raise.

What, although in rusticke shaddowes, I, a Shepheards breeding had? And, confined to these Meadowes; So, in home-spunn Russet clad? Such as I, haue now and then, Dar'd as much, as greater men.

Though

Though a stranger to the *Muses*, Young, obscured, and despis'd: Yet, such *Art*, thy Loue insuses, That, I thus, haue Poetiz'd. Read; and be content to see, Thy admyred Powre in me.

And, oh grant, thou Sweetest Beautie, (Wherewith euer Earth was grac't)
That this Trophee of my Dutie,
May with Fauour be imbrac't:
And disdaine not, in these Rymes,
To be sung, to after-Times.

Let those doters on Apollo,
That adore the Muses, so,
(And, like Geese, each other follow)
See, what Loue alone, can doe.
For, in Loue-layes; Groue, and Field;
Nor to Schools, nor Courts wil yeeld.
On

On this Glasse, of thy perfection,
If that any Women pry;
Let them thereby take direction,
To adorne themselues thereby.
And, if ought amisse they view,
Let them dresse themselues anew.

Young-men, shall by this, acquainted With the truest Beauties grow:
So the Counterfeit, or painted,
They may shun, whe them they know.
But, the Way, all will not find:
For, some eyes haue, yet are blind.

Thee, entirely, I haue loued,
So, thy Sweetnesse, on me wrought;
Yet, thy Beautie neuer mooued,
Ill temptations, in my thought.
But, still did thy Beauties Ray;
Sun-like, drive those Foggs away.
Those

Those, that MISTRESSES are named,
And for that, suspected be;
Shall not need to be ashamed,
If they patterne take by thee.
Neither shall their SERVANTS seare,
Fauours, openly to weare.

Thou, to no man fauour dainest,
But whats fitting to bestow;
Neither, Seruants entertainest,
That can euer wanton grow.
For, the more they looke on thee;
Their Desires still bettered be.

This, thy *Picture*, therefore, show I Naked vnto euery eye.
Yet, no feare of *Rivall* know I,
Neither touch of *Ielousie*.
For, the more make loue to thee;
I, the more shall pleased be.

I

I, am no Italian Louer,
That will mewe thee in a Iayle;
But, thy Beautie I discouer,
English-like, without a vaile.
If, thou mayst be wonne away;
Winne and weare thee, he that may.

Yet, in this, thou mayst beleeue me; (So indifferent though I seeme)

Death with tortures, would not grieue

More, then losse of thy esteeme. (me,
For, if VIRTVE me forsake;

All, a scorne of me will make.

Then, as I on Thee relying,
Doe no changing, feare in Thee:
So, by my defects fupplying,
From all changing, keepe thou me.
That, vnmatched we may prooue
Thou, for Beautie; I, for Loue.

Then

Then, while their Loues, are forgotten, Who to Pride, and Lust were slaues; And, their *Mistresses* quite rotten, Lye vnthought on, in their graues.

Kings and Queens (in their despight) Shall, to mind vs, take delight.

FAIRE-



FAIRE-VIRTVE:

OR

THE MISTRESSE OF PHIL'ARETE.

TWo prettie Rills doe meet, and meeting make Within one vally, a large filuer lake:
About whose bankes the fertile mountaines stood, In ages passed brauely crownd with wood;
Which lending Cold-sweet-shadowes, gaueit grace, To be accounted Cynthia's Bathing place.
And from her father Neptunes brackish Court, Faire Thetis thither often would resort, Attended by the Fishes of the Sea, Which in those sweeter waters came to plea. There, would the daughter of the Sea-God diue; And thither came the Land-Nymphs euery Eue, To wait vpon her: bringing for her browes, Richgarlands of sweet flowres, and Beechy boughs.

B For,

OF PHIL'ARETE.

For, pleasantwas that Poole; and neere it, then, Was neither rotten Mersh, nor boggy Fen. It was nor overgrowne with boystrous Sedge, Nor grew there rudely then along the edge, A bending Willow, nor a pricky Bush, Nor broadleafd Flag, nor Reed, nor knotty Rush. But here, wel order'd was a groue with Bowers: There graffy-plots fet round about with Flowers. Here, you might (through the water) fee the land, Appeare, strowd o're with white or yellow fand. Yonn, deeper was it; and the wind by whiffes. Would make it rise, and wash the little cliffes, On which, oft pluming sate (vnfrighted than) The gagling Wildgoofe, and the snow-white Swan: Withall those flockes of Fowles, which to this day, Vpon those quiet waters breed, and play.

For, though those excellences wanting be, Which once it had; it is the same, that we By Transposition name the Ford of Arle. And out of which along a Chalky Marle) That River trils, whose waters wash the Fort, In which brave Arthur kept his royall Court. North-east (not far frō this great Poole) there lies A tract of Beechy mountaines, that arise With leasurely-ascending to such height, As from their tops the warlike Ile of Wight.

You

OF PHILARETE.

You in the Oceans bosome may espie, Though neere two hundred furlongs thence it lie. The pleasant way, as up those hils you clime, Is strewed o're, with Mariarome, and Thymc. Which growes vn fet. The hedge-rowes do not want The Cowslip, violet, Primrose, nor a plant, That freshly sents: as Birch both greene and tall; Low Sallowes, on whose bloomings Bees doe fall. Faire Woodbinds which, about the hedges twine; Smooth Privet, and the sharpesweete Eglantine. With many moe, whose leaves and blossomes faire, The Earth addorne, and oft perfumes the ayre. When you vnto the highest doe attaine; An intermixture both of Wood and Plaine, You shall behold: which (though aloft it lye) Hath downes for sheepe, and fields for husbandry. So much (at least) as little needeth more, If not enough to marchandize their store. In every Rowe hath Nature planted there, Some banquet, for the hungry passenger. For here, the Haste-nut and Filbird growes; There Bulloes, and little further Sloes On this hand, standeth a faire weilding-tree; On that, large thickets of blacke Cherries be. The shrubbie fields, are Raspice-Orchards there, The new fel'd woods, like Strabery-gardens are:

And

THE MISTRESSE

And, had the King of Rivers blest those hills With some small number of such prettie Rills As slow elsewhere, Arcadia had not seene A sweeter plot of Earth then this had beene.

For what offence this Place was scanted so
Of springing waters, no record doth show:
Nor have they old tradition left, that tels;
But till this day, at siftie fathome Wels
The Shepherdsdrink. And strangeit was to heare
Of any Swaine that ever lived there,
Who either in a Pastorall-Ode had skill,
Or knew to set his singers to a quill.
For, rude they were who there inhabited,
And to a dull contentment being bred,
They no such art esteem'd, nor tooke much heed
Of any thing, the world without them did.

Eu'n there; and in the least frequented place
Of all these mountaines, is a little space
Of pleasant ground hemd in with dropping trees,
And those so thicke, that Phæbus scarcely sees
The earth they grow on once in all the yeere,
Nor what is done among the shaddowes there.
Along those louely pathes (where neuer came
Report of Pan, or of Apollo's name,
Nor rumour of the Muses till of late) (Fate
Some Nymphs were wandring: and by chance, or

Vpon a Laund ariued, where they met
The little flocke of Pastor Philaret.
They, were a troupe of Beauties knownewellnigh
Through all the Plaines of happy Britany.
A Shepheards lad was he, obscure and young,
Who (being first that ever there had sung)
In homely Verse, expressed Countrey loves;
And onely told them to the Beechy groves:
As if to sound his name he never ment,
Beyond the compasse that his Sheep-walke went.

They saw not him; nor them perceived he: For, in the branches of a Maple-tree He shrouded sate, and taught the hollow hill To Eccho foorth the Musique of his quill: Whose tatling voice redoubled so the sound, That where he was conceald, they quickly found. And there, they heard him sing a Madrigall; That soone betrayd his cunning to them all.

Full rude it was no doubt, but fuch a Song, Those rusticke, and obscured shades among, Was never heard (they say) by any eare; Vntill his Muses had inspir'd him there. Though meane and plain, his Country habit seemd, Yet by his Song the Ladies rightly deemd; That either he had travailed abrode, Where Swaines of better knowledge make abode:

B 3 Or

Or else, that some braue Nimph who vs'd that Had dained to inrich him, with her love. (Grove, Approaching nearer, therefore, to this Swaine, They him saluted; and he, them againe:
In such good fashion, as well seemd to be According to their state and his degree.
Which greetings, being passed; and much chat, Concerning him, the place, with this and that; He, to an Arbor doth those beauties bring; Where, he them prayes to sit, they him to sing: And to expresse that untaught Country Art, In setting forth the Mistresse of his hart; Which they oreheard him practise, when unseene, He thought no eare had witnesse of it beene.

At first (as much vnable) he refused;
And seemed willing to have beene excussed,
From such a taske. For, trust me Nimphs (quoth
I would not purposely vncivill be, he)
Nor churlish in denying what you crave;
But, as I hope Great Pan my slocke will save,
I rather wish, that I might heard of none,
Enioy my Musick, by my selfe alone:
Or, that the murmers of some little Flood
(Ioynd with the friendly Ecchoes of the wood)
Might be th'impartiall Vmpires of my wit,
Then vent it, where the world might heare of it.
And

And doubtlesse, I had sung lesse loud while-ere, Had I but thought of any such so neere. Not that I either wish obscurifide, Her matchlesse Beanty; or desire to hide Her sweet perfections. For, by Loue I sweare, The vtmost happinesse I ayme at here, It but to compasse worth enough to raise A high-built Trophee equall with her praise.

Which (fairest Ladies) I shall hope in vaine: For, I was meanly bred on yonder Plaine. And, though I can well prooue my Blood to be Deriu'd from no ignoble Stems to me: Yet Fate and Time them so obscur'd and crost, That with their Fortunes their esteeme is lost. And whatsoere repute I striue to win, Now, from my selfe alone, it must begin. For, I have nor estate, nor friends, nor same, To purchase either credit to my name, Or gaine a good Opinion; though I doe Ascend the height I shall aspire vnto.

If any of those virtues yet I have, Which honour to my Predecessors gave, Ther's all that's left me. And though some con-Such needy Iewels; yet it was for them, (temne My Faire-one did my humble suit affect, And dayned my adventurous love respect.

B₄ And

And by their helpe, I passage hope to make Through such poore things as I dare undertake. But, you may fay; what goodly thing alas! Can my despised meannesse bring to passe? Or what great Monument of honour raise To Virtue, in these Vice abounding dayes? In which (a thousand times) more honor finds, Ignoble gotten meanes, then noble minds? Indeed, the world affoordeth small reward For honest minds; and therefore her regard I seeke not after: neither doe I care, If I have bliffe, how others thinke I fare. For, so my thoughts have rest, it yrkes not me, Though none but I, doe know how bleft they be. Heretherefore, in these groues and hidden plaines, I pleased sit alone; and many straines I carroll to my selfe, these hills among: Where no man comes to interrupt my Song. Whereas, if myrude layes make knowne I should, Beyond their home; perhaps, some Carpers would (Because they have not heard from whence we be) Traduce, abuse, and scoffe both them and me. For, if our great and learned Shepheards (who Are grac't with wit, and fame, and fauours to,) With much adoe, escape vncensurd may; What hopes have I to passe vnscoft I pray, Who

Who yet vnto the Muses am vnknowne?

And live vnhonoured, heere among mine owne?

A gadding humour seldome taketh me,

To range out further then yonn mountaines be:

Nor hath applausive Rumour borne my name

Vpon the spreading wings of sounding Fame.

Nor can I thinke (faire Nymphs) that you resort

For other purpose, then to make a sport

At that simplicitie which shall appeare

Among the rude vntutor'd Shepheards here.

I know that you my Noble Mistresse weene At best, a homely Milk-maid on the Greene; Or some such Country Lasse, as tasked stayes At servile labour vntill Holy dayes. For, poore mens vertues so neglected grow, And are now prized at a rate so low, As tis impossible, You should bee brought, To let it with beliefe possesses your thought, That any Nymph whose love might worthy be; Would daigne to cast respective eyes on me.

You see I live, possessing none of those Gaythings, with which the world enamor'd grows. To woo a Courtly Beautie, I have neither Rings, Bracelets, Iewels, nor a Scarfe, nor Feather. I vse no double dyed Cloth to weare; No Scrip embroydered richly doe I beare:

No

No silken Belt, nor Sheephooke layd with pearles, To win me fauour from the Shepherds Girles. No place of office, or Command I keepe, But this my little Flocke of homely sheepe. And in a word; the summe of all my pelfe Is this; I am the Master of my selfe.

No doubt; in Courts of Princes you have beene, And all the pleasures of the Palace seene. There, you beheld brave Courtly passages, Betweene Heroës and their Mistresses. You, there perhaps (in presence of the King) Have heard his learned Bards and Poets sing. And what contentment then, can wood, or field, To please your curious understandings yeeld? I know, you walked hither, but to proove, What silly Shepheards doe conceive of love: Or to make triall how our simplenesse Can passons force, or Beauties power expresse: And when you are departed, you will ioy, To laugh, or descant on the Shepheards boy.

But yet (I vow) if all the Art I had Could any more efteeme, or glory add To her vnmatched worth; I would not weigh What you intended. Prethee lad, quoth they, Distrustfull of our Courtsie doe not seeme. Her Noblenesse can neuer want esteeme;

Nor

Nor thy concealed Measures be disgrac't, Though in a meaner person they were plac't: If thy too modestly reserved Quill, But reach that height, which we suppose it will. Thy meannesse or obscurenesse cannot wrong, The Nymph thou shalt eternize in thy Song. For, as it higher reares thy glory, that A noble Mistresse thou hast aymed at: So, more unto her honour it will prooue, That whilft deceauing shaddowes others move, Her constant eyes, could passe vnmoued by, The fubtill times bewitching brauery; And those obscured virtues love in thee, That with despised meannesse clouded be. Now then, for her sweet sake, whose Beautious eye, Hath filled thy foule with heavenly Poefie, Sing in her praise some new inspired straine: And, if within our power there shall remaine, A fauour to be done may pleasure thee: Aske, and obtaine it, what soere it be. Faire Ladies, quoth the lad, such words as those, Compell me can: and, therewithall he rose; Return'd them thanks, obeisance made, and than,

You

Downe sate againe, and thus to sing began.

YOV, that at a blush can tell, Where the best persections dwell; And the substance can coniecture, By a shaddow, or a Picture: Come, and try, if you by this; Know my Mistresse, who she is.

For, though I am farre vnable Here to match Apelles table, Or draw Zeuxes, cunning Lines, Who, fo painted Bacchus Vines, That the hungry Byrds did muster, Round the counterfeited Cluster. Though, I vaunt not to inherit, Petrarchs, yet vnequal'd spirit; Nor to quaffe the facred Well, Halfe fo deepe as Astrophill: Though, the much commended *Celia*, Louely Laura, Stella, Delia, (Who in former times excell'd) Liue in Lines vnparaled; Making vs beleeue 'twere much, Earth should yeeld another such.

Yet, affisted but by Nature, I assay to paint a Creature

Whofe

Whose rare worth, in suture yeares, Shall be prayed, as much as theirs. Nor let any thinke amisse, That I have presumed this: For, a gentle Nimph is shee, And hath often honor'd me. Shees, a noble sparke of light, In each part so exquisit, Had she in times passed beene, They had made her, beauties Queene.

Then, shall cowardly despaire, Let the most vnblemisht faire, For default of some poore Art (Which her fauour may impart) And the fweetest Beauty fade, That was euer borne or made? Shall, of all the faire ones, shee Onely fo vnhappy be; As to liue in fuch a Time. In fo rude, fo dull a Clime, Where no spirit can ascend High enough, to apprehend Her vnprized excellence, Which lies hid from common fense? Neuer shall a staine so vile. Blemish this, our Poets Ile.

I my felfe, will rather runne, And feeke out for Helicon. I, will wash, and make me cleane, In the waves of Hyppocrene: And in fpight of Fortunes barres, Climbe the *Hill* that braues the starres. Where, if I can get no Mule That will any skill infuse, (Or my iust attempt prefer) I will make a Muse of Her: Whose kind heat shall soone distill, Art, into my ruder quill. By her fauour, I will gaine Helpe, to reach fo rare a Straine: That the learned Hils shall wonder, How the vntaught vallies vnder, Met with Raptures fo diuine, Without knowledge of the NINE.

I, that am a Shepheards Swaine,
Piping on the lowly plaine,
And no other Musique can,
Then what learn'd I haue of Pan.
I, who neuer sung the Layes,
That deserue Apollo's bayes,
Hope not onely, here to frame,
Measures, which shall keepe Her name,

From

From the fpight of wasting Times; But (enshrin'd in facred Rimes) Place her, where her forme diuine, Shall to after ages shine: And without respect of Odds, Vye renowne with *Demy-Gods*.

Then, whilft of her praise I sing, Harken Vally, Groue and Spring; Listen to me facred *Fountaines*. Solitarie Rocks, and Mountaines: Satyres, and you wanton Elues, That doe nightly fport your felues. Shepheards, you that on the Reede, Whiftle while your lambes doe feed: Aged Woods, and Floods, that know, What hath beene long times agoe. Your more ferious *Notes* among, Heare, how I can in my Song, Set a Nimphs perfection forth: And, when you have heard her worth; Say, if fuch another La/e, Euer knowne to mortall was.

Listen Lordlings; you that most, Of your outward honors boast. And you Gallants; that thinke scorne, We to lowly fortunes borne,

Should

Should attaine to any graces,
Where, you looke for fweet embraces.
See; if all those vanities,
Whereon your affection lies.
Or the Titles, or the power,
By your Fathers virtues your,
Can your Mistresses enshrine,

In fuch state, as I will mine: Who am forced, to importune

Fauours, in despight of Fortune.

Beauties listen; chiefly you, That yet know not *Virtues* due. You, that thinke there are no fports, Nor no honours but in *Courts*. (Though of thousands there liues not Two, but dye and are forgot:) See, if any Palace yeelds Ought more glorious, then the Fields. And confider well, if we May not as high-flying be In our thoughts, as you that fing In the Chambers of a King. See: if our contented minds, Whom Ambition neuer blinds: (We, that clad in home-fpun gray, On our owne fweet Meadowes play)

Cannot

Cannot honour (if we please)
Where we list as well as these.
Or as well of worth approue;
Or with equall passions loue.
See, if beauties may not touch
Our soone-louing hearts as much:
Or our seruices effect
Fauours, with as true respect
In your good conceits to rise,
As our painted Butterslies.

And you Fairest give her roome, When your Sexes pride doth come: For that Subject of my fong, I inuoke these Groues among, To be witnesse of the Layes, Which I carroll in her praise. And because shee soone will see. If my *Measures* faultie be; Whilst I chaunt them, let each Rime Keepe a well proportioned time: And with straines that are divine, Meet her thoughts in euery line. Let each accent there, prefent To her Soule a new content; And, with rauishings so ceaze her, She may feele the height of pleasure.

You

You enchanting spells, that lye, Lurking in fweet Poesie: (And to none elfe will appeare, But to those that worthy are) Make *Her* know there is a power Ruling in these Charmes of your; That transcends (a thousand heights) Ordinary mens delights: And can leaue within her brest. Pleasures, not to be exprest. Let her linger, on each straine, As if shee would heare't againe; And were loth to part from thence, Till shee had the quintessence, Out of each conceit shee meets. And had flord her, with those sweets.

Make her, by your Art to fee:
I, that am her Swaine, was he,
Vnto whom all beauties here,
Were alike, and equall deare.
That I could of freedome boaft,
And of fauours with the most:
Yet, now (nothing more affecting)
Sing of Her, the rest neglecting.

Make her heart, with full Compassion, Iudge the merit of true passion;

And, as much my loue prefer, As I striue to honor *Her*.

Lastly; you, that will (I know)
Heare me, wh'ere you should or no.
You, that seeke to turne all Flowers,
By your breathes infectious powers,
Into such ranke lothsome weedes,
As your dunghill nature breeds.
Let your hearts be chast, or here
Come not, till you purge them cleare.
Marke; and marke then, what is worst:
For, what ere it seeme at first;
If you bring a modest minde,
You shall nought immodest finde.

But, if any too feuere,
Happ to lend a partiall eare;
Or, out of his blindnesse yawne,
Such a word, as *Oh prophane*:
Let him know thus much from me,
If here's ought prophane, tis he;
Who applies these excellences,
Onely to the touch of senses:
And, dimm sighted, cannot see,
Where the soule of this, may bee.

Yet, that no offence may grow, Tis their choice, to stay, or goe.

 C_2

Or,

Or, if any for despight,
Rather comes, then for delight:
For his presence Ile not pray,
Nor his absence: come he may.
Critticks shall admitted be,
Though I know theile carpe at me.
For I neither seare nor care,
What in this, their censures are.

If the Verse heere vsed, be Their dislike; it liketh me. If my Methode they deride, Let them know, Loue is not tide In his free Discourse, to chuse Such strict rules as Arts-men vse. These may prate of Loue; but they, Know him not: for Hee will play From the matter, now and then, Off and on, and off agen.

If this Prologue tedious feeme,
Or the rest too long they deeme:
Let them know, my loue they win,
Though they goe ere I begin,
Iust as if they should attend me,
Till the last, and there commend me.
For, I will for no mans pleasure
Change a Syllable or measure:

Since

Neither for their praises adde Ought to mend what they thinke bad: Since it neuer was my fashion, To make worke of Recreation.

Pedants shall not tye my straines, To our Antique *Poets* vaines; As if we, in latter dayes, Knew to loue, but not to praise. Being borne as free as thefe, I will fing, as I shall please; Who, as well new paths may run, As the best before haue done. I disdaine to make my Song, For their pleasures short or long. If I please Ile end it here: If I lift Ile fing this yeere. And, though none regard of it, By my felfe I pleas'd can fit, And, with that contentment cheare me. As if halfe the world did heare me.

But because I am assured, All are either so coniured, As they will my Song attend, With the patience of a friend; Or (at least) take note, that I Care not much: now willingly

I

 C_3

I these goodly Colours lay,
Wind, nor Raine, shall weare away.
But retaine their purest glasse,
When the Statues made of brasse,
For some Princes more renowne,
Shall be wholly ouerthrowne:
Or (consum'd with cankred rust)
Lie neglected in the dust.

And my Reason giues direction, (When I sing of such perfection)
First, those beauties to declare,
Which (though hers) without her are.
To advance her same, I sind,
Those are of a triple kind.
Priviledges she hath store,
At her birth, since, and before.
From before her birth, the same,
Shee of high discents may claime;
(Whose wel-gotten honors, may
Her deserving more display)
For, from heavenly race shee springs,
And from high and mightie Kings.

At her birth; shee was by Fate In those Parents fortunate, Whose estates and virtues stood, Answerable to their Blood.

Then

Then, the Nation, Time, and Place,
To the rest may adde some grace.
For the People, with the Clime,
And the fashions of the time;
(In all which she hath been blest,
By enioying them at best)
Doe not onely mend the features,
But oft times make better natures.
Whereas, those who hap not so,
Both desorm'd, and ruder grow.

In these Climes, and latter dayes, To deserve sweet Beauties praise, (Where fo many females dwell, That each feemeth to excell) In more glory twenty fold, Then it was in dayes of old, When our ordinary Faire ones Might have been esteemed rare ones; And have made a fubiect fit. For their brauest *Poets* wit. Little Rush-lights, or a sparke, Shineth fairely in the darke: And, to him occasion giues That from fight of lesser liues To adore it: yet the Ray Of one Torch will take away

C 4

All

All the light of twentie more,
That shin'd very well before.
So, those pettie Beauties, which
Made the times before vs rich;
Though but sparkles seemd a slame,
Which hath been increast by Fame,
And their true affections, who
Better neuer liu'd to know.
Whereas, her if they had seene,
Shee had sure adored beene,
And taught Ages past, to sing
Sweeter in their Sonneting.

Such a Ray, so cleare, so bright, Had out-shined all the light, Of a thousand such as theirs, Who were then esteemed Starres; And would have enlightned, neere Halfe the worlds wide Hemisphere. Shee is fairest, that may passe For a faire one, where the Lasse Trips it on the Countrie greene, That may equal Spartas Queene. Where (in every street you see) Throngs of Nymphs and Ladies be, That are faire enough to move Angels; and enamour Ioue.

Shee

Shee must matchlesse features bring That now mooues a Muse to fing, When as one small *Province* may Shew more Beauties in a day, Then the halfe of *Europe* could, Breed them in an age of old. Such is shee, and such a lot Hath her rare perfection got. Since her birth; to make the coulor Of fo true a Beautie fuller: And to give a better grace To that fweetnesse in the face: Shee, hath all the furthrance had, Noble educations add. And not onely knoweth all, Which our Ladies, Courtship call, With those knowledges, that doe Grace her fex, and fute thereto: But shee hath attaind to find. (What is rare with womankind) Excellencies, whereby she May in foule delighted be; And reape more contentment, than One of twentie thousand can. By this meanes, hath better'd bin,

All without her, and within.

For.

For, it hath by adding Arts,
To addorne her natiue parts,
Raifed to a noble flame,
(Which shall lighten forth her fame)
Those deare sparkes of facred fire,
Which the Muses did inspire
At her birth: that she compleat,
Might with them besit a feat.

But, perhaps I doe amise, To infift fo long on this. These, are superficiall things; And but flender shaddowings, To the worke I have in hand. Neither can you vnderstand, What her excellence may be, Till her selfe describ'd you see. Nor can mine, or any penn, Paint her halfe fo louely then, As she is indeed. For, here Might those Deities appeare, Which young *Paris* view'd, at will, Naked, vpon Ida hill; That I from those three might take, All their beauties One to make (Those, no question well compact, Would have made vp one exact)

Some-

Something yet, we misse of might,
To expresse her sweetnesse right,
Iuno's maiestie would sit;
Venus beauty, Pallas wit:
Might haue brought to patterne hers,
In some shew'd particulers.
But, they neuer can expresse,
Her whole frame or worthinesse:
With those excellences, which
Make both soule, and body rich.
Pallas sometimes was vntoward,
Venus wanton, Iuno froward:

Venus wanton, Iuno froward:
Yea, all three infected were,
With fuch faults as women are.
And, though falfly Deifi'd,
Fraileties had, which shee'le deride.

By herfelfe, must therefore she, Or by nothing pattern'd, be. And I hope to paynt her so, By her selfe; that you shall know, I haue seru'd no common Dame, Of meane worth, or vulger same, But a Nimph that's sairer than, Pen, or Pencill, portrait can. And to morrow if you stray, Backe againe this vncoth way:

I my simple art will show: But, the time preuents me now. For, except at yonder glade, All the Laund is vnder shade. That, before these Ewes be told, Those my Weathers in the fold, Ten young Wainlings driuen downe To the well beneath the Towne; And my Lambkins changed from Brome leaze, to the Mead at home: Twill be farre in night: and fo, I shall make my father woe For my stay, and be in feare Some what is mischanced here. On your way, Ile therefore bring you, And a Song or two Ile fing you, Such as I (halfe in defpaire) Made when first I woo'd my Faire: Whereunto my Boy shall play, That my voyce affift, it may.

Come

Ome my Muse, if thou distaine,
All my comforts are bereft me;
No delight doth now remaine,
I nor friend, nor slocke have left me,
They are scattered on the plaine.

(Men, alas) are too seuere,
And make scoffes at Louers Fortunes;
Women, hearted like the Beare,
That regards not who importunes,
But, doth all in pieces teare.

If I should my sorrowes show
Vnto Riuers, Springs, or Fountaines,
They are sencelesse of my woe;
So are groues, and rockes, and mountaines.
Then, oh whither shall I goe?

Meanes of harbour me to shield From dispaire; Ah, know you any? For, nor Citie, Grange, nor Field (Though they lend content to many) Vnto me, can comfort yeeld.

I have wept and fighed to,
For compassion to make triall:
Yea, done all that words can doe,
Yet have nothing but denyall.
What way is there then to wooe?

Shall

Shall I fweare, protest, and vow?

So have I done most extreamely.

Should I die? I know not how.

For, from all attempts unseemely,

Loue, and Virtue, keepes me now.

I have heard that Time prevailes;
But I feare mee tis a fable.
Time, and all endeauour failes;
To beare more, my heart's vnable,
Yet none careth what it ayles.

Lines, to some have op't the dore, And got entrance for affection. Words well spoken, much implore By the Gestures good direction: But a Looke doth ten times more.

Tis the Eye that onely reades,

To the heart, loues deepest Lectures.

By a moouing looke it pleads,

More then common sence coniectures:

And, a way to pittie leades.

This, I knowing did observe,
(both by Words, & Looks complayning)
Yet, for pittie I may starve:
There's no hope of my obtaining;
Till I better can deserve.

Yea.

Yea, and he that thinkes to winne By defert, may bee deceived. For, they who have worthiest bin, Of their right have beene bereaved, And a Groome admitted in.

Wherefore Muse, to thee I call;
Thou (fince nothing else availes me)
Must redeeme mee from my thrall.
If thy sweet enchauntment failes me,
Then adue, love, life, and all.

2.

TEllmemy hart, what Thoughts the sepantings move?

My Thoughts of LOUE.

What Flames are these, that set thee so on fire?

Flames of DESIRE.

What Meanes hast thou, contentments sloure to crop?

No Meanes but HOPE.

Yet let vs feed on Hope, and Hope the best. For, they amid their griefes are something blest; (scope, Whose Thoughts, & Flames, & Meanes, have such free They may at once, both LOVE, DESIRE, and HOPE.

But say; what Fruit will love at last obtaine?
Fruitlesse DISDAINE.
What will those Hopes prove, which yet seeme so faire?
Hopelesse DESPAIRE.

What

What End shall runne those passions out of breath?

An endlesse DEATH.

Oh can there be fuch crueltie in Loue?

And doth my Fortune fo vngentle proue,

Shee will no Fruit, nor Hope, nor End bequeath,

But cruelleft DISDAIN, DISPAIRE, and DEATH?

Then what new Studie shall I now apply?

Studie to DIE.

How might I end my Care, and dye content?

Care to REPENT.

And what good Thoughts may make my end more holy?

Thinke on thy FOLLY.

Yes, fo I will; and fince my Fate can give No Hope, but ever without Hope to live. My Studies, Cares, and Thoughts, Ile all apply, To weigh my FOLLY well, REPENT and DIE.

3.

SAD Eyes what doe you ayle
To be thus ill disposed?
Why doth your sleeping faile,
Now all mens else are closed?
Wast I, that nere did bow
In any seruile dutie;
And will you make me, now,
A slaue to Loue and Beautie?

What

What though thy Mistresse smile,
And in her love affects thee?
Let not her eye beguile,
I feare shee disrespects thee.
Doe not poore heart depend
On those vaine thoughts that fill thee;
Theyle faile thee in the end,
So must thy passions kill thee.

What hopes have I, that shee will hold her favours ever;
When so few women be,
That constant can persever?
What ere shee doe protest,
When Fortunes doe deceive me;
Then shee, with all the rest,
I feare, alas! will leave me.

Whil'st youth, & strength remains,
With art that may commend her;
Perhaps, she nought disdaines,
Her servant should attend her.
But, it is one to ten,
If crosses overtake me;
Shee will not know me, then,
But scorne, and so forsake mee.

Shall

Shall then in earnest truth,
My carefull eyes observe her?
Shall I consume my youth,
And short my time to serve her?
Shall I, beyond my strength,
Let passions torments proove me,
To heare her say, at length,
Away, I cannot love thee?

Oh, rather let me dye,
Whil'st I thus gentle finde her;
Twere worse then death, if I,
Should finde shee prooues vnkinder.
One frowne (though but in iest)
Or one vnkindnes, fained,
Would rob me of more rest,
Then ere could be regained.

But, in her eyes I finde,
Such fignes of pitie moouing;
Shee cannot be vnkinde:
Nor erre, nor faile in louing.
And, on her forehead, this,
Seemes written to relieue me;
My heart no ioy shall misse,
That Loue, or Shee, can giue me.

Which

Which if I finde, I vow,
My service shall persever:
The same that I am now,
I will continue ever.
No others high degree,
Nor beautious looke shall change me.
My Love shall constant bee,
And no estate estrange me.

When other noble Dames
By greater men attended;
Shall with their Liues, and Names,
Haue all their glories ended;
With fairest Queenes shall she,
Sit sharing equall glory:
And Times to come, shall be,
Delighted with our Story.

In spight of others hates,
More honour I will doe her,
Then those, that with Estates,
And helpes of Fortune wooe her.
Yea, that true worth I spie,
Though Monarchs stroue to grace it,
They should not reach more hie,
Then I dare hope to place it.
D 2

And though I neuer vaunt,
What fauours are possessed,
Much lesse content I want,
Then if they were expressed.
Let others make their mirth,
To blab each kisse, or toying;
I know no blisse on earth,
Like, secret Loue enioying.

And this shall be the worst,
Of all that can betide me;
If I, like some accurst,
Should finde my hopes deride me:
My Cares will not be long,
I know which way to mend them;
Ile thinke who did the wrong,
Sigh, breake my heart, and end them.

Haile faire Beauties, and againe, Haile to all your goodly traine. What I promifd yesterday, If it please you, heare yee may: For, now once begun haue I, Sing I will, though none were by.

And, though freely on I runne, Yet confused paths to shunne, First, that part shalbe disclos'd, Thats of *Elements* compof'd. There, the two vnequall paire, Water, Fire, Earth and Ayre. (Each one futing a Complexion,) Haue fo cunning a Commixtion; As they, in proportion sweet, With the rarest temper meete. Either, in as much as needeth, So as neither, ought exceedeth. This pure substance, is the same, Which the *Body* we doe name. Were that, of immortall stuffe; Tis refin'd and pure enough, To be cald a *Soule*: for fure, Many Soules are not so pure. I (that with a ferious looke. Note of this rare *Moddel* tooke) Find, that Nature in their places, So well couched all the Graces. As the Curioust eies that be, Can nor blot, nor blemish see.

Like a Pine it groweth streight, Reaching an approued height:

D 3

And hath all the choice perfections, That inflame the best affections. In the motion of each part, *Nature* seemes to striue with *Art*, Which her gestures most shall blesse, With the guists of Pleasingnesse.

When she sits; me, thinkes, I see, How all virtues fixed be, In a frame; whose constant mould, Will the same vnchanged hold. If you note her when she moues, Cytherea drawne with doues: May come learne such winning motions, As will gaine to loues deuotions, More then all her painted wiles; Such as teares, or sighs, or smiles.

Some, whose bodies want true graces, Haue sweete features in their faces: Others, that doe misse them there, Louely are some other where; And to our desires doe sitte, In behauiour, or in witte: Or some inward worth appearing, To the soule, the soule endearing. But, in her your eie may find, All thats good in Womankind.

What

What in others we preferre,
Are but fundry parts of her:
Who, most perfect, doth present,
What might one, and all content.
Yea, he that in loue still ranges,
And each day, or howrly changes;
(Had he iudgement but to know,
What perfection in her grow)
There would find the spring of store,
Sweare a faith, and change no more.

Neither in the totall frame,,
Is she only void of blame;
But, each part suruei'd a sunder,
Might beget both loue and wonder.
If you dare to looke so high,
Or behold such maiestie;
Lift your wondring eies, and see,
Whether ought can better'd be.

Ther's her *Haire*, with which Loue angles, And beholders eies intangles.
For, in those faire curled snares,
They are hampred vnawares:
And compeld to sweare a duty,
To her sweete inthrauling beauty.
In my mind, tis the most faire,
That was euer called haire,

D 4

Some-

Somewhat brighter then a browne, And her *Treffes* wauing downe, At full length, and fo dispread: Mantles her from foote to head.

If you faw her Arched Brow, Tell me pray, what Art knowes how To have made it in a line, More exact, or more diuine. Beauty there may be discri'd, In the height of all her pride, Tis a meanly rifing plaine, Whose pure white hath many a vaine, Interlacing like the fprings, In the earths enamilings. If the tale be not a toy, Of the little winged *Boy*; When he meanes to strike a heart, Thence, he throwes the fatall dart: Which of wounds still makes a paire, One of Loue, one of Dispaire.

Round her vifage: or fo neare, To a roundnes doth appeare, That no more of length it takes, Then what best proportion makes. Short her *Chinne* is; and yet fo, As it is iust long enow:

Loue-

Louelines, doth feeme to glory,
In that Cyrcling *Promontory*.
Pretty mouing features skip,
Twixt that hillocke and the lip:
If you note her, but the while
She is pleaf'd to fpeake, or fmile.

And her Lips (that shew no dulnes) Full are, in the meanest fulnes:
Those, the leaves be, whose vnfolding, Brings sweete pleasures to beholding:
For, such pearles they doe disclose, Both the *Indies* match not those:
Yet, are so in order placed,
As their whitenesse is more graced.
Each part is so well disposed,
And her dainty mouth composed,
So, as there is no distortion,
Misbeseemes that sweete proportion.

When her Iuorie Teeth she buries, Twixt her two enticing cherries, There appeares such pleasures hidden, As might tempt what were forbidden. If you looke againe the whiles, She doth part those lips in smiles: Tis as when a slash of light, Breakes from heauen to glad the night.

Other

Other parts my pencill craue, But those lips I cannot leaue; For (me thinkes) I should goe, And forfake those Cherries so. Ther's a kind of excellence. Holds me from departing hence. I would tell you what it were, But my cunning failes me there. They are like in their discloses, To the mornings dewie roses: That beside the name of faire. Cast perfumes that sweet the Aire. Melting-foft her kiffes be, And had I, now, two or three; (More inspired, by their touch) I had praifd them twife asmuch.

But fweete Muses marke yee how,
Her faire eies doe checke me now,
That I seem'd to passe them so:
And their praises ouer goe:
And yet blame me not, that I
Would so faine haue past them by.
For, I seared to haue seene them,
Least there were some danger in them.
Yet, such gentle lookes they lend,
As might make her soe, a friend;

And

And by their allurings moue,
All beholders, vnto loue.
Such a power is also there,
As will keepe those thoughts in feare;
And command enough I faw,
To hold impudence in awe.
There, may he that knowes to loue,
Read contents, which are aboue,
Their ignoble aimes, who know
Nothing, that so high doth grow.
Whilst she me beholding is,
My hart dares not thinke amisse:
For, her sight most peircing cleare,
Seemes to see, whats written there.

Those bright Eies, that with their light, Often times have blest my sight, And in turning thence their shining, Lest me in sad darkenes pining: Are the rarest, loueliest gray. And do cast forth such a ray; As the man, that black prefers, More would like this gray of hers.

When their matchles beames she shrouds, Tis like *Cynthia* hid in Clouds. If againe she shew them light, Tis like morning after night.

And,

And, tis worthy well beholding, With how many a pretty folding, Her fweet eye-lids grace that faire, Meanly fring'd with beaming haire: Whereby, neatly ouerfpread, Those bright lamps are shaddowed.

Twixt the *Eyes*, no hollow place, Wrinkle nor vndecent space, Disproportions her in ought; Though by *Enuy*, faults were sought.

On those *Eye-browes* neuer yet, Did disdainefull scowling sit. *Loue* and *Goodnesse* gotten thither, Sit on equall thrones together; And doe throw iust scorne on them, That their gouernment contemne.

Then (almost obscur'd) appeares
Those her Iewell-gracing Eares,
Whose owne Beauties more adorne,
Then the richest Pearle that's worne
By the proudest Persian Dames,
Or the best that Nature frames.
There, the voice (in loues Meanders)
Those their pretty cirklings, wanders:
Whose rare turnings will admit,
No rude speech to enter it.

Stretching

Stretching from mount Forhead lies, Beauties Cape betwixt her eyes. Which two Chrystall-passing lakes, Loues delightfull Isthmus makes; Neither more nor leffe extending, Then most meriteth commending. Those, in whom that part hath beene, Best deseruing praises seene: Or, (furueid without affection) Came the neerest to perfection. Would scarce handsome ones appeare, If with her compar'd they were. For, it is fo much excelling, That it paffeth meanes of telling. On the either fide of this, Loues most louely Prospect is. Those her smiling Cheekes, whose colour Comprehends true Beautie fuller, Then the curioust mixtures can, That are made by art of Man. It is Beauties Garden-plot, Where, as in a True-love-knot, So, the Snowy Lilly growes, Mixed with the Crimfon Rofe, That, as friends they ioyned be. Yet, they feeme to disagree,

Whe-

Whether of the two shall raigne;
And the Lillies oft obtaine
Greatest sway, vnlesse a blush
Helpe the Roses at a push.
Hollow fallings, none there are;
Ther's no wrinkle, ther's no scar:
Onely ther's a little Mole,
Which from Venus cheeke was stole.

If it were a thing in Nature, Possible, that any Creature, Might decaying life repaire Onely by the helpe of Aire: There were no fuch Salue for death, As the balme of her fweet breath. Or, if any humane power, Might detaine the Soule an houre, From the flesh to dust bequeathing, It would linger on her breathing: And be halfe in mind, that there; More then mortall pleasures were. And whose fortune were so faire, As to draw fo fweet an ayre, Would no doubt, let sleighted lie, The perfumes of *Arabie*. For the English Eglantine, Doth through enuy of her, pine.

Violets,

Violets, and Roses to; Feares that she will them vndoe. And, it seemes that in her brest, Is compos'd the *Phænix* nest.

But, descend a while mine eye.
See, if polisht Iuory,
Or the finest sleeced flockes,
Or the whitest Albion Rocks;
For comparisons may stand,
To expresse that snowy hand.
When she drawes it from her gloue,
It hath virtue to remoue,
Or disperst; if there be ought,
Cloudeth the beholders thought.
If that palme but toucheth your,
You shall seele a secret power
Cheare your heart; and glad it more,
Though it droopt with griese before.

Through the vaines, disposed true Crimson, yeelds a Saphir hue: Which adds grace, and more delight, By embracing with the white. Smooth, and moist, and fost, and tender, Are her palmes; the singers slender; Tipt with mollisted Pearle. And if that transformed Girle.

Whofe

Whose much cunning, made her dare, With *Ioues* daughter to compare, Had that hand worne; maugre spight, Shee had sham'd the *Goddesse* quite. For, there is in euery part, Nature persecter then Art.

Thefe, were ioyned to those Armes, That were neuer made for harmes: But, possesses the sweetest graces, That may apt them for imbraces. Like the Siluer streames they be, Which from some high hill we see Clipping in a goodly Vale, That growes prowd of such a thrall.

Neither Alabaster Rocks,
Pearl-strowd-shores, nor Cotswold slockes,
Nor the Mountaines tipt with Snow,
Nor the Milk-white Swannes of Po,
Can appeare so faire to me,
As her spotlesse shoulders be.
They are like some worke of state,
Couer'd with the richest plate:
And a presence haue, that strike
With deuotions, Goddef-like.

Twixt those shoulders (meanly spread) To support that Globe-like head,

Rifeth

Rifeth vp her Necke; wherein,
Beautie feemeth to beginne
To difclose it selfe, in more
Tempting manner then before.
How, therein she doth excell,
(Though I would) I cannot tell:
For, I naught on earth espie,
That I may expresse it by.

There, should Louers as in dutie, Hange rich *Trophes* vp to Beauty. Tis proportion'd to a height, That is euen with delight. Yet, it is a great deale higher, Then to answere base desire.

Where the *Necke* hath end, begins
That fmooth path, where loues close ginns
Are thicke placed to inthrall,
Such, as that way straggle shall.
There, a pleasing passage lies,
Farre beyond the sight of eies:
And much more delight containes,
Then the old *Elizian* plaines.

Whatfoeuer others fay, There's alone the *Milkie-way*; That to beauties walkes doth goe, Which, if others came to know;

In

E

In possessing their delight, They should neuer reach the height, Of the pleasures which I share, Whilst that those debarred are.

Yet (vnfpoken of) there refts, Her two twinlike louely *Breasts*, Whose round-rising, pretty panting I would tell, but art is wanting. Words can neuer well declare. Her faire sweete perfections there: For, would measures give me leave, To expresse what I conceive, I doe know I should goe neare, Halfe to rauish all that heare. And, but that I learne to feafon, What I apprehend with Reason, It had made my Passions weight, Sincke me through my owne conceit. There I finde so large a measure, Of an vnexpressed pleasure; That my heart, through strong surmize, In a pleasing fainting lies.

He that there may rest to proue, Softer finds those beds of loue, Then the Cotton ripest growne; Or fine pillowes of such downe,

As

As in time of Molting, fanns,
From the breafts of filuer Swannes.
Those two sisters are a paire
Smoth alike, like soft, like faire;
If together they be vewed.
Yet if they a part be shewed,
That you touch, or see, seemes smother;
Softer, sairer, then the other.

That the Colour may delight,
So much red as makes the white,
Purer feeme, is shed among:
And then, here, and there, along,
Runnes a Saphire-Mine, whose blew
Shaddowd, makes so braue a shew
On those lillie mounts, as tho,
Beauties simples there did grow.
In the vale, twixt either hill,
Lies Desire in ambush still;
And surprizeth euerie eie,
Which doth that way dare to pry.

There, is fure the twy-top Hill, Where the Poets, learne their skill. Thats Parnassus where the Muses, Chast, and wise Minerua vses. Her two Cherrilets are those, Whence the pleasantst Nestar flowes:

E 2

And

And no fruits ere equall'd these, Fetcht from the *Hesperides*.

Once, as *Cynthir's* games she Chased, And for Aire, left halfe vnlased, Her light summer-robe of greene, (Beauties safe, but slender skreene) Vnawares, I partly spide, That faire Lillie sield vnhid, Which you may her Belly name; Yet, nor she, nor I, to blame. For, it was but what mine eie, Might behold with modestie.

Tis a faire and matchlesse Plaine, Where vnknowne Delights remaine, Tis the store-house wherin, Pleasure, Hides the richest of her treasure. Which, true Modestie (in ward) Keepes with a continual guard, Of such *Virtues*; as shee's sure, No corruption can allure.

There they fay (for mind it well)
I doe this by hearefay, tell,
Growes her Nauell which doth feeme,
Like fome Iewel of esteeme:
With so wondrous cunning wrought,
That an iniury tis thought:

Such

Such a beauty, with the rest,
(Should vnknowne) be vnexprest.

Some what else there is, thats hidden;
Which to name I am forbidden:
Neither haue I euer pried,
After that should be vnspied.
Neuer shall my Maiden-Muse,
So her selse, and me abuse,
As to sing what I may seare,
Will offend the Choisest eare.
Though I know, if none be by,
But true friends to Modestie;
I might name each part at will,
And yet no mans thought be ill.

Yet, for feare loose hearers may, Iudge amisse, if more I say: Ile descend to shunn all blame, To the Pillers of this Frame. Where, though I nere aimd so high, As her daintie youthfull Thigh; (Whose rare softnes, smothnes, fulnes, Being knowne, would teach my dulnes Such a straine, as might besit, Some braue Tuscan Poets wit) Once a sawcie bush I spide, Plucke her silken skirts aside;

E 3

So

So discouered vnto me,
All those beauties to the knee.
And, before the thornes entanglings,
Had let goe the Siluer spanglings,
I perceiud the curious knitting,
Of those ioynts were well besitting;
Such a Noble piece of worke:
Mongst whose turnings, seem'd to lurke,
Much to entertaine the sight,
With new obiects of delight.

Then the Legge for shape as rare, Will admit of no compare.

Streight it is; the Anckle leane,
Full the Calfe, but in the meane:
And the slender Foote doth sit,
So each way to suit with it,
As she nothing lesse excells
Therein, then in all things els.
Yea from Head to Foote, her feature,
Shewes her an vnblemisht Creature:
In whom loue with reason, might,
Finds so matchlesse a Delight.
That more cannot be acquired,
Nor, a greater blisse desired.

Yet if you will rest an howre, Vnder yonder shady bowre:

I, anon my Muse will raise
To a higher pitch of praise.
But a while with Raspice-berries,
Strawberries, ripe Peares, and Cherries,
(Such as these our Groues doe beare)
We will coole our palats there.
And those homely Cates among,
Now and then, a Past'rall Song,
Shall my Lad, here, sing, and play:
Such, as you had yesterday.

I

A Lad whose faith will constant prove,
And never know an end:
Late by an oversight in love,
Displeas'd his dearest friend.
For which, incens'd shee did retake,
The favours which he wore;
And said, he never for her sake,
Should weare, or see them more.

The griefe whereof, how neere it went, And how vnkindly tooke; Was figur'd by the discontent, Appearing in his looke.

E 4

At

At first, he could not silence breake, (So heavy sorrow lay) But when his sighs gave way to speake, Thus, sadly did he say.

My onely Deare; and with that speech,
Not able to sustaine,
The floods of griefe at sorrowes breach;
He paus'd awhile againe.
At length (nigh fainting) did expresse,
These words, with much adoe;
Oh deare! let not my loues excesse.
Me, and my loue vndoe.

Shee, little mooued with his paine,
His much distraction eyde;
And changing love, into distaine,
Thus (still vnkind) replide:
Forbeare to vrge one kindnesse more,
Vnlesse you long to see,
The good respect you had before,
At once all lost in me.

With that, dismaid, his suit he ceast, And, downe his head he hung: And, as his Reasons strength decreast, His passion grew more strong.

But

But, seeing shee did slight his mone (With Willow Garlands wreath'd) He sate him downe, and all alone, This sad complaint he breath'd.

Oh Heauens! Quoth he, Why doe we spend,
Endeauours thus in vaine;
Since what the Fates doe fore-intend,
They neuer change againe?
Nor Faith, nor Loue, nor true Desert,
Nor all that man can doe,
Can winne him place within her heart,
That is not borne thereto.

Why doe I fondly waste my youth,
In secret sighs, and teares?
Why to preserve a spotlesse truth,
Taste I, so many cares?
For, women that no worth respect,
Doe so vngentle proove;
That some shall winne by their neglest,
What others lose with love.

Those, that have set the best at naught, And no man could enioy; At last, by some base Gull are caught, And gotten with a toy.

Yea,

Yea, they that spend an ages light, Their fauours to obtaine; For one vnwilling ouersight, May loose them all againe.

How glad, and faine, alas would I,
For her have vnderwent,
The greatest care, ere she should trie,
The smallest discontent?
Yet she, that may my life commaund,
And doth those passions know,
Denieth me a poore demaund,
In height of all my woe.

Oh, if the Noblest of her time,
And best belou'd of me;
Could for so poore, so slight a crime,
So voyd of pitie be.
Sure, had it beene some common one,
Whose patience I had tride;
No wonder I had been vndone,
Or vnforgiuen di'de.

A thousand lives I would have layd, So well I once beleeu'd, She would have dain'd to lend me ayd, If she had seene me greeu'd.

But

But now, I live to see the day, Where I presumed so; I neither dare for pitie pray, Nor tell her of my woe.

Yet, let not poore despised heart,
Her worth ought question'd be;
Hadst thou not fayled in desert,
Shee had not failed thee.
But least perhaps, they slout thy mone,
That should esteeme thee deare;
Goe, make it by thy selfe alone,
Where none may come to heare.

Still keepe thy forhead crown'd with smiles,
What passion ere thou trie;
That none may laugh at thee the whiles,
Thou discontented lye.
And let no wrong, by change distaine
A Loue so truely faire:
But rather, neuer hope againe,
And thou shalt ne're despaire.

O'retyr'd

2

Retyr'd by cruell passions that oppresse me,
(With heart nigh broken, Time no hope would give
Vpon my bed I laid mee downe to rest me; me)
And gentle sleepe, I wooed to releeve me.
But oh alas! I found that on the morrow
My sleeping Ioyes, brought forth my waking Sorrow.

For loe, a dreame I had so full of pleasure,
That to possesse, what to imbrace I seemed,
Could not effect my loy in higher measure,
Then now it grieues mee, that I have but dreamed.
Oh let my dreames be sight and teares hereafter:
So, I that sleeping weepe, may wake in laughter.

Faine would I tell, how much that shaddow pleasd me;
But tongue and pen, want words, and art in telling.
Yet, this Ile say, to shew what horrour seazd me;
(When I was rob'd of blisse, so much excelling)
Might all my dreames be such; oh let me neuer
Awake againe: but sleepe, and dreame for euer.

For, when I waking faw my felfe deceived, And what an inward Hell it had procured,

To

To finde my felfe of all my hopes bereaued,
It brought on passions not to be endured:
And, knew I; next night had such dreames in keeping,
I'de make my eyes, forsweare, for euer sleeping.

3

You wooddy Hils, you Dales, you Groues, You Floods, and every Spring, You Creatures come, whom nothing moves, And heare a Shepheard fing. For, to Heroës, Nymphes, and Swaines, I long have made my mone: Yet, what my mournfull Verse containes, Is vnderstood of none.

In Song, APOLLO gave me skill;
Their love, his Sisters daine.
With those, that haunt Pernassus hill,
I friendship entertaine.
Yet, this is all in vaine to me,
So haplessely I fare,
As those things which my glory be,
My cause of ruine, are.

For,

For, Loue hath kindled in my brest,
His neuer quenched sire:
And I, who often have exprest,
What other men desire,
(Because I could so dive into,
The depth of others mone)
Now, I my owne affliction show,
I heeded am, of none.

Oft have the Nymphs of greatest worth,
Made sute my Songs to heare.
As oft (when I have sighed forth,
Such notes as saddest were)
Alas! said they, poore gentle heart,
Who ere that Shepheard be:
But, none of them suspects my smart,
nor thinkes, it meaneth me.

When I have reacht so high a straine,
Of passion in my Song;
That they, have seene the teares to raine
And trill my cheeke along:
Insteed of sigh, or weeping eye,
To sympathize with me;
Oh, were he once in love, they crie,
How moving would he be?

Oh

Oh pitie me, you Powers aboue,
And take my skill away:
Or, let my hearers thinke I loue,
And faine not what I fay.
For, if I could disclose the smart,
Which I vnknowne doe beare;
Each line would make them sighs impart,
And every word, a teare.

Had I a Mistresse, some doe thinke,
Shee should revealed be;
And I would favors weare, or drinke
Her Health vpon my Knee.
Alas poore fooles! they ayme awry,
Their fancy slags too low:
Could they my loves rare course espie,
They would amazed grow.

But, let nor Nymph nor Swaine conceiue,
My tongue shall euer tell,
Who of this rest, doth mee bereaue;
Or where I am not well.
But, if you sighing me espie,
Where rarest features be;
Marke, where I sixe a weeping eye,
And sweare you, There is shee.

Yet

Yet, ere my eyes betray me shall,
Ile swell, and burst with paine:
And, for each drop they would let fall,
My heart shall bleed me twaine.
For, since my soule more sorrow beares,
Then common Louers know;
I scorne, my passions should like theirs,
A common humour show.

Eare, neuer heard of, heretofore,
Of any Loue like mine.
Nor shall there be for euermore,
Affection so divine.
And, that to faine it, none may try,
When I dissolu'd must be;
The first I am, it lived by,
And die it shall, with me.

BOY, h'a done; for now my braine Is infpir'd afresh againe, And new Raptures pressing are, To be sung in praise of her: Whose faire *Pisture* lieth nigh, Quite vnuail'd to eu'ry eye.

No

No fmall fauour hath it beene,
That fuch Beautie might be feene:
Therefore, euer may they rue it,
Who with euill eyes shall view it.
Yea, what ancient stories tell,
Once to rude Acteon fell,
(When with euill thoughts, he stood
Eyeing Cynthia in the Flood)
May that fatall horned curse,
Light vpon them; or a worse.
But (what euer others be)

But (what euer others be)
Left fome fault be found in me,
If vnperfect this remaine;
I will ouer-trym't againe.
Therefore, turne where we begun:
And now all is ouerrunne.
Marke, if euery thing expreft,
Sute not fo vnto the reft,
As if Nature would prefer,
All perfections, vnto her.
Wherefore feemes it strange to any,
That they daily fee fo many,
Who were elfe most perfect Creatures,
In some one part, want true features?
Since, from all the fair'st that liue,
Nature tooke the best, to give

Her

Her perfection in each part. I, alone, except her heart; For, among all woman-kind. Such as hers, is hard to find.

If you truely note her Face,
You shall find it hath a grace,
Neither wanton, nor ore serious;
Nor too yeelding, nor imperious:
But, with such a feature blest,
It is that, which pleaseth best:
And delight's each seu'rall eye,
That affects with modesty.
Lowlinesse, hath in her looke,
Equall place with Greatnes tooke.
And, if Beautie (any where)
Claimes Prerogatiues, tis there.
For, at once, thus much twill doe;
Threat, command, perswade, and wooe.

In her Speech there is not found, Any harsh, vnpleasing found. But a well beseeming power; Neither higher, neither lower, Then will sute with her perfection. Tis the Loadstone of Affection. And, that man, whose judging eyes, Could well sound such mysteries,

Would

Would in loue, make her, his choice; Though he did but heare her voice. For, fuch accents, breath not, whence Beautie keeps *Non-residence*. Neuer word of hers, I heare, But tis Musicke to mine eare: And, much more contentment brings, Then the sweetly-touched strings, Of the pleasing Lute, whose straines, Rauish hearers when it plaines.

Rais'd by her Discourse, I flie, In contented thoughts so high, That I passe the common measures, Of the dulled Senses pleasures: And, leave farre below my slight, Vulger pitches of delight.

If Shee fmile, and merry be; All about her, are as she. For, each looker on, takes part Of the ioy that's in her heart.

If Shee grieue, or you but spie, Sadnesse peeping through her eye; Such a grace it seemes to borrow, That you'l fall in loue with sorrow: And abhorre the name of Mirth, As the hatefulst thing on earth.

F 2

Should

Should I fee her shed a teare, My poore eyes would melt, I feare. For, much more in Hers appeares, Then in other womens teares: And her looke, did neuer faine Sorrow, where there was no paine.

Seldome hath she beene espide So impatient as to chide: For, if any fee her fo, They'l in loue with anger grow. Sigh, or fpeake, or fmile, or talke, Sing, or weepe, or fit, or walke, Euery thing that shee doth doe, Decent is, and louely too. Each part that you shall behold, Hath within it felfe inrold, What you could defire to fee, (Or your heart conceiue to be) Yet, if from that part your eye, Mouing shall another spye: There you fee as much or more, Then you thought to praise before.

While the eye furueyes it, you Will imagine that her *Brow*Hath all beautie; when her *Cheeke*,
You behold, it is as like

То

To be deemed fairest too.

(So much there can Beautie doe)
Looke but thence vpon her eye,
And you wonder by and by,
How there may be any where,
So much worthy praise as there.
Yet, if you survey her Brest,
Then as freely you'l protest,
That in them perfection is;
Though (I know) that one poore kisse,
From her tempting Lips, would then,
Make all that forsworne agen.
For, the selfe same moouing grace,
Is at once in every place.

She, her Beautie neuer foyles, With your oyntments, waters, oyles, Nor no loathfome Fucus fettles, Mixt with Iewish fasting spetles. Faire by Nature, being borne, She doth borrowed beautie scorne. Who so kisses her, needs feare No vnwholesome varnish there. For, from thence he onely sips, The pure Nectar, of her lips. And at once with these he closes, Melting Rubies, Cherries, Roses.

F 3

Then

Then, in her behauiour, she Striueth but her selfe to be. Keeping such a decent state, As (indeed) she seemes to hate Precious leasure should be spent, In abused Complement. Though she knowes what other doe, (And can all their Courtship toe) She, is not in so ill case, As to need their borrowed grace.

Her Difcourses sweetned are,
With a kind of artlesse care,
That expresset greater Art;
Then affected words impart.
So, her gestures (being none,
But that freenesse which alone,
Suits the brauenesse of her mind)
Make, her, of her selfe, to find,
Postures more becomming far,
Then the meere acquired, are.

If you marke, when for her pleasure, Shee vouchsafes to foot a *Measure*, Though, with others skill, she pace, Ther's a sweet delightfull grace, In her felse; which doth prefer, Art, beyond that Art, in her.

Neither

Neither needs she beat her wit. To deuise what dressings fit. Her complexion, and her feature, So beholding are to Nature; If she in the Fashions goe, All the reason she doth so, Is: because she would not erre. In appearing finguler. Doubtleffe, not for any thought, That 'twill perfect her, in ought. Many a dainty-feeming Dame, Is in native Beauties lame. Some, are graced by their Tyres, As their Quoifs, their Hats, their Wyres. One, a Ruffe doth best become; Falling-Bands much altreth fome. And their fauours, oft, we fee, Changed as their dreffings be. Which, her Beautie neuer feares:

For, it graceth all she weares. If ye note her Tyre to day, That, doth sute her best, you'l say.

Marke, what she next morne doth weare; That, becomes her best, you'l sweare.

Yea, as oft as her you fee; Such new graces, still there be:

F₄

As,

As, she euer feemeth grac't, Most by that, she weareth last. Though, it be the same wore, But the very day before.

When she takes her Tyers about her, (Neuer halfe fo rich without her) At the putting on of them, You may liken euery Iem, To those lamps, which at a play, Are fet vp to light the day. For, their lustre addes no more, To what Titan gaue before; Neither doth their pretty gleamings, Hinder ought, his greater beamings. And yet (which is strange to me) When those costly deckings be, Laid away; there feemes descrid, Beauties, which those Vailes did hide. And, she lookes, as doth the Moone, Past fome Clowd through which she shone: Or, some *Iewell Watch*, whose Case, Set with *Diamonds*, feemes to grace What it doth containe within: Till the curious worke be feene, Then; tis found, that costly shrining; Did but hinder tothers shining.

If

If you chance to be in place,
When her Mantle she doth grace;
You would presently protest,
Irish dressings were the best.
If againe she lay it downe,
While you view her in a gowne:
And how those her dainty limbs,
That close-bodied garment trims.
You would sweare, and sweare agen:
She appeared loueliest then.

But, if she so truely faire,
Should vntie her shining haire,
And at length, that treasure shed;
Ioues endured Ganimed,
Neither Cythereas Ioy,
Nor the sweet selfe-louing Boy,
(Who in beauty did surpasse)
Nor the fair'st that euer was:
Could, to take you prisoner bring,
Lookes so sweetly conquering.

She, excells her, whom Appollo, Once with weeping eies did follow. Or that Nimph, who shut in Towers, Was beguild with golden showers; Yea, and She, whose loue was wont, To swime ore the Hellispont.

For

For her fake (though in attire,
Fittest to enslame desire)
Seem'd not halfe so faire to be,
Nor so louely, as is she.
For, the man whose happy eye,
Viewes her in full Maiesty:
Knowes, she hath a power that mooues,
More then doth the Queene of Loues,
When she vseth all her power,
To inslame her Paramour.

And, fometime I doe admire, All men burne not with defire. Nay, I muse her seruants are not Pleading loue; but oh they dare not. And, I thersore wonder, why They doe not grow sicke, and die.

Sure they would doe so, but that By the ordinance of Fate,
There is some concealed thing,
So, each gazer limiting;
He can see no more of merit,
Then beseemes his worth, and spirit.
For, in her a Grace there shines,
That o're-daring thoughts confines;
Making worthlesse men dispaire,
To be lou'd of one so faire.

Yea,

Yea, the Destinies agree, Some good iudgments blind should be, And not gaine the power of knowing Those rare Beauties in her growing. Reason doth as much imply: For, if euery iudging eye, (Which beholdeth her) should there, Find what excellencies are: All, orecome by those perfections, Would be captive to affections. So, in happinesse vnblest; Shee, for Louers, should not rest. This, well heeding, thinke vpon: And, if there be any one, Who alloweth not the worth, Which my Muse hath painted forth; Hold it no defect in her: But, that hee's ordaind to erre. Or, if any female wight, Should detract from this I write, Shee, I yeeld, may shew her wit, But disparage her no whit. For, on earth few women be, That from Enuies touch are free. And, who euer, Enuy knew, Yeeld those honours that were due?

Though

Though fometime my Song I raise, To vnused heights of praise, (And breake forth as I shall pleafe. Into strange Hyperboles) Tis to shew, Conceit hath found, Worth, beyond expressions bound. Though, her breath I doe compare, To the fweet'st perfumes that are; Or, her Eies that are fo bright, To the mornings cheerefull light. Yet, I doe it not fo much, To inferre that she is such; As to shew, that being blest, With what merrits name of best, She appeares more faire to me, Then all Creatures else that be.

Her true beauty leaues behind,
Apprehensions in my mind,
Of more sweetnes then all Art,
Or inuentions can impart.
Thoughts, too deepe to be exprest,
And too strong to be supprest.
Which, oft raiseth my conceits,
To so vnbeleeued heights;
That (I feare) some shallow braine,
Thinkes my Muses doe but faine.

Sure

Sure, he wrongs them if he doe: For, could I have reached to So like Straines, as these you see; Had there beene no fuch as She? Is it possible that I, Who scarce heard of *Poefie*; Should a meare *Idea* raife, To as true a pitch of praise, As the learned *Poets* could. Now, or in the times of old; All those reall-beauties bring, Honord by their Sonneting? (Hauing Arts, and fauors to, More t'encourage what they doe) No; if I had neuer feene, Such a beauty; I had beene Piping in the Country shades, To the homely Dary-maides: For a Country Fidlers fees; Clouted creame, & bread and cheefe. I no skill in Numbers had, More then every Shepheards Lad, Till She taught me, Straines that were, Pleasing to her gentle eare. Her faire splendor, and her worth, From obscurenes, drew me forth.

And

And, because I had no Muse, Shee her felfe daignd to infufe All the skill, by which I clime, To these praises in my Ryme. Which, if she had pleased to add, To that Art fweet Drayton had, Or that happy Swaine that shall Sing Britanias Pastorall; Or to theirs, whose Verse set forth Rosalind, and Stella's worth; They had doubled all their skill, Gained on Apollos Hill: And, as much more fet her forth. As I'me short of them in worth. They, had vnto heights aspired, Might have justly been admired; And, in fuch braue Straines had moued, As of all had been approued.

I, must praise her as I may;
Which I doe mine owne rude way:
Sometime setting forth her glories,
By vnheard of Allegories.
Thinke not, tho, my Muse now sings,
Meere absurd, or fained things.
If to gold I like her Haire,
Or, to Starres, her Eyes so faire:

Though

Though I praife her Skin by fnow, Or, by Pearles, her double-Row: Tis, that you might gather thence, Her vnmatched excellence.

Eyes, as faire (for eyes) hath she As starres faire, for starres may be. And, each part as faire doth show, In it kind, as white in Snow. Tis no grace to her at all, If her Haire I Sunne-beames call: For, were there a power in Art, So to pourtrait euery part, All men might those beauties see, As they doe appeare to me. I would scorne to make compare With the glorioust things that are.

Nought I ere faw, faire enow, But the Haire, the haire to show. Yet, some thinke him ouerbold, That compares it but to Gold. He, from Reason seemes to erre, Who commending of his Deare, Giues her Lips the Rubies hue, Or by Pearles her Teeth doth shew. But what Pearles, what Rubies can, Seeme so louely faire, to man,

As

As her Lipps whom he doth loue, When in fweete discourse they moue? Or her louelier Teeth the while, She doth blesse him with a smile.

Starres indeed, faire Creatures be: Yet, amongst vs, where is he, Ioyes not more the while he lies, Sunning in his *Mistresse* Eies, Then in all the glimmering light, Of a starrie winters night?

Him to flatter, most suppose, That preferrs before the Rose Or the Lillies (while they grow) Or the flakes of new-falne fuow: Her complextion whom he loueth: And yet, this my Muse approueth. For, in fuch a beauty, meets Vnexpressed mouing sweets; That, (the like vnto them) no man, Euer faw but in a Woman. Looke on *Moone*, on *Starrs*, on *Sunne*. All Gods Creatures ouer-runne. See, if all of them prefents, To your mind, fuch fweet contents: Or, if you from them can take, Ought that may a beauty make,

Shall

Shall one halfe fo pleafing proue, As is *Hers*, whom you doe loue. For indeed, if there had beene Other mortall Beauties feene. Objects for the loue of man. Vaine was their creation than. Yea, if this could well be granted, Adam might his Eue haue wanted. But a woman is the Creature, Whose proportion with our nature Best agrees; and whose perfections, Sympathize with our affections: And not onely finds our Senfes, Pleafure in their excellencies. But our Reason also knowes, Sweetnesse in them, that outgoes Humane wit to comprehend, Much more, truely, to commend.

Note, the Beautie of any Eye; And, if ought you praise it by, Leaue such passion in your mind, Let my *Reasons* eye be blind. Marke, if euer red or white, Any where, gaue such delight, As when they haue taken place, In a worthy womans sace.

He

He that fo much hath not noted,
Will not: or is growne befotted.
Such as Louers are, conceaue,
What impressions Beauty leaue;
And those Hearts, that fire haue took,
By a loue-enslaming looke:
Those, beleeue, what here I fay;
And, suppose not that I stray,
In a word, by setting foorth
Any praise beyond true worth.

And yet, wherefore should I care, What anothers Censures are, Since I know her to be such, As no praise can be too much? All that see her, will agree, In the selfe same mind with me; If their wit be worth the hauing, Or their Iudgement merrit crauing. And the man that kens her not, Speakes, at best, he knowes not what: So, his Enuy, or good will. Neither doth her good, nor ill.

Then, Fooles cauils I disdaine, And, call backe my *Muse* againe, To decipher out the rest. For, I have too long digrest.

This

This is Shee, in whom there meets, All varietie of fweets.
An Epitomie, of all,
That on earth we Faire may call.
Nay, yet more I dare auer:
He that is possess of her,
Shall at once all pleasure find,
That is reapt from Woman-kind.

Oh, what man would further range, That in one might finde fuch change? What dull eye fuch worth can fee, And not fworne a Louer be? Or, from whence was he, could proue, Such a Monster in his loue; As, in thought, to vse amisse, Such vnequald worth as this? Pitie 'twere that fuch a Creature, Phenix-like, for matchlesse feature, Should so suffer; or be blamed, With what now the Times are shamed.

Beautie (vnto me diuine)
Makes my honest thoughts encline,
Vnto better things, then that,
Which the Vulgar aymeth at.
And, I vow, I grieue to see,
Any Faire, and salse to be:

G 2

Or

Or, when I fweet pleasures find, Matcht with a defiled mind. But (aboue all others) Her, So much doth my soule prefer; That to Him whose ill desire, Should so nurse a lawlesse Fire, As to tempt, to that, which might Dimme her facred Virtues light; I could wish that he might die Ere he did it; though 'twere I.

For, if *Shee* should hap to stray, All this Beautie would away: And not her alone vndoe, But kill him, that prais'd her to. But, I know her *Maker* will Keepe her vndistained still: That enfuing Ages may Patterne out, by her the way To all goodnesse. And if Fate That appoints all things a Date Heare me would; I'de wish that She Might for aye preferued be. And that neither wasting Cares, Neither all-confuming Yeares, Might, from what she is, estrange her, Or in mind, or body change her.

For,

For, oh why should enuious Time, Perpetrate fo vile a Crime, As to waste, or wrong, or staine, What shall ne're be matcht againe? Much I Hope, it shall not be: For, if Loue deceive not me, To that height of Faire she growes, Age, or Sicknesse (Beauties foes) Cannot fo much wrong it there, But enough there will appeare, Euer worthy to be lou'd: And, that heart shall more be mou'd. (Where there is a judging eye) With those prints it doth espie, Of her beautie wrongd by *Time*, Then by others, in their prime.

One aduantage shee hath more,
That adds grace to all before.
It is this; her Beauties fame,
Hath not done her honour shame.
For, where Beautie we doe find,
Enuy still is so vnkind,
That, although their Vertues are
Such, as passe their Beauies farre;
Yet on Slanders rocks they be
Shipwrackt oftentimes, we see:

 G_3

And

And are fubiect to the wrongs, Of a thousand spightfull tongues, When the greatest fault they had, Was, that some would make them bad; And not finding them for action, Sought for vengeance, by detraction.

But her beauty fure no tongue,
Is fo villanous to wrong.
Neuer did the Iealoust eare,
Any muttering rumor heare,
That might cause the least suspects,
Of indifferent defects.
And (which somewhat stranger is)
They, whose slanders sew can misse,
(Though set on by euill will,
And habituated ill)
Nothing can of her inuent,
Whence to frame disparagement.

Which, if we respect the Crimes, Of these loose iniurious times; Doth not only truly proue, Great discretion in her loue: And, that she hath liu'd vpright, In each iealouse tongues dispight. But, it must be vnderstood, That her private thoughts are good.

Yea

Yea, tis an apparant figne,
That her beautie is Diuine:
And, that Angels have a care,
Mens polluting tongues should spare
To defile, what God hath given,
To be deare to Earth, and Heaven.

Tell me you that heare me now; Is there any one of you, Wanteth feeling of affection? Or that loues not fuch perfection? Can there be fo dull an eare, As of fo much worth to heare; And not feriously incline, To this Saint-like friend of mine? If there be; the fault doth lie, In my artleffe *Poefy*. For, If I could reach the Straine, Which me thinkes I might obtaine; Or, but make my Measures flie, Equal with my fantasie; I would not permit an eare, To attend vnrauisht heere: If, but fo much fence it knew, As the blocks, that *Orpheus* drew. Thinke on this discription, well,

G 4

And, your noblest Ladyes tell;

Which

Which of you (that worth can fee) This my *Mistresse* would not be?

You braue English, who have run, From the rifing of the Sun: Till in trauelling you found, Where he doth conclude his Round. You, that have the beauties seene, Which in farthest Lands haue beene; And furueid the faire reforts. Of the French and Spanish Courts: (With the best that *Fame* renownes. In the rich *Trans-Alpine* Townes) Doe not with our brainelesse Fry, (That admire each nouelty) Wrong your Countries fame in ought. But, here freely speake your thought; And I durst presume youle sweare, Shee's not matched any where.

Gallants, you that would so faine, Nymphs and Ladies loues obtaine. You, that striue to serue and please, Fairest Queenes and Empresses. Tell me this, and tell me right; If you would not (so you might) Leaue them all dispis d to proue, What contents are in her loue?

Could

Could your Fathers euer tell, Of a Nymph did more excell? Or hath any storie told, Of the like, in times of old? Dido was not fuch a one. Nor the Troians Paragone. Though they fo much fauour found, As to have their honors crownd, By the best of *Poets* penns, Euer knowne before, or fince. For, had *Dido* beene fo faire, Old Anchises noble heire; *Ioues* command had disobaid: And with her in Carthage staid: Where, he would have quite forfwore, Seeing the Lauinian Shore. Or, had Lædas Daughter beene, (When the was the *Spartan* Queene) Equal with this louely-one, Menelaus had neuer gone, From her fight fo farre away, As to leave her for a pray; And his roome, to be possest, By her wanton Phrigian guest. But, least yet among you, some, Thinke she may behind these, come:

Stay

Stay a little more, and here me: In another straine Ile reare me. Ile vnmasque a beauty, now, Which to kisse, the Gods may bow. And so feelingly did moue, That your soules shall fall in loue.

I have yet, the best behind; Her most faire, vnequald, *Minde*. This, that I have here exprest, Is but that, which vailes the rest. An incomparable shrine, Of a Beauty more divine.

Whereof, ere I farther speake,
Off againe, my Song Ile breake.
And, if you among the Roses,
(Which, you quickfet hedge incloses)
Will with plucking flowres, beguile
Tedious-seeming Time awhile;
Till I step to yonder Greene,
(Whence the sheep so plaine are seen)
I, wilbe returned, ere
You an howre haue stayd there.
And, excuse me now, I pray,
Though I rudely goe away.
For, Affaires I haue to doe:
Which, vnlesse I looke into;

I

I may fing out Summer here, Like the idle Grashopper, And at Winter, hide my head, Or else fast, till I am dead.

Yet if Rusticke Past'rall Measures, Can ought adde vnto your pleasures; I will leaue you some of those, Which, it pleased me to compose, When dispairing fits were ouer; And I made a happy Louer, Exercised my louing passion, In an other kind of fashion, Then to vtter, I deuised, When I fear'd to be despised.

Those; shall lye in gage for me, Till I backe returned be. And, in writing; here, you have them: Either Sing, or Read, or leave them.

Sonnet 1.

A Dmire not Shepheards Boy, Why I my Pipe forbeare; My forrowes, and my ioy, Beyond expression are.

Though

Though others may,
In Songs display
Their passions, when they wooe:
Yet, mine doe flie,
A pitch too high,
For words to reach vnto.

If fuch weake thoughts as those,
With others fancies moue;
Or, if my breast did close,
But common Straines of Loue:
Or passions store,
Learnd me no more,
To feele then others doe:
I'de paint my cares,
As blacke as theirs,
And teach my Lynes to wooe.

But oh! thrice happy yee,
Whose meane conceit is dull;
You from those thoughts are free,
That stuffe my breast so full:
My loues excesse,
Lets to expresse,
What Songs are ysed to:

And

And my delights, Take fuch high flights, My Ioyes will mee vndoe.

I have a Love that's faire,
Rich, Wise, and Nobly borne;
Shee's true Perfections heire,
Holds nought but Vice in scorne.
A heart to find,
More chast, more kind,
Our Plaines affoord no moe.
Of her degree,
No blab Ile be,

For doubt, some Prince should wooe.

And yet I doe not feare,
(Though shee my meannesse knowes)

The Willow Branch to weare, No, nor the yellow hose.

For, if great Ioue,

Should fue for loue,

Shee would not me forgoe:

Refort I may,
By night or day.
Which brauer, dare not doe.

You

You Gallants, borne to pelfe,
To Lands, to Titles store;
Ime borne but to my Selfe,
Nor doe I care for more.
Adde to your earth,
Wealth, Honors, Birth,
And all you can thereto;
You cannot proue,
That height of Loue,
Which, I in meannesse doe.

Great Men have helpes to gaine,
Those favours they implore;
Which, though I winne with paine,
I finde my ioyes the more.
Each Clowne may rise,
And climbe the Skies,
When he hath found a Staire:
But ioy to him,
That dares to climbe,
And hath no helpe, but ayre.

Some say, that Loue repents, Where Fortunes disagree; I know the high st contents,

From

From low beginnings be.
My loue's vnfain'd,
To her that daignd,
From Greatnesse, stoope thereto.
Shee loues, cause I,
So meane, dar'd trie,
Her better worth to wooe.

And yet although much ioy,
My Fortune seemes to blesse;
Tis mixt with more annoy,
Then I shall ere expresse:
For, with much paine
Did I obtaine,
The Iem Ile nere forgoe:
Which, yet I dare
Nor shew, nor weare;
And that breeds all my woe.

But fie, my foolish tongue,
How loosely now it goes!
First, let my Knell be rung,
Ere I doe more disclose.
Mount thoughts on high;
Cease words, for why:
My meaning to divine:

To

To those I leaue, That can conceiue, So braue a Loue as mine.

And now, no more Ile sing,
Among my fellow Swaines:
Nor Groues, nor Hilles shall ring,
With Ecchoes of my plaines.
My Measures be,
Confus'd (you see)
And will not sute thereto:
Cause, I have more,
Brave thoughts in store,
Then words can reach vnto.

Sonnet. 2.

Hence away, you Syrens, leave me,
And vnclaspe your wanton Armes;
Sugred words shall ne're deceive me,
(Though thou prove a thousand Charmes)
Fie, sie, forbeare;
No common snare,
Could ever my affection chaine:
Your painted baits,
And poore deceits,
Are all bestowed on me, in vaine.

I'me

I'me no slaue, to such as you be;
Neither shall a snowy Brest,
Wanton Eye, or Lip of Ruby,
Euer robb me, of my rest.
Goe, goe, display,
Your Beauties ray,
To some ore-soone enamour'd Swaine.
Those common wiles,
Of sighs and smiles;
Are all bestowed on me, in vaine.

I have elsewhere, vowed a dutie;
Turne away thy tempting eyes.
Shew not me, a naked Beautie,
Those Impostures, I despise.
My Spirit lothes,
Where gawdy clothes,
And fained Othes, may love obtaine.
I love Her so,
Whose looke, sweares No;
That, all your labours will be vaine.

Can he prize the tainted Posses,
Which on every brest are worne;
That may plucke the spotlesse Roses,
From their never-touched Thorne?
H

I can

I can goe rest,
On her sweet Brest;
That is the pride of Cynthia's traine.
Then hold your tongues,
Your Mermaid Songs,
Are all bestow'd on me in vaine.

Hee's a foole, that bafely dallies,
Where each Peafant mates with him.
Shall I haunt the thronged Vallies,
Whilft ther's noble Hils to climbe?
No, no; though Clownes
Are skar'd with frownes,
I know the best can but distaine:
And those Ile proue;
So shall your Loue
Be all bestowed, on me in vaine.

Yet, I would not daigne embraces,
With the greatest-fairest Shee,
If another shar'd those graces,
V Vhich had beene bestowed on Me.
I gaue that One,
My Loue, where none,
Shall come to robb me of my gaine.

Your

Your fickle Hearts
Makes Teares, and Arts,
And all, bestowed on me in vaine.

I doe scorne, to vow a Dutie,
VV here each lustfull Lad may wooe.
Give me Her, whose Sun-like Beautie,
Buzzards dare not soare vnto.
Shee, shee it is,
Affoords that Blisse;
For which, I would refuse no paine.

But such as you,
Fond fooles adue;

You seeke to captive me in vaine.

Prowd she seem'd in the beginning, And disdaind my looking on: But, that coy one in the winning, Proues a true one being wonne.

VVhat ere betide, Shee'l nere divide,

The fauour shee to me shall daigne.

But, your fond love, VVill fickle prove:

And all that trust in you, are vaine.

H 2 Therefore

Therefore know, when I enioy One, (And for love employ my breath)
Shee I Court shall be a Coy one,
Though I winne her with my death.

A fauour there,
Few ayme at dare.
And if perhaps, some Louer plaine,
Shee is not wonne,

Nor I vndone, By placing of my loue in vaine.

Leaue me then, you Syrens leaue me;
Seeke no more to worke my harmes:
Craftie wiles cannot deceiue me;
Who am proofe against your Charmes.
You labour may,
To lead astray,
The heart, that constant shall remaine:

I he heart, that constant shall remaine
And I the while,
Will sit and smile,
To see you spend your time in vaine.

Sonnet 3.

When Philomela with her straines, The Spring had welcom'd in;

And

And Flora, to bestrow the Plaines,
With Daysies did begin:
My Loue, and I (on whom suspitious eyes,
Had set a thousand spies)
To cosen Argos stroue;
And seene of none,
We got alone,
Into a shady Groue.

On every Bush, the Eglantine,
with leaves perfumed hung.
The Primrose, made the hedge-rowes fine,
The woods, of Musicke rung.
The Earth, the Aire, Gall things did conspire
To raise contentment higher.
That, had I come to wooe:
Nor meanes of grace,
Nor time, nor place;
Were wanting thereunto.

With hand in hand, alone we walkt,
And oft each other eyde:
Of Loue, and passions past, we talkt,
Which our poore hearts had tride.
Our soules, infus'd into each other were:
And, what may be her care,
H 3 Did

Did my more forrow breed.
One mind we bore;
One Faith we fwore:
And both in one agreed.

Her dainty Palme, I gently prest,
And with her Lips I plaid.
My Cheeke, vpon her panting Brest,
And on her Necke I laid.
And yet, we had no sence of wanton lust:
Nor, did we then mistrust,
The poyson in the sweet.
Our Bodies wrought
So close, we thought,
Because our Soules should meet.

With pleasant toyle, we breathles grew;
And kist in warmer blood:
Vpon her Lips, the Hony-dew,
Like drops on Roses stood;
And on those Flowers, plaid I the busie Bee;
Whose sweets, were such to me,
Them could I not forgoe.
No, not to feast,
On Venus Brest;
Whence Streames of sweetnesse slow.

But

But, kissing and embracing, we So long together lay;
Her touches all instamed me,
And I began to stray.
My hands, presum'd so farre, they were too bold.
My tongue, vnwisely told
How much my heart was chang'd.
And Virtue quite,
VVas put to stight,
Or, for the time estrang'd.

Oh! what are we, if in our strength,
VVee ouer boldly trust?
The strongest forts, will yeeld at length,
And so our Virtues must.
In Me, no force of Reason had prevaild;
If shee had also faild.
But ere I further straid,
She sighing kist,
My naked wrist;
And thus, in teares she said.

Sweet heart (quoth she) if in thy brest, Those Virtues reall bee, Which hitherto thou hast profest, And I beleeu'd in thee:

 H_4

Thy

Thy Selfe, and Me, oh seeke not to abuse.

Whilst Thee I thus refuse,

In hotter slames I frie:

Yet, let vs not,

Our true love spot,

Oh, rather let mee die.

For, if thy heart should fall from good,
What would become of mine?
As strong a passion, stirres my blood,
As can distemper thine.
Yet, in my brest this rage I smoother would,
Though it consume me should;
And, my desires containe:
For, where we see,
Such breaches be,
They seldome stop againe.

Are we the two, that have so long,
Each others loves imbrac't?
And never did Affection wrong,
Nor thinke a thought vnchast?
And shall, oh, shall we now, our matchlesse Ioy,
For one poore touch destroy?
And

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And all content forgoe?

Oh no, my Deare,

Sweet heart, forbeare;

I will not loose thee so.

For, should we doe a deed so base,

(As it can never be)

I could no more have seene thy face,

Nor wouldst thou looke on me.

I should of all our passions grow asham'd;

And blush when thou art nam'd,

Yea (though thou constant wert)

I being nought,

A iealous thought,

Would still torment my heart.

What goodly thing doe wee obtaine,
If I confent to thee?
Rare ioyes we loofe, and what we gaine,
But common pleasures be:
Yea, those (some say) who are to lust enclind,
Drive Love out of the mind;
And so much Reason misse:
That they admire,
What kind of fire,
A chast affection is.

No

No vulgar bliffe, I aymed at,
When first I heard thee wooe:
Ile neuer prize a man for that,
Which euery Groome can doe.
If that be loue; the basest men that be,
Doe loue as well as we.
Who, if we beare vs well,
Doe passe them then,
As Angels, men,
In glory doe excell.

Whilft thus she spake, a cruell Band
Of Passions ceazd my Soule:
And, what one seemed to command,
Another did controule.
Twixt Good, and Ill, I did divided lie.
But, as I rais'd mine eye,
In her me thought I saw,
Those virtues shine,
Whose rayes divine,
First gave Desire, a Law.

With that, I felt the blush of shame, Into my cheeke returne; And Loue, did with a chaster slame, VVithin my Bosome burne.

My

My Soule, her light of Reason had renew'd;
And by those Beames I view'd,
How slily Lust ensnares:
And all the sires,
Of ill Desires,
I quenched with my Teares.

Goe Wantons now, and flout at this,
My coldnesse, if you list;
Vaine fooles, you never knew the blisse,
That doth in Love consist.
You sigh, and weepe, and labour to enioy;
A Shade, a Dreame, a Toy.
Poore Folly you pursue;
And are vnblest,
Since every beast,
In pleasure equals you.

You neuer tooke so rich content,
In all your wanton play,
As this to me hath pleasure lent,
That Chast she went away.
For as some sinnes, which we committed haue;
Sharpe stings behind them leaue.
Whereby

Whereby we vexed are:
So, ill supprest,
Begetteth rest,
And peace, without compare.

But least this Conquest slight you make,
Which on my selfe I wonne;
Twelue labors, I will vndertake,
With Ioues victorious Sonne,
Er'e I, will such another brunt endure.
For, had Diana pure,
Thus tempted beene to sinne;
That Queene of Night,
(With her chast light,)
Had scarce, a Maiden binne.

OH! how honor'd are my Songs, Grac't by your melodious tongues? And how pleafing doe they feeme, Now your voices Carroll them? Were not, yet, that taske to doe, Which my word inioynes me to, I should begge of you, to heare, What your owne inuentions were.

But.

But, (before I ought will craue) What I promifd, you shall haue. And, as I on mortall Creatures, Cald, to view her bodies features; Shewing how, to make the Senfes, Apprehend her excellences. Now; I speake of no worse subject, Then a Soules, and Reasons object: (And relate a Beauties glories, Fitting heauenly Auditories) Therefore, whilft I fit and fing, Hemme me Angels, in a Ring. Come ye Spirits, which have eies, That can gaze on Deityes: And vnclog'd, with bruitish sences, Comprehend fuch excellences. Or, if any mortall eare, Would be granted leave to heare, (And find profit with delight, In what now, I shall indite) Let him first be fure, to season A prepared hart with reason: And, with Iudgement, drawing nigh, Lay all fond affections by. So, through all her vailings, He Shall the Soule of beautie fee.

But

But, avoid you earth-bred Wights, Cloid with fenfuall appetites.
On base obiects glut your eies,
Till your starueling pleasure dies.
Feede your eares, with such delights,
As may match you grosse conceits;
For, within your muddie braine,
These, you neuer can containe.

Thinke not, you, who by the fence, Only iudge of excellence; (Or doe all contentment place, In the beauty of a face)
That these higher thoughts of our, Soare so base a pitch as your.
I can giue, as well as you, Outward Beauties all their due:
I can most contentments see,
That in loue, or women be.

Though I dote not on the features, Of our daintiest female creatures; (Nor, was ere so void of shames, As to play their lawlesse games) I more prize a snowye Hand, Then the gold on Tagus strand: And a daintie Lippe before, All the greatest Monarcks store.

Yea

Yea, from these I reape as true,
And as large contents as you.
Yet, to them I am not tide.
I have rarer sweets espide;
(Wider prospects of true pleasure)
Then your curbed thoughts can measure.
In her Soule, my Soule descries,
Obiects, that may feede her eyes.
And the beauty of her mind,
Shewes my Reason where to finde,
All my former pleasure doubled.
Neither with such passion troubled;
As wherewith it oft was crost:
Nor so easie to be lost.

I, that rauisht lay, wel-nigh,
By the lustre of her eye:
And, had almost sworne affection,
To the fore exprest perfection;
As if nothing had been higher,
Whereunto I might aspire.
Now, haue found, by seeking nearer,
Inward worth; that shining clearer;
(By a sweet and secret mouing)
Drawes me to a dearer louing.
And, whilst I that loue conceiue,
Such impressions it doth leaue,

In

In the Intellective part;
As, defaceth from my hart,
Eu'rie thought of those delights,
Which allure base appetits.
And, my mind so much imploies,
In contemplating, those ioyes,
Which, a purer sight, doth sind,
In the beauty of her Mind:
That, I so thereon am set,
As (me thinkes) I could forget,
All her sweetest outward graces:
Though I lay in her imbraces.

But, fome thinking with a fmile,
What, they would have done the while:
Now suppose my words are such,
As exceed my power too much.
For, all those, our Wantons hold,
Void of Vigor, dull, and cold:
Or (at best) but fooles, whose slame,
Makes not way vnto their shame.
Though at length with griefe they see
They the sooles doe prove to be.

These, the body so much minded, That their Reason ouer-blinded, By the pleasures of the Sence, Hides from them that excellence;

And

And that fweetnes, whose true worth, I am here to blazon forth.

Tis not; tis not, those rare graces, That doe lurke in womens faces. Tis not, a displayd perfection, Youthfull eyes, nor cleare complexion; Nor a skin, fmooth-fatten like, Nor a daintie Rosie cheeke, That to wantonnesse can moue, Such as vertuoufly doe loue. Beautie, rather gently drawes Wild Desires, to Reasons Lawes; And oft frights men from that fin, They had else transgressed in: Through a fweet amazement, stroke, From an ouer-ruling looke. Beautie, neuer tempteth men To lasciuiousnes; but when Carelesse Idlenesse hath brought Wicked longings into thought. Nor doth youth, or heat of blood, Make men prooue what is not good. Nor the strength, of which they vaunt. Tis the strength, and power they want, And the basenesse of the Mind, Makes their bruit desires enclind,

To

To perfue those vaine delights, Which affect their Appetites. And fo blinded doe they grow, (Who are ouertaken fo) As their dulnes cannot fee, Nor beleeue that better be. Some, haue blood as hot as their, Whose affections loosest are; Bodies that require no art, To fupply weake *Natures* part. Youth they have; and, fure, might to, Boast of what, some (shamelesse doe) Yet, their Minds that aime more high, (Then those baser pleasures lye) Taught by Virtue can suppresse, All attempts of wantonnesse. And fuch powerfull motives frame, To extinguish Passions flame; That (by Reasons good direction) Quallifying loofe affection; Theile in midst of Beauties fires. Walke vnfcorcht of ill Defires. Yet, no fuch, as stupid shame, Keeps from actions worthy blame.

But, in all fo truly Man, That their apprehensions can,

Prize

Prize the bodies vtmost worth:
And, find many pleasures forth,
In those Beauties; more then You,
That abuse them, euer knew.

But, perhaps her outward grace, Here discrib'd, hath tane such place, In fome ore-enamourd breaft, And fo much his hart possest, As He thinkes it passeth telling, How shee may be more excelling: Or what worth, I can prefer, To be more admir'd in Her. Therefore, now I will be briefe, To preuent that misbeliefe. And, if there be present here, Any one, whose nicer eare: Taskes my Measures, as offending, In too feriously commending What affects the Sense; or may, Iniure Virtue any way. Let them know; tis vnderstood, That if they were truly good, It could neuer breed offence, That I shewd the excellence, With the power of God and Nature, In the beauty of his Creature.

I 2

They

They from thence would rather raise, Cause, to meditate his praise: And thus thinke; How faire must He, That hath made this Faire-one be!

That; was my proposed End. And, to make them more attend Vnto this; so much excelling, As it passeth meanes of telling.

But at worst; if any Straine, Makes your *Memories* retaine, Sparks of fuch a banefull fire, As may kindle ill desire: This, that followes after, shall Not alone extinguish all; But, eu'n make you blush with shame, That your thoughts were fo to blame. Yet, I know when I haue done, (In respect of that bright Sunne, Whose inestimable light I would blazon to your fight) These, ensuing flashes, are, As to Cynthia's beames a Starre; Or, a petty Comets ray, To the glorious Eye of Day. For, what power of words or Art, Can her worth at full impart?

Or

Or, what is there, may be found, Plac'd within the Senses bound; That can paint those sweets to me, Which the Eyes of Loue doe see? Or the Beauties of that Mind, Which her body hath enshrin'd.

Can I thinke, the Guide of Heauen, Hath fo bountifully giuen, Outward features, cause he meant, To have made leffe excellent, Her divine part? Or suppose, Beautie, Goodnesse doth oppose; Like those fooles, who doe despaire, To find any Good and Faire? Rather; There I feeke a mind, Most excelling, where I find God hath to the body lent, Most-beseeming Ornament. But, though he that did inspire First, the true Promethean fire, In each feuerall foule did place Equall Excellence and Grace, As fome thinke; yet haue not they Equall Beauties euery way. For, they more or leffe appeare, As the outward Organs are:

I 3

Following

Following much the temp'rature, Of the Body, groffe or pure. And I doe beleeue it true. That, as we the Body view: Nearer to perfection grow; So, the Soule her felfe doth show: Others more, and more excelling, In her powre; as in her dwelling. For, that purenesse giueth way, Better to disclose each Ray, To the Dull conceit of man, Then a groffer fubstance can. Thus, through spotlesse Christall, wee May the Dayes full glory fee; When, if clearest Sunbeames passe, Through a foule polluted glasse: So discollerd, the'il appeare; As those Staines they shone through, were. Let no *Critticke* cauill then, If I dare affirme agen; That her Minds perfections are, Fairer then her Bodie's farr; And, I need not proue it by, Axioms of Philosophy, Since no proofe can better be, Then their rare effect in me.

For

For, while other men complaining, Tell their *Mistresses* disdaining: Free from care, I write a storie, Only of her worth and glory.

While most Louers pining sit, (Rob'd of libertie and wit)
Vassaling themselues with shame,
To some proud imperious Dame:
Or, in Songs their Fate bewailing,
Shew the world their faithles sayling.
I, enwreath'd with boughs of Myrtle,
Fare like the beloued Turtle.

Yea while most, are most vntoward, Peeuish, vaine, inconstant, froward. While their best contentments bring, Nought but after-forrowing. She, those childish humors slighting, Hath conditions so delighting, And doth so my blisse indeauour, As my ioy encreaseth euer.

By her actions I can fee, That her *Passions* so agree, Vnto *Reason*; as they erre, Seldome, to distemper her.

Love she can (and doth) but so, As she will not ouerthrow,

I 4

Loues

Loues content by any folly,
Or, by deeds that are vnholy.
Dotingly, she nere affects;
Neither willingly neglects
Honest loue: But meanes doth find,
With discretion to be kind.
Tis nor thundring *Phrase*, nor *Othes*,
Honors, wealth, nor painted Clothes,
That can her good liking gaine,
If no other worth remaine.

Neuer tooke her heart, delight In your Court-Hermaphrodite, Or fuch frothy Gallants, as For the Times Heroes passe. Such; who (still in loue) doe all Faire, and Sweet, and Lady call. And where e're they hap to stray, Either prate the rest away; Or, of all discourse to seeke, Shuffle in at Cent, or Gleek.

Goodnesse more delights her, than All their Maske of Folly can. Fond, she hateth to appeare; Though she hold her friend as deare, As her part of life vnspent: Or, the best of her content.

If

If the heat of youthfull fires,
Warme her blood with those desires,
Which are by the course of Nature,
Stird in euery persect Creature:
As those Passions kindle, so
Doth Heauens grace, and Reason grow
Abler, to suppresse in her
Those rebellions; and they stirre,
Neuer more affection, then
One good thought allayes agen.

I could fay, so chast is shee, As the new-blowne Roses be. Or, the drifts of Snow, that none Euer toucht, or lookt vpon. But, that were not worth a Flie, Seeing fo much Chastitie, Old Pigmalion Picture had: Yea, those Eunuchs borne or made, Ne're to know Desire; might say, Shee deferu'd no more then they. Wheras, whilst their worth proceeds From fuch wants, as they must needs, Be vnmou'd (cause Nature fram'd No affections to be tam'd) Through her daintie Limbs, are spread, Vigour, heat, and freely shed,

Life

Life blood into euery vaine;
Till they fill, and fwell againe:
And no doubt they ftriue to force,
Way, in fome forbidden Courfe.
Which, by *Grace* fhe ftill refifts;
And fo Courbs within their lifts,
Those Desires: that she is chaster,
Then if she had none to master.

Malice, neuer lets she in:
Neither hates she ought, but sin.
Enuy, if she could admit,
Ther's no meanes to nourish it:
For, her gentle heart is pleas'd,
When she knowes anothers eas'd.
And ther's none, who euer got
That perfection, she hath not.
So, that no cause is there, why
Shee should any one enuy.

Mildly angry sheele appeare, That the baser Rout may seare; Through presumption to missoe. Yet, she often faines that to. But let wrong be whatsoeuer, She gives way to *Choller*, neuer.

If she e're of *Vengeance* thought, Twas nor life, nor blood was fought;

But

But (at most) some prayer to moue, Iustice for abused Loue:
Or, that Fate would pay againe,
Loues neglectors with disdaine.

If she euer crau'd of Fate,
To obtaine a higher State;
(Or ambitiously were giuen)
Sure, twas but to climbe to heauen.
Pride, is from her heart as farre,
As the Poles in distance are.
For, her worth, nor all this praise,
Can her humble spirit raise,
Lesse to prize me, then before;
Or her selfe, to value more.

Were she Vaine; she might alledge, Twere her Sexes priviledge. But, shee's such; as (doubtlesse) no man Knowes lesse folly, in a woman.

To preuent a being *Idle*,
Sometime, with her curious Needle,
(Though it be her meanest glory)
Shee so limnes an Antique Story,
As *Minerua* (would she take it)
Might her richest *Sample* make it.

Other while, againe, she rather Labors, with delight to gather

Know-

Knowledge from fuch learned Writs, As are left by famous Wits. Where, Shee chiefly feekes to know, God; Her felfe; and what we owe, To our Neighbour: fince with these, Come all needefull Knowledges.

Shee, with Adam, neuer will Long to learne both Good and Ill; But, her state well vndestood, Rests her selfe, content with Good.

Auarice, abhorreth shee,
As the lothsom'st things that be:
Since she knowes it is an ill,
That doth ripest vertue kill.
And, where ere it comes to rest,
(Though in some strict Matrons brest)
Be she ne're so feeming iust,
Ile no shewes of Goodnesse trust.
For, if you but gold can bring;
Such, are hir'd to any thing.

If you thinke she Iealous be; You are wide: For, credit me, Her strong'st Iealousies, nought are, Other then an honest care, Of her friends. And, most can tell, Who so wants that, loues not well.

Though

Though fome little feare she showes,
Tis no more then loue allowes:
So the passion doe not moue her,
Till she greeue, or wrong her louer.
Shee may thinke He may doe ill;
Though, shee'l not beleeue he will.
Nor, can such a harmelesse thought,
Blemish true affection ought:
Rather, when as else it would,
Through security growe cold.
This her Passion, keeping measure,
Strengthens Loue, and sweetens Pleasure.

Crueltie, her foule detests;
For, within her Bosome rests,
Noblest Pitty; vsherd by,
An vnequall'd Courtesse.
And, is grieu'd at good mens moane,
As the griefe were all her owne.

Iust shee is; so iust, that I Know she would not wrong a Flye; Or, oppresse the meanest thing, To be Mistresse to a King.

If our *Painters* would include, *Temperance*, and *Fortitude*, In one Picture; She would fitt, For the nonce to paterne it.

Patient

Patient, as the Lambe is she. Harmelesse, as the Turtles be. Yea, so largely stor'd, with all Which we Mortals Goodnesse call; That, if euer Virtue were, Or may be, incarnate here; This is she, whose praises, I Offer to Eternitie.

Shee's no Image trimd about, Faire within, and foule without: But a *Iemm* that doth appeare, Like the *Diamond*, euery where, Sparkling rayes of Beautie forth; All of fuch vnblemisht worth, That wert possible, your eye Might her inmost thoughts espie, And behold the dimmest part, Of the lustre in her heart. It would find that *Center* passe, What the *Superficies* was. And, that euery angle there, Like a *Diamonds* inside were.

For, although that Excellence Passe the piercingst Eye of Sence; By their operations we, Guesse at things that hidden be.

So

So (beyond our common reach) Wife men can by Reafon teach, What the influences beene, Of a *Planet*, when vnfeene: Or the Beautie of a Starre. That doth shine aboue vs farre. So, by that wide-beaming Light, Wherewith Titan Courts our fight, By his clothing of the Earth; By the wondrous, various Birth, Of new Creatures, yearely bred Through his heat; and nourished: And by many Virtues moe (Which our Senses reach vnto) We conclude; they are not all, Which make faire that goodly Ball.

Though shee prize her honour more, Then the far-fetcht precious store Of the rich *Molucchi*, or All the wealth was traffickt for, Since our *Vessels*, passage knew Vnto *Mexico*, *Peru*: Or those spacious Kingdomes, which Make the proud *Iberians* rich. Tis not that vncertaine blast, Keepes my *Mistresse* Good, or Chast.

Shee

Shee, that but for honours fake, Doth of ill a Conscience make: (More in feare what Rumour fayes, Then in loue to vertuous wayes) Though she feem'd more civill than, You have feene a Courtezan, For an honor: And cries Oh fie, At each shew of vanitie. Though she censure all that be, Not so foolish coy as shee. Though she with the Roman Dame Kill her felfe, to purchase fame. Shee would profitute become, To the meanest basest Groome; If fo closely they may doe it, As the world should neuer know it. So at best those women prooue, That for honour; virtue loue. Giue me her, that Goodnes chuseth For it owne fake: And refuseth To have greatest honors gain'd. With her fecret conscience stain'd. Giue me her, that would be poore; Die difgrac't; nay, thought a whoore; And each Times reproch become, Till the generall day of Doome:

Rather

Rather then confent to act
Pleasing Sinne, though by the fact,
(with esteeme of vertuous) she
Might the German Empresse be.
Such my Mistresse is; and nought
Shall haue power to change her thought.
Pleasures canot tempt her eye,
On their Bayts to glance awry.
For their good she still esteemes,
As it is; not as it seemes:
And, she takes no comfort in
Sweetest pleasure, fowr'd with Sinn.

By her felfe, she hath such care,
That her actions decent are.
For, were she in secret hid,
None might fee her what she did.
Shee would doe, as if for spies,
Euery wall were stucke with eyes.
And be chary of her honour,
Cause the heauens do looke vpon her,
And, oh what had power to moue,
Flames of Lust, or wanton loue,
So sarre, to disparage vs,
If we all, were minded thus?
These, are Beauties that shall last,
When the Crimson blood shall wast;

K

And

And the shining Haire wax gray:
Or with age be worne away.
These, yeeld pleasures, such as might,
Be remembred with delight;
When we gaspe our latest breath,
On the loathed bed of death.

Though discreetly speake shee can, Sheele be silent, rather than Talke while others may be heard. As if she did hate, or fear'd, Their Condition; who will force All, to wait on their Discourse. Reason hath on her bestowed More of knowledge, then she owed To that Sex: and Grace with it, Doth aright her Practise sit.

Yet, hath Fate so framed her, As she may at sometime, erre: But, if ere her iudgement stray, Tis that other women may, Those much pleasing Beauties see, Which in yeelding Natures be. For, since no perfection can Here on earth be found in Man, Ther's more good in free submissions, Then ther's ill in our transgressions.

Should

Should you heare her, once, contend, In discoursing, to defend (As she can) a doubtfull Cause: She such strong Positions drawes From known Truths; and doth apply, Reasons with such Maiestie: As if she did vndertake, From some Oracle to speake. And you could not think, what might Breed more loue, or more delight.

Yet, if you should marke agen, Her discreet behauiour, when She finds Reason to repent Some wrong-pleaded Argument. She fo temperatly lets all Her mif-held opinions fall; And, can with fuch Mildnesse bow: As 'twill more enamour you, Then her knowledge. For, there are Pleasing sweets without compare In fuch yeeldings; which doe prooue, Wit, Humilitie, and Loue. Yea, by those mistakings; you Her Condition fo shall know, (And the nature of her mind, So vindoubtedly shall find)

As

K 2

As will make her, more endeared, Then if she had neuer erred.

Farther; that she nought may misse, Which worth praise in woman, is:
This, vnto the rest I add.
If I wound, or sicknes, had;
None should for my curing runne.
(No not to Apollo's sonne)
She, so well, the Virtue knowes,
Of each needfull Hearbe that growes;
And so fitly, can apply,
Salues to euery Maladie:
That, if she, no succour gaue me,
Twere no meanes of Art, could saue me.

Should my Soule oppressed lye, (Sunke with griefe and sorrow nigh) She hath balme for minds distrest; And could ease my pained breast. She so well knowes how to season, Passionate discourse with Reason; And knowes how to sweeten it, Both with so much loue and wit; That, it shall prepare the Sense. To give way with lesse offence. For, greeued minds, can ill abide, Counsell churlishly applid:

Which

Which, instead of comfortings;
Desperation, often brings.
But, harke Nymphs: me thinkes, I heare Musicke, sounding in mine eare.
Tis a Lute: And hee's the best For a Voice, in all the West,
That doth touch it. And the Swaine,
I would haue you heare so faine,
That my Song, forbeare will I,
To attend his melodie.

Hither comes he, day by day, In these Groues to sing, and play. And, in youn close Arbor, He Sitteth now, expecting me. He, so bashfull is; that mute Will his Tougne be, and his Lute, Should he happen to espie This, vnlookt for Company.

If you, therefore lift to heare him, Let's with filence walke more neere him. Twill be worth your paines (beleeue me) (If a Voice, content may giue yee) And, await you shall not long; For, He now beginns a *Song*.

K 3

What

Sonnet. 1.

What is the cause, when elsewhere I resort, I have my Gestures, and Discourse more And (if I please) can any Beauty Court, (free? Yet stand so dull, and so demure by thee? Why are my speeches broken, whilst I talke? Why doe I feare almost thy hand to touch? Why dare I not imbrace thee as we walk, (much? Since, with the greatest Nymphs I we dar'd as Ah! know that none of those I e're affected; And therefore, vs'd a carelesse Courtship there: Because, I neither their Disdaine respected, Nor recon'd them, or their embraces deare. But, louing Thee; my Love hath found content; And rich delights, in things indifferent.

Sonnet. 2.

Why Couet I, thy blessed eyes to see;
Whose sweet aspect, may cheere the saddest
Why, when our bodies must divided be, (mind?
Can I no howre of rest, or pleasure sind?
Why doe I sleeping start, and waking mone,
To finde, that of my dreamed Hopes I misse?
Why

Why, doe I often contemplate alone,
Of fuch a thing as thy Perfection is?
And wherefore, when we meet, doth Passion stop
My speechles Tongue, and leave me in a panting?
Why, doth my heart o'rechargd with seare & hope
(In spight of Reason) almost droop to fainting?
Because, in Me thy excellencies moving,
Have drawne me to an Excellence in loving.

Sonnet. 3

Aire, fince thy Virtues my affections moue, And I have vowd, my purpose is to ioyne, (In an eternall Band of chastest Loue) Our Soules, to make a Mariage most divine. Why (thou maist thinke) then, seemeth he to prize, An outward Beauties fading hew so much? Why, doth he read such Lectures in mine eyes? And often strive my tender palme to touch? Oh pardon my presuming: For I sweare, My Loue is soyled, with no lustfull spot: (peare, Thy Soules perfections, through those vailes ap-And I halfe faint, that I embrace them not. No foule Desires, doth make thy touches sweet: But, my Soule striueth, with thy Soule to meet. K_4 Shall

Sonnet 4.

SHall I wasting in Dispaire,
Dye because a Womans faire?
Or make pale my cheekes with care,
Cause anothers Rosie are?
Be shee fairer then the Day,
Or the Flowry Meads in May;
If She be not so to me,
What care I how faire shee be.

Should my heart be grieud or pin'd,
Cause I see a Woman kind?
Or a well disposed Nature,
Ioyned with a louely Feature?
Be shee meeker, kinder, than
Turtle-Doue, or Pelican:
If shee be not so me,
What care I, how kind she be.

Shall a Womans Virtues moue, Me, to perish for her love? Or, her well-deserving knowne, Make me quite forget mine owne?

Be

Be shee with that Goodnesse blest, Which may gaine her, name of Best: If she be not such to me, What care I, how good she be.

Cause her Fortune seemes too high,
Shall I play the foole, and dye?
Those that beare a Noble minde,
Where they want of Riches find,
Thinke, what with them, they would doe,
That without them, dare to wooe.
And, vnlesse that mind I see,
What care I, though Great she be.

Great, or Good, or Kind, or Faire,
I will ne're the more dispaire,
If She love me, this believe;
I will die, er'e she shall grieve.
If she slight me, when I wooe;
I can scorne, and let her goe.
For, if shee be not for me,
What care I, for whom she be.

I wan-

Sonnet 5.

I Wandred out, awhile agone,
And went I know not whither:
But, there doe Beauties many a one,
Refort, and meet together.
And Cupids power will there be showne,
If ever you come thither.

For, like two Sunnes, two Beauties bright, I shining saw together.

And, tempted by their double light, My eyes I fixt on either:

Till both at once, so thral'd my sight, I lou'd, and knew not whether.

Such equall sweet Venus gaue,
That I prefer'd not either.
And when for love, I thought to crave,
I knew not well of whether.
For, one while, This, I wisht to have,
And then, I That, had leifer.

A

A Louer of the curioust Eye, Might have been pleased in either. And so, I must confesse, might I, Had they not been together. Now, both must love, or both denie, In one, enioy I neither.

But yet at last I scapt the smart, I feard, at comming hither. For, seeing my divided heart, I chusing, knew not whether. Loue angry grew, and did depart; And now, I care for neither.

SEe; these Trees so ill did hide vs,
That the Shepheard hath espide vs:
And (as iealous of his cunning)
All in hast away is rnnning.
To entreat him backe againe,
Would be labour spent in vaine.
You may therefore, now, betake ye
To the Musicke I can make ye;
Who, doe purpose my Inuention,
Shall pursue my first Intention.

For;

For, in *Her* (whose worth I tell) Many excellences dwell, Yet vnmention'd: whose perfections Worthy are of best affections.

That, which is fo rare to find,
Both in Man, and Womankind:
That; whose absence Love defaceth,
And both Sexes more disgraceth,
Then the spight of surrowed Age,
Sicknesses, or Sorrowes rage:
That's the Iewell so divine,
Which doth on her Forehead shine.
And, therewith endowed is Shee,
In an excellent degree.
Constancy (I meane) the purest
Of all Beauties; and the surest.
For, who e're doth that possesses.
Hath an endlesse Louelinesse.

All Afflictions, Labours, Croffes, All our Dangers, Wounds, and loffes, Games of Pleafure, we can make, For that matchlesse Womans sake; In whose brest that Virtue bideth: And we ioy what e're betideth.

Most deiected *Hearts* it gladdeth: Twenty thousand glories addeth

Vnto

Vnto Beauties brightest Ray: And preserues it from decay. Tis the Salt, that's made to feafon, Beautie, for the vie of Reason. Tis the Vernish, and the Oyling, Keeps her Colours fresh, from spoiling. Tis an Excellence, whereby Age, though ioyn'd with Pouertie, Hath more deare Affection wonne, Then fresh Youth, and Wealth have done. Tis a Louelinesse, endearing Beauties, scarce worth note, appearing; Whil'st a fairer fickle Dame. Nothing gaines, but scorne and shame. Further; tis a Beautie, such As I can nor praise too much, Nor frame *Measures*, to expresse. No; nor any man, vnlesse He, who (more then all men crost) Finds it in that Woman loft; On whose Faith, he would have pawnd Life, and all he could commaund. Such a Man may by that Miffe Make vs know how deare it is: When, o're-charg'd with Griefe, he shall Sigh, and breake his heart withall.

This

This is that *Perfection*, which In her fauour makes me rich. All whose *Beauties* (nam'd before) Else, would but torment me more: And, in hauing this, I find, (What e're haps) a quiet mind: Yea, tis that, which I doe prize, Farre aboue her Lips, her Eyes: Or, that generall Beauty, whence Shines each seuerall Excellence.

For, alas / what gaind hath he, Who may clip the fairest Shee (That the name of Woman beares) If, vnhappily, he feares, Any others Worth, may win, What he thought his owne had bin? Him, Bafe-minded deeme I should, Who (although he were in Hold, Wrapt in chaines) would not disdaine, Loue with her to entertaine That both daughter to a *Peere*, And most rich and louely were; When a brainelesse Gull shall dare, In her, fauours with him share: Or, the Action of a Player, Robb him of a Hope so faire.

This

This, I dread not: For, I know, Strained gestures, painted show, Shamelesse boastings, borrowed Iests, Female Looks, gay-plumed Crests, Vowes nor protestations vaine, (Wherwith sooles are made so vaine) Moue her can; saue to contemne, Or perhaps, to laugh at them.

Neither can I doubt, or feare, Time shall either change or weare This her *Virtue*: Or, impaire That which makes her Soule, so faire. In which *Trust*, great Comforts are, Which, the feare of losse, would marr.

Nor hath this my rare *Hope* flood,
So much, in her being good;
(With her loue to bleffed Things)
As in her acknowledgings,
From a higher Power to haue them;
And her loue, to *Him*, that gaue them.
For, although to haue a mind
Naturally to Good inclin'd,
(And to loue it) would affure
Reason, that it might endure.
Yet (fince Man was first vniust)
Ther's no warrant for such *Trust*.

Virtues

Virtues, that most wonder winn, Would converted be to Sin; If their flourishings began, From no better Root, then Man. Our best Virtues, when they are Of themselues, we may compare, To the beautie of a Flower. That is blafted in an howre: And, which growing to be fuller, Turnes into fome loathed Colour. But, those being freely giuen, And confirm'd in vs from Heauen; Haue a promise on them past: And for euermore shall last; Diamond-like, their lustre clearing, More and more, by vse and wearing.

But, if this rare Worth I praise, Should by Fates permission, raise Passions in some gentle Brest, That distemper may his rest; (And be Author of such Treason, As might nigh endanger Reason) Or, inforce his tongue to craue, What another man must haue. Marke, in such a Streight as this, How discreet her dealing is.

Shee,

Shee, is nothing of their humours, Who, their honor build on Rumours, And, had rather privat sporting, Then allow of open courting:
Nor of theirs, that would seeme holy, By divulging others folly.
Farther is she from their guise, That delight to Tyrannize, Or make boastings, in espying, Others for their favours dying.

Shee, a fpirit doth possesses
So repleat with Noblenesse,
That, if shee be there beloued,
Where she ought not to be moued,
Equally, to loue againe:
Shee, doth so well entertaine
That affection; as ther's none
Can suppose it, ill bestowne.

From deluding, she is free:
From distaine, as farre is shee:
And so feelingly beares part,
Of what paines anothers heart;
That no curse, of scorned dutie,
Shall draw vengeance on her Beautie.
Rather, with so tender feare,
Of her Honour, and their care,

L

Shee

Shee is toucht; that neither shall, Wrong vnto her felfe, befall; (By the fauour she doth show) Nor will shee neglect them so; As may just occasion give, Any way to make them grieue. Hope, she will not let them see, Least they should presuming be; And aspire to that, which none, Euer must enioy but One. From Dispaire, shee keepes them to; Fearing, they might hap to doe, Either through Loues indifcretions, (Or much ouer stirred passions) What, might with their hurt & shame, Into question call her name. And a fcandall on her bring, Who is iust in euery thing. Shee hath mark't how others runne; And by them hath learn'd to shunne, Both their fault, who (ouerwife) Erre, by being too precise: And their folly that o're kind, Are to all complaints inclind. For, her wit hath found the way,

How a while to hold them play;

And

And, that inconvenience shunne, Whereinto, both feeme to runne; By allowing them a scope, Iust betwixt Dispaire, and Hope. Where confin'd, and reaching neither, They doe take a part in either: Till, long liuing in suspence, (Tyr'd by her indifference) Time, at last, their Passion weares; Passions wearing, Reason cleares; Reason gives their Indgement light; Iudgement bringeth all to right. So, their *Hope* appearing vaine, They become themselues againe. And, with high applauses, fit, For fuch Virtue, with fuch Wit; They, that feruice, onely profer, Shee may take, and they may offer.

Yet, this course she neuer proues; Saue with those, whose virtuous Loues, Vse the noblest meanes of gaining, Fauours, worthy the obtaining. And, if such should chance to erre, (Either 'gainst themselues, or her) In some ouer-sights, when they, Are through Passion led astray.

 L_2

She

Shee, fo well mans frailtie knowes, With the Darts that Beautie throwes; As she will not adding terror, Breake the heart for one poore error. Rather (if still good they be)
Twentie remedies hath she,
Gently to apply, where Sense
Hath inuaded Reasons Fence;
And, without or wound, or scarre,
Turnes to Peace, a lawlesse Warre.

But, to those whose baser fires, Breath out smoke of such desires, As may dimm with vnpure steames, Any part of *Beauties* beames. Shee, will daigne no milder way, Those soule burnings to allay; Saue, with such extreme neglect, As shall worke her wisht effect.

And, to vse so sharpe a cure, Shees not oft constrained, sure. Cause, vpon her forhead, still Goodnesse sits, so fear'd of Ill: That the scorne, and high distaines, Wherewithall she entertaines, Those loth'd glaunces; giueth ending, To such flamings in the tynding:

That

That their cooled Hopes, needs must Freeze Desires, in heat of Lust.

Tis a power that neuer lies,
In the fair'st immodest eyes.

VVantons; tis not your sweet eyings,
Forced Passions, fained Dyings,
Gestures temptings, Teares beguilings,
Dancings, Singings, Kissings, Smilings;
Nor those painted sweets, with which,
You vnwary men bewitch:
(All vnited, nor asunder)
That can compasse such a wonder.
Or, to winn you loue preuailes,
Where her mouing Virtues, failes.

Beauties, tis not all those Features, Placed in the fairest Creatures; Though their best they should discouer, That can tempt from Her, a Louer. Tis not, those soft-snowie Brests, Where Loue rockt in pleasure, rests; (And by their continual motions, Draweth hearts to vaine deuotions) Nor the Nectar that we sip From a hony-dropping Lip:

Nor those Eyes, whence Beauties Launces, Wound the heart, with wanton glances:

L 3

Nor

Nor, those fought *Delights*, that lye In *Loues* hidden Treasurie: That, can liking gaine, where she, Will the best beloued be.

For, should those who thinke they may, Draw my loue from her away; Bring forth all their female Graces, Wrapt me, in their clofe embraces; Practife all the Art they may; Weepe, or fing, or kiffe, or pray, And with fighs and lookes come woe me, When they foonest may vndoe me: One poore thought of *Her*, would arme me So, as Circe could not harme me. Since befide those Excellences, Wherewith, others please the Senses; She, whom I have prifed fo, Yeilds delights, for Reason to. Who could Dote on thing fo common, As mere outward-handsome Woman? Those halfe-beauties, only winne Fooles, to let affection in. Vulger wits, from Reason shaken, Are with fuch impostures taken: And, with all their Art in Loue, Wantons, can but Wantons moue.

But

But, when vnto those, are Ioind,
Those things which adorne the Mind:
None, their excellences see,
But they straight enthralled be.
Fooles, and wisemen, worst and best,
Subject are to Loues Arrest.
For, when Virtue wooes a Louer,
Shee's an vnresisted moouer:
That will have no kind of Nay,
And in Loue brookes no delay.

She, can make the Senfuall Wights, To restraine their Appetites. And, (her beautie when they see) Spight of Vice, in Loue to be: Yea (although themselues be bad) Praise the good they neuer had. She, hath to her service brought, Those, that Her, have set at nought; And can sayre enough appeare, To enslame the most several with the second section.

She, hath oft allured out,
The religiously deuout,
From their Cloysters, & their Vowes;
To embrace what *She* allowes:
And, to such contentments come,
As blind zeale had bard them from.

L 4

While

While (her lawes mif-vnderstood) They did ill for loue of Good.

Where I finde true worth to be,
Sweetest are their lipps to me:
And embraces tempt me to,
More then outward Beauties doe.
That my firme beleese is this:
If euer I doe amisse;
Seeming-Good, the bayt will lay,
That to ill shall me betray:
Since, where shewes of Goodnesse are,
I am oft emboldned there,
Freedomes so permit, and vse;
Which, I else-where doe refuse:
For because I thinke they meane,
To allow no deed vncleane.

Yet, where two, loue *Virtue* shall, Both at once, they seldome fall. For, when one hath thoughts of ill, Tother helpes exile them still.

My faire Virtues powre is this. And, that powre the Beauty is, Which doth make Her, here exprest, Equally both Faire, and Blest.

This, was that contenting *Grace*, Which affection made me place,

With

With fo deare respect, that neuer Can it faile; but, last for euer. This: a Seruant made me fworne. Who before time, held in fcorne; To yeeld Vassilage, or Duty, Though, vnto the Queene of Beauty. Yet, that I her Seruant am, It shall more be to my fame; Then to owne these Woods and Downes: Or be Lord of fiftie Townes. And my Mistresse to be deem'd, Shall more honor be esteem'd: Then those Titles to acquire, Which most women, most desire. Yea, when you a woman shall, Countesse, or a Dutchesse call; That respect it shall not moue, Neither gaine her halfe fuch loue, As to fay, Loe, this is she, That supposed is to be, Mistresse to Phil'ARETE. And, that louelie Nymph, which he, In a Pastorall *Poem* fam'd. And FAIRE-VIRTVE, there hath nam'd. Yea, fome Ladies (tenne to one) If not many (now vnknowne)

May

Will be very well apaid, When by chance, She heares it faid Shee, that *Faire-one* is; whom I, Here haue prais'd, concealedly.

And, though now this Ages pride, May so braue a *Hope* deride. Yet, when all their Glories passe As the thing that neuer was; (And on Monuments appeare, That, they ere had breathing here) Who enuy it: Shee shall thriue In her Fame. And honor'd liue. Whilst Great-Brittaines Shepheards, sing English, in their Sonnetting. And, who ere in future dayes, Shall bestow the vtmost praise, On his Loue; that any Man, Attribute to Creature can. Twill be this; that he hath dared, His, and Mine to have compared.

Oh / what starres did shine on me, When her Eyes I first did see? And how good was their aspect, When we first did both affect? For, I neuer since to changing Was enclind, or thought of ranging.

Me,

Me, so oft my Fancy drew,
Here and there, that I nere knew
Where to place Desire, before,
So, that range it might no more.
But, as he that passeth by,
Where in all her iollitie,
Floras riches in a row,
Doth in seemely order grow:
And a thousand Flowers stand,
Bending as to kisse his hand;
Out of which delightfull store,
One he may take; and no more.
Long he pausing, doubteth whether,
Of those faire ones he should gather.

First, the Primrose Courts his eyes; Then, the Cowslip he espies; Next, the Pansey seemes to wooe him; Then, Carnations bow vnto him: Which, whil'st that enamour'd Swaine From the stalke intends to straine, (As halfe fearing to be seene) Prettily her leaves betweene Peepes the Violet: pale, to see, That her Virtues sleighted be. Which, so much his liking winnes, That, to ceaze her, he beginnes.

Yet

Yet, before he stoopt so low, He, his wanton eye did throw On a Stemm that grew more high, And the Rose did there espie: Who, beside her pretious sent (To procure his eyes content) Did display her goodly Brest; Where he found at full exprest, All the Good, that Nature showers On a thousand other Flowers. Wherewith he, affected, takes it; His beloued Flowre he makes it. And, without desire of more, Walkes through all, he saw before.

So, I wandring, but erewhile,
Through the Garden of this Ile,
Saw rich Beauties (I confesse)
And in number, numberlesse.
Yea, so differing louely to,
That, I had a world to doe,
Ere I could set vp my rest,
Where to chuse; and chuse the best.

One I faw, whose *Haire* excelled, On anothers *Brow* there dwelled, Such a Maiestie: it seemed, Shee, was best to be esteemed.

This

This, had with her Speeches won me, That, with Silence, had vndone me. On her Lips, the Graces hung; Tother, charm'd me with her tongue. In her Eyes, a third did beare, That, which did anew infnare. Then a fourth did fairer show; Yet, wherein I did not know. Onely this perceived I, Somewhat pleas'd my Fantase. Now, the Wealth I most esteemed: Honour then. I better deemed. Next, the love of Beautie ceazd me, And, then *Virtue* better pleas'd me. *Iuno's* loue, I nought esteem'd, Whilst a Venus fairer seem'd. Nay, both could not Me suffice; Whilst a *Pallas* was more wife. Though I found enough in One, To content, if still alone. Amarillis, I did wooe; And I courted *Phillis* to. Daphne, for her loue I chose; Cloris for that Damaske Rofe, In her Cheeke, I held as deare; Yea, a thousand likt, welneere.

And,

And, in loue with altogether, Feared the enioying either; Cause, to be of one possest, Bar'd the hope of all the rest.

Thus I fondly far'd, till Fate,
Which (I must confesse in that
Did a greater fauour to me,
Then the world can malice doe me)
Shew'd to me that matchlesse Flowre,
Subject for this Song of our.
Whose perfection, having eied,
Reason instantly espied;
That, Desire (which rang'd abroad)
There, would find a Period.
And no maruell, if it might:
For, it there hath all delight;
And in her hath Nature placed,
What each severall faire one graced.

Nor am I, alone delighted, With those Graces all vnited; Which the Senses eie, doth finde, Scattered, throughout Womankind. But, my Reason finds persections, To enslame my Soules affections. Yea, such virtues she possesset, As with firmest pleasures blesseth:

And

And keepes found, that *Beauties* flate, Which would elfe grow ruinate.

In this *Flowre*, are fweets fuch store; I shall neuer, wish for more.

Nor be tempted out to stray,

For the fairest Budds in *May*.

Let who lift (for me) aduance,
The admired Flowres of France,
Let who will; praife, and behold,
The referued Marigold.
Let the sweetbreath't Violet, now,
Vnto whom she pleaseth, bow.
And the fairest Lillie, spread
Where she will, her golden head.
I haue such a Flowre to weare,
That for those I doe not care.

Neuer shall my Fancie range, Nor once thinke againe of change: Neuer will I; (neuer more) Greeue, or sigh, as heretofore: Nor within the Lodgings lie, Of Dispaire, or Iealousie.

Let the young and happy Swaines, Playing on the *Britan* Plaines: Court vnblamd, their Sheepherdesses. And with their gold-curled Tresses;

Toy

Toy vncensur'd; vntill I Grutch at their prosperitie.

Let all *Times*; both *Present*, *Past*, And the *Age*, that shall be last, Vaunt the *Beauties* they bring forth. I haue found in One, such worth: That (content) I neither care, What the best before me were: Nor desire to liue, and see, Who shall Faire hereaster be. For, I know the hand of *Nature*, Will not make a fairer Creature.

Which, because succeeding Dayes, Shall confesse; and adde their praise, In approuing, what my tongue, Ere they had their being, sung. Once againe, come lend an eare, And, a Rapture you shall heare, (Though I tast no Thespian Spring) Will amaze you, whilst I sing. I doe feele new Straines inspiring, And to such braue heights aspiring, That my Muse will touch a Key, Higher, then you heard to day.

I haue *Beauties* to vnfold, That deferue a Penn of Gold.

Sweets.

Sweets, that neuer dream'd of were. Things vnknowne: and fuch, as Eare Neuer heard a *Measure* sound; Since the Suune first ran his Round. When Apelles limb'd to life, Loathed Vulcans louely wife. With fuch Beauties, he did trim, Each fweet Feature, and each Limbe: And, fo curioufly did place, Euery well-becomming Grace. That twas faid, e're he could draw Such a *Peece*; he naked faw Many women in their Prime. And the fairest of that Time. From all which, he parts did take, Which aright disposed, make Perfect Beautie. So, when you Know, what I have yet to show: It will feeme to passe so farre, Those things which expressed are. That, you will suppose I'ue beene Priuiledg'd; where I have feene, All the *Good*, that's fpread in parts, Through a thousand womens hearts. (With their fair'st conditions lye, Bare, without Hypocrifie)

And

M

And, that I, haue tooke from thence, Each dispersed Excellence.
To expresse Her, who hath gained More, then euer One obtained.

And yet foft, (I feare) in vaine,
I have boafted fuch a Straine.

Apprehenfions ever are
Greater, then expression farre.

And, my stryuing to disclose
What I know; hath made me lose
My Inventions better part:

And, my Hopes exceed my Art.

Speake I can; yet think I more,

Words compar'd with Thoughts, are poore. And I find, had I begun,
Such a Straine; it would be done,
When we number all the fands,
Washt ore periur'd Goodwins lands.
For, of things, I should indite;
Which, I know, are infinite.
I doe yeeld, my Thoughts did clime,
Far aboue the powre of Ryme:
And no wonder, it is so;
Since, there is no Art can show;
Red in Roses, white in Snow;
Nor expresse how they doe grow.

Yea,

Yea, fince Bird, Beast, Stone, and Tree, (That inferior Creatures be) Beauties haue, which we confesse, Lines vnable to expresse: They more hardly can enroule, Those, that doe adorne a Soule. But, suppose my Measures could, Reach the height, I thought they would. Now, relate, I would not tho; What did fwell within me fo. For, if I should all discrie, You would know asmuch as I: And those Clownes, the Muses hate, Would of things aboue them prate. Or, with their prophaning eies, Come to view those Misteries, Whereof, (fince they difesteem'd them) Heauen, hath vnworthy deemd them. And beside; It seemes to me, That your eares nigh tired be. I perceive; the fire that charmeth, And inspireth me; scarce warmeth Nay fure; were I Your chill harts. Melted into *Poefie*, I should not a Measure hit, (Though Apollo promted it) M 2 Which

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Which should able be to leaue, That in you, which I conceaue. You are cold; and here I may

Wast my vitall heat away,
E're you will be moou'd so much,
As to feele one perfect touch
Of those Sweets, which yet conceal'd
Swell my brest, to be reueal'd.

Now, my Words, I therefore cease: That, my mounting Thoughts, in peace, May alone, those pleasures share, Whereos, Lines vnworthy are. And so, you an end doe see Of my Song; though long it be.

No fooner had the Shepheard Philaret,
To this Description his last period set:
But, instantly, descending from a Wood,
(Which, on a rising ground, adioyning stood)
A troupe of Satyrs to the view of all,
Came dauncing of a new-deuised Brall.
The Measures they did pase, by Him, were taught the;
Who, to so rare a gentlenesse had brought them,
That he, had learnd their rudenesse an observing,
Of such respect vnto the well-deserving,

As

As they became to no men else a terrour, But such, as did persist in wilfull errour: And they, the Ladies made no whit affeard, (scard. Though since that time they some great men haue

Their Dance, the Whipping of Abuse they nam'd; And, though the Shepherd since that, hath bin blam'd, Yet, now tis daily seene in every towne; And ther's no Countrey-Dance thats better knowne: Nor, that hath gain'd a greater commendation, Mongst those that love an honest recreation.

This Scene prefented; from a Groue was heard, A fet of Viols; and, there was prepar'd A Countrey Banquet, which this Shepheard made, To entertaine the Ladies, in the shade. And tis supposed, his Song prolonged was Of purpose, that it might be brought to passe. So well it was performed, that each one deem'd, The Banquet might the Citie haue beseem'd. Yet, better was their Welcome, then their Fare: Which they perceived, and the merrier were.

One Beautie tho, there fate amongst the rest; That lookt as sad, as if her heart opprest With Loue had bene. Whom Philaret beholding, Sit so demurely, and her Armes enfolding.

Lady (quoth he) am I, or this poore cheere, The cause that you so melancholy are? For, if the Obiect of your thoughts be higher, It fits nor me to know them; nor enquire, But if from me it commeth, that offends, I seeke the Cause, that I may make amends.

M 3

Kind

Kind Swaine (said she) it is nor so, nor so. No fault in you, nor in your Cheere I know. Nor doe I thinke there is a Thought in me; That can too worthy of your knowledge be. Nor haue I, many a day, more pleasure had, Then here I find; though I haue seemed sad.

My hart, is sometime heavy, when I smile; And when I greeue, I often sing the while. Nor is it sadnesse, that doth me possesse, But, rather, musing with much seriousnesse, Wpon that multitude of sighs and teares; With those innumerable doubts and seares: Through which, you passed; ere you could acquire, A setled Hope of gaining your Desire. For, you dar'd loue a Nymph, so great, and saire, As might have brought a Prince vnto Dispaire. And sure, the excellencie of your Passons, Did then produce as excellent expressions.

If therefore, Me, the fute may well become; And, if to you it be not wearifome: In name of all these Ladies, I entreat, That, one of those fad Straines you would repeate, Which you composed; when greatest discontent Vnsought-for helpe, to your Invention lent.

Fayre Nymph (said Philaret) I will doe so. For, though your Shepheard, doth no Courtship He hath Humanitie. And, what's in me (know, To doe you Seruice, may commanded be.

So, taking downe a Lute, that neere him hung, He gaue't his Boy, who plaid; whilft this, he fung. Ah me.

Ah me!

Am I the Swaine,

That late from forrow free,

Did all the cares on earth distaine?

And still vntoucht, as at some safer Games,

Plaid with the burning coals of Loue, & Beautis slames?

Wast I, could dive, & soud each passions secret depth at will;

And, fro those huge overwhelmings, rise, by help of Reason stil?

And am I now, oh heavens! for trying this in vaine,

So sunke, that I shall never rise againe?

Then let Dispaire, set Sorrows string,

For Strains that dolefulst be.

And & will sing,

Ah me.

But why,
Oh fatall Time!
Dost thou constraine that I,
Should perish, in my youths sweet prime?
I, but a while agoe (you cruell Powers)
Inspight of Fortune, cropt contentmets sweetest slowers.
And yet, vnscorned, serue a gentle Nymph, the fairest Shee,
That euer was belou'd of Man, or Eyes did euer see.
Yea, one, who setender heart, would rue for my distress;
Yet I, poore J; must perish nay-thelesse.
And (which much more augmets my care)
Vnmoaned I must dye:
And, no man er'e,
Know why.

 M_4

Thy

Thy leave,
My dying Song,
Yet take, ere griefe bereave,
The breath which I enioy too long.
Tel thou that Fair-one this; my foul prefers,
Her love above my life, and that J died hers:
And let Him be, for evermore, to her remembrance deare,
Who lou'd the very thought of Hex, whilf he remained here.
And now, farewell thou Place, of my vnhappy birth;
Where once I breathd the sweetest aire on earth.
Since me, my wonted ioyes for sake;
And all my trust deceive:
Of all, I take
My leave.

Farewell,

Sweet Groues to you:

You Hils, that highest dwell;

And all you humble Vales, adue.

You wanton Brookes, and solitary Rockes,

My deare companions all, and you, my tender slockes.

Farevvellmy Pipe, and all those pleasing Songs, who semouing straines

Delighted once the fairest Nymphes, that daunce upon the Plaines.

You Discontents (whose deep, & over-deadly smart,

Haue, without pitie, broke the truest heart)

Sighs, Teares, and every sad annoy,

That erst did with me dwell,

And all others soy,

Farewell.

Adue.

Adue,
Faire Shepherdess:
Let Garlands of sad Yewe,
Adorne your daintie golden Tresses.
I, that loud you; and often with my Quill,
Made musick that delighted Fountain, Groue, & Hill:
I, whom you loued so; and with a sweet and chast embrace,
(Yea, with a thousand rarer fauors) would vouch saf to grace.
I, now must leave you all alone, of Loue to plaine:
And neuer Pipe, nor neuer Sing againe.
I must, for evermore, bee gone;
And therefore, bid I you,
And every one,
Adue.

I dye!
For oh, I feele

Deaths horrors, drawing nie;
And all this frame of Nature, reele.
My hopelesse heart, dispairing of reliefe,
Sinks, underneath the heauy weight of saddest griefe.
Which, hath so ruthles torn, so rackt, so torturd' euery vaine;
All comfort comes too late, to haue it euer cur'd againe.
My swimming head, begins to dance Deaths giddy round.
A shuddering chilnes doth each sence confound:
Benum'd, is my cold-sweating brow;
A dimnesse shuts my eye;
And now, oh now,
I die.

SO mouingly, these Lines He did expresse, And, to a Tune so full of heavinesse, As if indeed, his purpose had bin past, To live no longer then the Song did last. Which in the *Nymphs*, such tender passion bred. That some of them, did teares of pitty shed.

This, she perceiuing, who first craud the Song; Shepheard she said; although it be no wrong, Nor griefe to you, those passions to recall, Which heretofore you have beene paind withall, But Comforts rather; since they now, are over, And you (it seemeth) an enioying Lover.

Yet, some young Nymphs among vs I doe see, Who so much mooved with your passions be: That is, my aime, I taken have aright, Their thoughts wil hardly, let them sleepe to night.

I dare not therefore, beg of you againe, To fing another of the felfesame Straine: For feare, it breed within them, more vnrest, Then womens weakenesses, can well disgest. Yet, in your Measures, such content you haue; That, one Song more I will presume to craue. And, if your Memorie preserues of those, Which you of your Affections did compose, Besore you saw this Mistresse; Let vs heare, What kind of passions, then, within you were.

To which request, he instantly obaid; And, this ensuing Song, both sung and plaid.

Sonnet

Sonnet. 2

Y Ougentle Nymphs, that on the semeadows play And oft relate the loves of Shepherds young: Come, sit you downe; for, if you please to stay, Now may you heare an vncouth Passion sung. A Lad there is, and I am that poore Groome; That faln in love, & cannot tell with whom.

Oh doe not smile at sorrow as a Iest;
With others cares good Natures mooued be:
And, I should weepe, if you had my vnrest.
Then, at my griese, how, can you merry be?
Ah, where is tender pitie now become?
I am in loue, and cannot tell with whom.

I, that have oft the rarest features viewd,
And Beautie in her best perfection seene:
I, that have laught at them that Love pursude;
And ever free, from such affections beene.
Lo now at last, so cruell is my doome;
I am in love, and cannot tell with whom.

My heart is full nigh bursting with desire, Yet cannot find from whence these longings slow: My

My brest doth burne, but she that lights the fire, I never saw, nor can I come to know.

So great a blisse my fortune keepes my from.

That though I dearly love; I know not who.

Ere I had twice foure Springs, renewed seene,
The force of Beautie I began to prove;
And, ere I nine yeares old, had fully beene,
It taught me how to frame a Song of Love.
And, little thought I, this day should have come,
Before that I to love, had found out whom.

For, on my Chinn, the mossy downe you see,
And, in my vaines, well-heated blood doth glow:
Of Summers I have seene twice three times three,
And, fast, my youthfull time away doth goe.
That much I feare, I aged shall become:
And still complaine; I loue I know not whom.

Oh! why had I, a heart bestow'd on me,
To cherish deare affections, so enclind?
Since, I am so vnhappy borne to be
No Obiect, for so true a Loue to find.
When I am dead, it will be mist of some:
Yet, now I live; I love, I know not whom.
I, to

I, to a thousand beautious Nymphs am knowne;
A hundred Ladies fauours doe I weare:
I, with as many, halfe in love am growne;
Yet none of them (I find) can be my Deare.
Me thinks, I have a Mistresse, yet to come;
Whichmakes me sing; I love I knownot whom

There lives no Swaine doth stronger passion prove, For her, whom most he couets to possesse; Then doth my heart, that being full of Love, Knowes not to whom, it may the same professe. For, he that is despise, hath sorrow, some:

But he hath more; that loves, and knowes not (whom.

Knew I my Loue, as many others doe,
To some one object might my thoughts be bent:
So, they divided should not wandring goe,
Vntill the Soules vnited force be spent.
As his, that seekes, and never finds a Home:
Such is my rest; that loue, & know not whom.

Those, whom the frowness of iealous friends divide, May live to meet, and descant on their woe: And he, hath gaind a Lady for his Bride, That durst not woe her Mayd, a while agoe. But

But oh! what end vnto my Hopes can come? That am in loue, and cannot tel with whom.

Poore Collin, grieues that he was late distaind: And Cloris, doth for Willy's absence pine. Sad Thirsis, weeps, for his sicke Phæbe paind. But, all their sorrowes cannot equal mine. A greater care alas, on me is come: I am in loue, and cannot tell with whom.

Narcissus-like, did I affect my shade;
Some shaddow yet, I had, to dote vpon.
Or, did I loue, some Image of the dead,
Whose substance had not breathed long agone;
I might dispaire, and so an end would come;
But, oh, I loue! and cannot tell you whom.

Once in a Dreame, me thought, my Loue I view'd;
But, neuer waking, could her face behold:
And doubtles, that Resemblance was but shew'd,
That more, my tyred heart torment it should.
For, since that time, more grieu'd I am become;
And more in loue; I cannot tell with whom.
When

When on my bed at night, to rest I lye,
My watchfull eyes, with teares bedew my cheeke:
And then, oh would it once were day, I crie;
Yet when it comes, I am as far to seeke.
For, who can tell, though all the earth he rome;
Or when, or where, to find hee knowes not
(whom?

Oh! if she be among the beautious traines,
Of all you Nymphs, that haunt the filuer Rills;
Or, if you know her, Ladies of the Plaines,
Or you, that haue your Bowers, on the Hills.
Tell if you can, who will my love become:
Or I shal die, and neuer know for whom.

The Ladies smiled oft, when this they heard, Because the Passion strange to them appeard. And stranger was it; since, by his expression, (As well as by his owne vnfain'd confession) It feemed true. But, having sung it out: And seeing, scarcely manners, they it thought To vrge him sarther, Thus to them he spake. Faire Ladies: for as much as doubt you make To re-command me: Of mine owne accord, Another Straine, I freely will afford.

It

It shall not be of Loue; nor any Song, Which to the praise of Beautie doth belong. But, that hereaster, when you hence are gone, Your Shepheard may be sometime thought vpon. To shew you also, what content the Field, And louely Groue, to honest Minds may yeeld. That you my humble Fate, may not despise; When you returne vnto your braueries. And not suppose, that in these homely Bowers, I hugg my Fortune, cause I know not yours. Such Lines Ile sing, as were composed, by me, When some proud Courtiers, where I hap't to be, Did (like themselues) of their owne glories prate: As in contempt, of my more happy state. And these they be.

Sonnet.

Lordly Gallants, tell mee this,
(Though my safe content you weigh not)
In your Greatnesse what one blisse,
Haue you gain'd, that I enioy not?
You haue Honors, you haue Wealth,
I haue Peace, and I haue Health:
All the day, I merry make,
And, at night, no care I take.

Bound

Bound to none, my Fortunes be;
This, or that mans fall, I feare not:
Him I loue, that loueth me;
For the rest, a pinne I care not.
You are sad, when others chase,
And grow merry as they laugh;
I, that hate it, and am free,
Laugh and weepe, as pleaseth me.

You may boast of fauours showne,
Where your service is applied:
But, my pleasures are mine owne,
And to no mans humours tyed.
You oft statter, soothe, and faine;
I, such basenesse doe distaine:
And to none, be slave I would,
Though my fetters might be gold.

By great Titles, some beleeve,
Highest honours are attained;
And yet Kings have power to give,
To their Fools, what these have gained.
Where they favour, there they may,
All their Names of Honour lay:
But, I looke not, rais'd to be,
Till mine owne wing, carrie me.

Seeke

Seeke to raife your Titles higher,
They are Toyes not worth my forrow:
Those that we to day admire,
Prooue the Ages scorne to morrow.
Take your Honors; let me find,
Virtue, in a free-borne Mind:
This, the greatest Kings that be,
Cannot give, nor take from me.

Though I vainly doe not vaunt,
Large demesnes, to feed my pleasure:
I have favours where you want,
That would buy respect with treasure.
You have lands lie here, and there;
But my wealth is every where:
And, this, addeth to my store:
Fortune, cannot make me poore.

Say, you purchase with your pelfe,
Some respect, where you importune.
Those may love me for my selfe,
That regard you for your Fortune.
Rich, or borne of high degree,
Fooles, as well as you may bee:
But, that Peace, in which I live,
No Discent, nor Wealth can give.

If

If you boast, that you may gaine,
The respect of high-borne Beauties:
Know, I neuer wooed in vaine,
Nor preferred scorned Duties.
Shee I love, hath all delight;
Rosie-red, with Lillie-white:
And, who er'e your Mistresse be,
Flesh and Blood as good as Shee.

Note, of Me, was never tooke,
For my Woman-like perfections:
But, so like a man, I looke,
It hath gaind me best Affections.
For my love, as many showers
Have been wept, as have for yours.
And, yet none doth me condemne
For Abuse, or scorning them.

Though of Dainties, you have store,
To delight a choyser Pallat:
Yet your taste is pleas'd no more,
Then is mine in one poore Sallat.
You to please your Senses, feed;
But, I eat, good Blood to breed.
And am most delighted than,
When I spend it like a man.
N 2

Though

Though you Lord it ouer me,
You in vaine thereof have braved:
For, those Lusts my Servants be,
Whereunto your minds are slaved.
To your selves you wise appeare:
But alas, deceiv'd you are.
You doe foolish me esteeme,
And are that, which I doe seeme.

When your faults I open lay,
You are moou'd, and madd with vexing;
But, you ne're could doe or say,
Ought to drive me to perplexing.
Therefore, my despised power
Greater is, by farre, then your.
And, what er'e you thinke of me,
In your mindes, you poorer be.

You are pleased, more or lesse,
As men well or ill report you;
And, shew discontentednesse,
When the Times forbeare to court you.
That, in which my pleasures be,
No man can divide from me.
And, my Care, it addes not to
What-so, others say, or doe.

Be

Be not proud, because you view,
You by thousands are attended:
For alas, it is not You,
But your Fortune, tha's be-friended.
Where I show of love have got,
Such a danger feare I not.
Since, they nought can seeke of me;
But, for love, belou'd to be.

When your Hearts have every thing, You, are pleasantly disposed:
But, I can both laugh and sing,
Though my Foes have me enclosed.
Yea, when dangers me doe hemm,
I delight in scorning them,
More then you, in your renowne;
Or a King can in his Crowne.

You doe brauely domineere,
Whilft the Sunne vpon you shineth.
Yet, if any storme appeare,
Basely then, your mind declineth.
But, or shine, or raine, or Blow,
I, my Resolutions know.
Living, Dying, Thrall, or Free,
At one height my Mind shall be.
N 3

In

When in thraldome, I have laine,
Me, not worth your thought you prized.
But, your malice was in vaine,
For, your favours, I despised.
And, how ere you value me,
I, with praise, shall thought on be;
V Vhen the world esteemes you not,
And your Names shall be forgot.

In these thoughts my riches are,
Now, though poore or meane you deeme me;
I am pleasd, and doe not care,
How the Times, or you esteeme me.
For, those Toyes that make you gay,
Are but Play-games for a day.
And, when Nature craues her due;
I, as braue shall be, as you.

He fill had fomewhat more, to be disclosed. And, well they knew not; whether did belong, Most praise vnto the Shepheard, or his Song.

For,

For, though (they must consesse) they often heare, Those Layes, which much more deeply learned are: Yet, when they well considered of the Place, With how vnlikely (in their thought) it was, To give them hope of hearing such a Straine; Or, that so young, and so obscure a Swaine, Should, such a matchlesse Beauties savour get, And know her worth so well, to sing of it. They wondred at it. And some thus surmized, That Hee a greater man was, so disguisd: Or else, that Shee, whom he so much had praise Some Goddesse was: that those his Measures raised, Of purpose, to that rare-attained height, In Enui's and presuming Art's despight.

But, whilft they musing, with theselues, bethought Which way, out of this *Shepheard* to have wrought, What Nymph this Fair-one was; and where she liu'd. Loe, at that very instant there arriu'd Three men, that by their Habits Courtiers feemd: For (though obscure) by some he is esteemd Among the greatest: who do not contemne In his retyred walkes, to vifit him. And there they tast those pleasures of the mind, Which they, can nor in *Court*, nor *Citie* find. (him, Some news or message, these new guests had broght And, to make hast away (it seemes) befought him. For, instantly he rose: And that his nurture, Might not be taxed by a rude departure, Himselfe excusing, he those Nymphs did pray: His noble Friends might bring them on their way:

N 4 Who

Who, as it feemes (he said) were therefore come; That they might wait vpon them to their home. So, with their sauour, he departed thence: And (as they thought) to meet her Excellence, Of whom he sung. Yet many deeme that this, But an Idea of a MISTRESSE is. Because to none, he yet had daind the telling, Her proper Name; nor shown her place of Dwelling.

When he was gone: a Lady from among Those Nymphs; tooke vp his Lute, & sung this Song.

The Nymphs Song.

Entle Swaine, good speed befall thee;
And in Loue still prosper thou:
Fu ure Times shall happy call thee,
Though, thou lie neglected, now.
Virtues Louers, shall commend thee;
And perpetuall Fame, attend thee.

Happy are these woody Mountaines, In whose shaddowes thou doest hide:

And

OF PHIL'ARETE.

And as happy, are those Fountaines, By whose murmures thou doest bide. For, Contents are here excelling; More, then in a Princes dwelling.

These thy Flocks doe clothing bring thee,
And thy food, out of the Fields:
Pretty Songs, the Birds doe sing thee;
Sweet perfumes the Meddowe yeelds:
And, what more is worth the seeing?
Heaven and Earth thy prospect being?

None comes hither, who denies thee,
Thy Contentments (for despight)
Neither any that enuies thee,
That, wherein thou dost delight.
But, all happy things are meant thee:
And what ever may content thee.

Thy Affection Reason measures; And distempers none it seeds: Still, so harmelesse are thy pleasures, That no others griefe it breeds.

And

THE MISTRESSE

And, if night, beget thee forrow; Seldome stayes it, till the morrow.

Why doe foolish men so vainely,
Seeke contentment in their store?
Since they may perceive so plainly,
Thou art rich, in being poore?
And that they are vext about it;
Whilst thou merry art without it.

VVhy are idle braines devising,
How high Titles may be gaind?
Since, by those poore toyes despising,
Thou hast higher things obtaind?
For the man who scornes to crave them,
Greater is, then they that have them.

If all men could tast that sweetnesse,
Thou dost in thy meanesse know;
Kings would be to seeke, where Greatnesse,
And their honours to bestow.
For, it such content would breed them;
As they would not thinke they need them.

And, if those who so aspiring, To the Court-preferments bee;

Knew

OF PHIL'ARETE.

Knew how worthy the desiring;
Those things are, enioyed by thee.
Wealth and Titles, would hereafter:
Subiests be, for scorne and laughter.

He that Courtly stiles affected,
Should a May-Lords honour have.
He that heaps of wealth collected,
Should be counted as a slave.
And the man with few'st things cumbred,
V Vith the Noblest should be numbred.

Thou, their folly hast descerned,
That neglect thy mind, and thee;
And to slight them, thou hast learned,
Of what Title er'e they be.
That; no more with thee, obtaineth;
Then with them, thy meannes gaineth.

All their Riches, Honours, Pleasures;
Poore vnworthy trifles seeme;
(If compared with thy Treasures)
And, doe merit no esteeme.
For, they true contents provide thee;
And from them can none divide thee.

VVhether

THE MISTRESSE

Whether thralled, or exiled;
Whether poore or rich thou be:
Whether praised, or reuiled;
Not a rush, it is to thee.
This, nor that, thy rest doth win thee:
But, the mind, which is within thee.

Then, oh why, so madly dote we,
On those things, that vs ore-lode?
Why, no more, their vainnesse note we;
But still make of them a God?
For, alas! they still deceive vs;
And, in greatest need they leave vs.

Therefore, have the Fates provided, Well (thou happy Swaine) for thee: That mayst, here, so farre divided, From the worlds distractions be.

Thee, distemper let them never; But, in peace continue ever.

In these lonely Groues, enioy thou,
That contentment here begun:
And, thy houres, so pleased, employ thou,
Till the latest glasse bee run.

From

OF PHIL'ARETE.

From a Fortune so assured: By no temptings be allured.

Much good doo't them with their glories,
Who in Courts of Princes dwell.
We have read in Antique stories,
How some rose, and how they fell.
And tis worthy well the heeding;
Ther's like End, wher's like proceeding.

Be thou, still, in thy affection,
To thy Noble Mistresse, true:
Let her (neuer-matcht) perfection,
Be the same, vnto thy view.
And, let neuer other Beautie,
Make thee faile, in Loue, or Dutie.

For, if thou shalt not estranged
From thy Course prosessed, be.
But remaine for aye vnchanged;
Nothing shall have power on thee.
Those that sleight thee now, shall love thee,
And, in spight of spight, approve thee.

So.

THE MISTRESSE

So those Vertues now neglected,
To be more esteem'd, will come:
Yea, those Toyes so much affected,
Many shall be wooed from.
And, the golden Age (deplored)
Shall, by some, be thought restored.

Thus fang the *Nymph*: fo rarely-well inspired, That all the hearers, her braue *Strains* admired. And, as I heard, by some that there attended, When this her *Song* was finisht, all was ended.

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A Postscript.

I F any Carpe, for that, my younger Times, Brought foorth such idle fruit, as these slight. It is no matter; so they doe not sweare, (Rymes, That they, so ill imployed, neuer were. Whilst their Desires (perhaps) they looselier spent; I gaue my heats of Youth, this better vent. And, oft by writing thus, the bloud haue tam'd; Which some, with reading wanton Layes enslam'd. Nor care I, though their Census fome haue past,

Nor care I, though their Censure some haue past, Because my Songs exceed the Fidlers Last. For, doe they thinke, that I will make my Measures, The longer, or the shorter, for their pleasures? Or mayme, or Curtolize my free Inuention; Because, Fooles weary are, of their attention. No; let them know, who do their length contemn, I make to please my felse, and not for them.

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A Miscelany of Epigrams, Sonnets, Epitaphs, and such other Verses, as were found written, with the Poeme, asoregoing.

Of the Invention of the nine Muses.

The Acts of Ages past, doth Clio write.
The Tragcedie's, Melpomenes delight.
Thalia, is with Comedies contented.
Euterpe, first, the Shepheards Pipe inuented.
Terpsicore, doth Song, and Lute applie.
Dauncing Erato found Geometry.
Calliope, on louing Verses dwels.
The secrets of the Starres, Vrania tells.
Polymnia, with choyce words, the speech doth trim.
And great Apollo shares with all of them.
Those thrice three Feminines, we Muses call;
But that one Masculine is worth them all.

Of

Of the Labours of Hercules.

Irst, he the strong Nemean Lyon slew: The many-headed Hydra next ore-threw. The *Eremanthian* Bore he thirdly foyles: Then of his golden Hornes the Stagge he spoyles. The foule Stymphalian Birds he fifthly frayd: Next, he the Queene of Amazons ore-swayd. Then clenfd Ægeas Stalls, with filth fo full: And eighthly, tamed the vntamed Bull. He flew proud *Diomedes* with his Horfes. From triple *Gerion* his rich Heard he forces. He flew the *Dragon* for the fruite of gold: And made blacke Cerberus the day behold. These were his twelve stout Labours. And they say, With fifty Virgins in one night he lay. If true it be; tis thought he labourd more In that one act, then in the twelue before.

Being left by a Gentleman in his

Dining-roome, where was nothing but a Map of *England* to entertaine him, he thus turned it into Verse.

PAire England in the bosome of the Seas, Amid her two and fiftie Provinces,

Sits

Sits like a glorious *Empresse*; whose rich Throne, Great *Nymphes* of honor come to wayt vpon.

First, in the height of brauery appeares Kent, East and South, and Middle-Saxon Shires: Next, Surry, Barkshire, and Southampton get, With Dorcet, VVilton, and rich Sommerset.
Then Deuon, with the Cornish Promontory: Gloster and VVorster, faire Sabrinas glory.
Then Salope, Suffolke, Northfolke large and faire, Oxford and Cambridge, that thrice learned paire. Then Lincolne, Darby, Yorkeshire, Nottingham, Northampton, VVarwick, Stafford, Buckingham. Chester and Lancaster (with Heards well stord) Huntingdon, Hartford, Rutland, Hereford.
Then Princely Durham, Bedford, Leister; and Northumber, Cumber and cold VVestmerland.

Braue English shires; with whom lou'd equally Welch Munmouth, Radnor, and Mountgomery, Adde all the glory (to her Traine) they can: So doth Glamorgan, Brecknock, Cardigan, Caernaruan, Denbigh, Merioneth-shire, With Anglesey (which ore the sea doth reare Her losty head And with the first, though last, Flint, Pembrooke and Carmarthen might be plact. For all of these (vnto their power) maintaine Their Mistrisse England with a royall Traine. Yea, for Supporters at each hand, hath she The VVight and Man, that two braue Ilands be.

From these, I to the Scottish Nymphes had iorny'd, But that my Friend was backe againe returned,

O 2 Who

Who having kindly brought me to his home, Alone did leave me in his *Dining Rome*: Where I was faine (and glad I had the hap) To begg an entertainment of his Map.

DECEMBER OF STREET, ST

An Epitaph vpon the Right
Vertuous Lady, the Lady
Scott.

Let none suppose this Relique of the Iust, Was here wrapt vp, to perish in the dust. No, like best Fruits, her time she fully stood: Then being growne in Faith, and ripe in Good; (With stedfast hope, that shee another day, (lay. Should rise with Christ) with Death here downe she And, that each part, which Her, in life had grac't, Preseru'd might be, and meet againe at last: The Poore, the World, the Heauens, and the Graue: Her Almes, her Praise, her Soule, her Body haue.

An

An Epitaph vpon a Woman, and her Child, buried together in the same Graue.

BEneath this Marble Stone doth lye,
The Subiect of Deaths Tyranny.

A Mother: who in this close Tombe,
Sleepes with the iffue of her wombe.
Though cruelly enclinde was he;
And with the fruit shooke downe the Tree.
Yet was his cruelty in vaine.
For, Tree, and Fruit, shall spring againe.

A Christmas Carroll.

SO, now is come our ioyfulft Feast;
Let every man be iolly.
Each Roome, with Yvie leaves is drest,
And every Post, with Holly.
Though some Churles at our mirth repine,
Round your forheads Garlands twine,
Drowne sorrow in a Cup of Wine.
And let vs all be merry.

Now,

Now, all our Neighbours Chimneys smoke,
And Christmas blocks are burning;
Their Ouens, they with bakt-meats choke,
And all their Spits are turning.
Without the doore, let sorrow lie:
And, if for cold, it hap to die,
Weele bury't in a Christmas Pye.
And euermore be merry.

Now, every Lad is wondrous trimm,
And no man minds his Labour.
Our Lasses have provided them,
A Bag-pipe, and a Tabor.
Youngmen, and Mayds, and Girles Boyes,
Give life, to one anothers Ioyes:
And, you anon shall by their noyse,
Perceive that they are merry.

Ranke Mifers now, doe sparing shun:
Their Hall of Musicke soundeth:
And, Dogs, thence with whole shoulders run,
So, all things there aboundeth.
The Countrey-folke, themselues advance;
For Crowdy-Mutton's come out of France:
And lack shall pipe, and Iyll shall daunce,
And all the Towne be merry.

Ned

Ned Swash hath fetcht his Bands from pawne,
And all his best Apparell.
Brisk Nell hath bought a Ruffe of Lawne,
With droppings of the Barrell.
And those that hardly all the yeare
Had Bread to eat, or Raggs to weare,
Will haue both Clothes, and daintie fare:
And all the day be merry.

Now poore men to the Iustices,
With Capons make their arrants,
And if they hap to faile of these,
They plague them with their Warrants.
But now they feed them with good cheere,
And what they want, they take in Beere:
For, Christmas comes but once a yeare:
And then they shall be merry.

Good Farmours, in the Countrey, nurse
The poore, that else were vndone.
Some Land lords, spend their money worse.
On Lust, and Pride at London.
There, the Roysters they doe play;
Drabb and Dice their Landt away,
Which may be ours, another day:
And therefore lets be merry.

The

The Clyent now his suit forbeares,
The Prisoners heart is eased,
The Debtor drinks away his cares,
And, for the time is pleased.
Though others Purses be more fat,
Why should we pine or grieue at that a
Hang forrow, care will kill a Cat.
And therefore lets be merry.

Harke, how the Wagges, abrode doe call
Each other foorth to rambling.
Anon, youle fee them in the Hall,
For Nutts, and Apples scambling.
Harke, how the Roofes with laughters found!
Annon they'l thinke the house goes round:
For, they the Sellars depth have found.
And, there they will be merry.

The VV enches with their Wassell-Bowles,
About the Streets are singing:
The Boyes are come to catch the Owles,
The Wild-mare, in is bringing.
Our Kitchin-Boy hath broke his Boxe,
And, to the dealing of the Oxe,
Our honest neighbours come by flocks,
And, here, they will be merry.

Now,

Now Kings and Queenes, poore Sheep-cotes have,
And mate with every body:
The honest, now, may play the knaue,
And wise men play at Noddy.
Some Youths will now a Mumming goe;
Some others play at Rowland-hoe,
And, twenty other Gameboyes moe:
Because they will be merry.

Then wherefore in these merry daies,
Should we I pray, be duller?
No; let vs sing some Roundelayes,
To make our mirth the fuller.
And, whilest thus inspir'd we sing,
Let all the Streets with ecchoes ring:
Woods, and Hills, and every thing,
Beare witnesse we are merry.

An Epitaph vpon the Porter of a Prison.

Ere lye the bones of him, that was of late, A Churlish *Porter* of a Prison gate.

Death Death many an euening at his lodging knockt,
But could not take him, for the dore was lockt:
Yet at a Tauerne late one night he found him,
And getting him, into the feller, drownd him.
On which, the world (that stil the worst is thinking)
Reports abroad, that he was kild with drinking:
Yet let no Prisoner, whether Thiese or Debtor
Reioyce, as if his fortune were the better;
Their sorrows likely to be nere the shorter,
The Warden liues, though death hath took the Porter.

A Sonnet vpon a stolne Kisse.

Nor rob I her of ought, which she can misse:
Nay, should I twenty kisses take away,
There would be little figne I had done so:
Why then should I this robbery delay?
Oh! she may wake, and therewith angry grow.
Well, if she do, Ile back restore thoughts in And twenty hundred thousand more for lone.

An

An Epitaph vpon Abram Goodfellow, a common Alehousehunter.

DEware, thou looke not who here vnder lies, DVnlesse thou long to weepe away thine eyes. This man (as forrowfull report doth tell vs) Was, when he liu'd, the Prince of all Goodfellows. That day he dide, it cannot be belieu'd, How out of reason, all the *Alewiues* grieu'd, And what abominable lamentation They made at *Black-boy*, and at *Salutation*; They hould and cride, and euer more among, This was the burthen of their wofull Song: V Vell, goe thy wayes, thy like hath neuer been, Nor shall thy match againe be euer seene: For out of doubt now thou art dead and gone, Theres many a Tap house will be quite vindone, And Death by taking thee, did them more skath, Then yet the Ale-house proiest done them hath.

Loe, fuch a one but yesterday was he, But now he much is alterd, you do see. Since he came hither, he hath left his ryot, Yea, changed both his company and dyet, And now so civill lies; that to your thinking, He neither for an Ale-house cares, nor drinking.

An

An Epitaph vpon a Gentlewoman, who had fore-told the Time of her death.

Er, who beneath this stone, consuming lyes, For many Virtues we might memorize. But, most of all, the praise deserueth shee, In making of her Words, and Deeds agree. For, shee so truely kept the Word shee spake, As that with Death, she promise would not breake. I shall (quoth she) be dead, before the midd Of such a Month. And, as she said, she did.

An Epitaph, on a Child, Sonne to Sir W. H. Knight.

Here lyes, within a Cabinet of stone,
The deare remainder of a Prety-one.
Who did in wit, his yeares so farre out-passe,
His parents Wonder, and their Ioy he was.
And, by his face, you might have deemed him,
To be on earth some heavenly Cherubim.
Sixe yeares with life he labor'd. Then deceast,
To keepe the Sabbath of eternall rest.

So,

So; that, which many thousand able men, Are lab'ring for, till threescore yeares and ten. This blessed *Childe* attained to, er'e seauen; And, now enioyes it with the Saints of Heauen.

A Song.

Now Young-man, thy dayes and thy glories appeare, Like Sun-shine and blossomes in Spring of the yeare. Thy vigour of body, thy spirits, thy wit, Are perfect, and sound, and vntroubled yet. Now then, oh, now then, if safetie thou loue. Mind thou, oh mind thou, thy Maker aboue.

Mispend not a morning, so excellent cleare;
Neuer (for euer) was happinesse here.
Thy noone-tyde of life hath but little delight,
And sorrowes on sorrowes will follow at night.
Now then, oh, now then, &c.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

That Strength, & those Beauties that grace thee to day, To morrow, may perish, and vanish away.

Thy Wealth, or thy Pleasures, or Friends that now be, May waste, or deceive, or be traytors to thee.

Now then, oh now then, &c.

Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Thy

Thy ioynts are yet nimble, thy finnewes vnslacke.

And marrow vnwasted, doth strengthen thy backe.

Thy Youth from diseases preserveth the braine;

And blood with free passage, plumps eu'ry vaine.

Now then, oh now then, &c.

Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

But (trust me) it will not for euer be so;
Those Armes that are mightie, shall feebler grow.
And those Legs, so proudly supporting thee, now,
With Age, or Discases, will stagger and bow.
Now then, oh now then, &c.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Then, all those rare Features, now gracefull in thee; Shall (plough'd with Times furrowes) quite ruined be. And they, who admired, and lou'd thee so much, Shall loath, or forget thou hadst ever been such. Now then, oh now then, &c.

Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Those tresses of Haire, which thy youth doe adorne, Will looke like the Meads in a Winterly morne. And, where red and white intermixed did grow, Dull palenesse, a deadly complexion will show. Now then, oh now then, &c. Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

That Forhead imperious, whereon we now view, A smoothnesse, and whitenesse enameld with blew; Will Will loofe that perfection, which Youth now maintaines, And change it for hollownesse, wrinckles, and staines. Now then, oh now then, &c.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Those Eares, thou with Musicke didst oft entertaine, And charme with so many a delicate Straine; May misse of those pleasures, wherewith they are fed, And neuer heare Song more, when youth is once sted. Now then, oh now then, &c.

Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Those Eyes, which so many, so much did admire, And with strange affections set thousands on sire: Shut vp in that darkenesse, which Age will constraine, Shall neuer see mortall; no, neuer againe. Now then, oh now then, &c. Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Those Lips, whereon Beautie, so fully discloses,
The colour and sweetnesse of Rubies, and Roses;
Instead of that hue, will gastlinesse weare,
And none shall believe, what perfection was there.
Now then, oh now then, &c.

Thy Teeth, that flood firmely, like Pearles in a row, Shall rotten, and scattered disorderly grow:

The Mouth, whose proportion earths-wonder was thought, Shall rob'd of that sweetnesse, be prized at nought.

Now then, oh now then, &c.

That

That Gate, and those Gestures, that win thee such grace, Will turne to a feeble and staggering pace.

And thou, that or'e mountaines ranst nimbly to day, Shalt stumble at every rubb in the way.

Now then, oh now then, &c.

Mind then, oh mind then, &c.

By these impersections, old age will preuaile,
Thy marrow, thy sinewes, and spirits will sayle.
And nothing is left thee, when those are once spent,
To give, or thy selfe; or another, content.
Now then, oh now then, &c.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Those Fancies that lull thee, with Dreames of delight, Will trouble thy quiet, the comfortlesse night.

And thou, that now sleepest thy troubles away,

Shalt heare, how each Cockrell gives warning of day.

Now then, oh now then, &c.

Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

Then, Thou, that art yet vnto thousands so deare,
Of all shalt despisd, or neglected appeare.
Which, when thou perceiust (though now pleasant it be)
Thy life will be grieuous and loathsome to thee.
Now then, oh now then, &c.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

That lust, which thy youth can so hardly forgoe, Will leave thee; and leave thee, repentance, and woe.

And And then, in thy folly no ioy thou canst haue, Nor hope other rest, then a comfortlesse graue. Now then, oh now then, &c. Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

For, next shall thy Breath be quite taken away,
Thy Flesh turn'd to dust, and that dust turn'd to clay:
And, those thou hast loved, and share of thy store,
Shall leave thee, forget thee, and mind thee no more.
Now then, oh, now then, &c.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, &c.

And yet, if in time thou remember not this,
The flenderest part of thy sorrow it is:
Thy Soule to a torture, more fearefull shall wend,
Hath euer, and euer, and neuer an end.
Now then, oh, now then, if safetie thou loue.
Mind thou, oh mind thou, thy Maker aboue.

A Dreame.

When bright Phæbus at his rest,
Was reposed in the West,
And the cherefull day-light gone,
Drew vnwelcome darknesse on;
Night, her blacknesse, wrapt about me,
And, within, 'twas as without me.
. P There-

Therefore, on my tumbled bedd,
Downe I laid my troubled head:
Where, mine eyes inur'd to care,
Seldome vsd to slumbring were.
Yet, or'etyr'd of late, with weeping;
Then, by chance, they fell a sleeping.

But, fuch Visions me diseas'd,
As in vaine, that sleepe I ceaz'd:
For, I sleeping Fancies had,
V Vhich, yet waking, make me sad.
Some, can sleepe away their sorrow;
But, mine doubles, every morrow.

Walking to a pleafant Groue, (VVhere, I vsd to thinke of Loue) I, me thought, a place did view, VVherein Flora's riches grew. Primerose, Hyacinth, and Lillies, Cowslips, Vy'lets, Dasfodillies.

There, a Fountaine, close beside, I, a matchlesse Beautie spide. So she lay, as if she slept: But, much griese, her waking kept.

And

And, she had no softer pillow, Then the hard root of a Willow.

Downe her Cheekes, the teares did flow, (Which a greeued heart did show)
Her faire eyes, the earth beholding,
And, her armes themselues enfolding;
Shee, her passion to betoken,
Sigh'd, as if her heart were broken.

So much griefe, me thought she shew'd,
That my forrow it renew'd:
But, when neerer her I went,
It encreast my discontent.
For a gentle Nymph shee prooued,
Who, me (long vnknowne) had loued.

Streight, on me shee fixt her looke;
Which, a deepe impression tooke.
And, of all that live (quoth shee)
Thou art welcommest to me.
Then (misdoubting to be blamed)
Thus, she spake, as halfe ashamed.

Thee, vnknowne, I long affected, And, as long, in vaine expected.

For

For, I had a hopefull thought,
Thou wouldst craue, what others sought;
And I, for thy sake, have stayd,
Many wanton Springs, a Maid.

Still, when any wooed me,
They renewd, the thought of thee:
And, in hope thou wouldst have tride
Their Affections, I denide.
But, a Louer, forc't vpon me,
By my Friends, hath now vndone me.

What, I waking dar'd not show,
In a Dreame, thou now doest know:
But, to better my estate;
Now, alas, it is too late.
And, I both awake, and sleeping,
Now, consume my Youth in weeping.

Somewhat then, I would have fayd;
But, replyings were denayd.
For, me thought, when speake I would,
Not a word bring foorth I could.
And, as I a kisse was taking;
That I lost to, by awaking.

Cer-

Certaine Verses written to his louing Friend, vpon his departure.

Swift Time, that will by no entreaty ftay,
Is now gone by, and fummons me away.
And, what my griefe, denies my tongue to doe,
My true affection driues my pen vnto.
Deare Heart; that day, and that fad houre is come,
In which, thy face, I must be banisht from:
And goe to liue, where (peraduenture) we
Hereaster must, for aye, deuided be.

For, twixt our bodies, which now close are met, A thousand Hills and Vallies shall be set: A thousand Groues, a thousand weeping Springs, And many thousand other enuious things, Which, when we are departed, keepe vs may, From comming nearer, till our dying day.

So these our hands, which thus each other touch, Shall neuer after this time doe so much. Nor shall these eyes, which yet themselues delight, (with mutuall gazing on each other light)

Be euer raysed vp againe, so neare,

To view each other in their proper spheare.

Nor ere againe, through those their Christall orbes,

Reade what sad passion, our poore hearts disturbs.

Which when we think vpon, we scarce containe, Their swelling Floud-gates; but a pearly raine

P 3 Drops

Drops fro those plenteous Springs: & forth are sent From those sad dungeons, where our harts are pent, So many sighes; that, in our parting, now, A storme of Passions we must venture through. Whose sury, I would stay to see ore-past Before I went, in spight of all my hast, But that, I view some tokens, which fore-tell, That by delay, the Flouds will higher swell; And, whilst to be divided, we are loth, With some worse perill, ouerwhelme vs both.

Oh! rather let vs wisely vndergoe A forrow, that will daily lesser grow; Then venture on a pleasing mischiefe, which Will vnawares, our honest hearts bewitch: And bring vs to such passe (at last) that we Shall nere perceive it, till vndone we be.

I find your loue; and so the same approue, That I shall euer loue you, for that loue. And, am so couetous of such deare pelse, That, for it, I could giue away my selse. And yet, I rather would go pine, and die, For want thereof; then liue till you, or I, Should giue, or take, one dram of that delight Which is anothers; and so, marre out-right Our most vnstaind affection: which, hath yet No inclination vnto ill, in it.

Nay (though it more vnfufferable were) I would, eu'n that iust liberty forbeare Which honest friendship is allow'd to take: If I perceiu'd, it me vnapt did make,

To

To master my affections: or to goe On those affaires, that Reason calls me to.

Those Parents that discreet in louing be,
When on their new-borne child a Wen they see,
Which may (perchance) in aftertime, disgrace
The sweete proportion of a louely face:
(Although it wound their soules to heare the mone,
And see the tortures of their pritty-one)
To weepe a little, rather are content,
Whilst he endures the Surgeons Instrument;
Then suffer that soule blemish there, to spread;
Vntill his sace be quite dissigured.

So, we betwixt whose soules, there is begot
That sweet Babe, Friendship; must beware, no spot
Through our indulgent indiscretion grow,
That may the beauty of our loue ore-throw:
Let's rather beare a little discontent;
And learne of Reason, those things to preuent
Which marre affection. That our friendship may
Wax firmer, and more louely eu'ry Day.

There is, indeed, to gentle hearts, no fmarting, That is more torment to them, then departing From those they loue. And doubtlesse, if that we Were so vnited, as the married be; Our bodies at our parture, would be so, As if each of them did a soule forgoe.

But, in our flesh; we are, and must remaine Perpetuall strangers: and our selues containe From that embrace, which marriage loue allowes: Or else, I iniure virtue; you, your vowes.

P₄ And

And, for a short vnworthy pleasure, marre
Those rich contentments, which eternall are.
Of which, I am in hope, that, alwaies we
Should in each others presence guiltlesse be.
But in our absence (sure I am) we shall
Not onely still be innocent of all,
That simple folly, and that ouer-sight,
To which, our many frailties tempt vs might:
But, by this meanes shall also scape the blot,
Wherwith il toungs our names would seek to spot.

Which if you feare, and would auoyd the wrongs That may befall you by malicious tongues, Then feeke my absence: for I have in that Vnto my friends, been too vnfortunate: Yet, as I loue faire-virtue, there is no man Ere heard me boast the fauours of a woman To her dishonour; neither (by my soule) Was I ere guiltie of an Act so soule, As some imagine. Neither doe I know That woman yet, with whom I might be fo; For neuer kindnesses to me were show'd, Which I dar'd thinke, for eaill end bestow'd. Nor euer, to this present houre, did I Turne friendship, fauour, opportunitie; (Or ought vouchfast me) thereby to acquire Those wicked ends which wantons doe desire. For, whenfoeuer lust begun to flame, It was extinguisht, by true loue, and shame. But, what would this my innocence preuaile,

And

When your faire Name, detraction should assayle?

And how abhord should I hereafter be,
If you should suffer infamy by me?
You seare it not one halfe so much you say,
As you are loth I should depart away:
And hap what will, you thinke to be content,
Whilst I am here; and you still innocent.
Indeed, those friends approue I not, which may
By euery slanderous tongue be talkt away:
But yet, I like not him that will not striue,
As much as in him lyeth, free to liue,
From giuing iust occasions of offence:
For, else he vainely braggs of innocence.
And so doe we, vnlesse, that without blame
We purpose with our loue, to keepe our same.

Then, let vs pleafed part; and though the dearenes Of our affection, couets both a nearenes In mind and body; let vs willingly Beget a Virtue of necessitie.

And, since we must compelled be to liue, By time and place divided; let vs strive In the despight of time and distance, so That love of virtue may more perfect grow:

And that this seperation, we lament,

May make our meeting suller of content.

Betwixt our bodies (this Ile not deny)
There is a deare respective sympathy;
Which makes vs mutually both ioy, and grieve
As there is cause. And farther, I believe,
That our contentment is impersect, till
They have each other in possession still:

But

But, that which in vs two, I Loue, dare name, Is twixt our Soules; and fuch a powerfull flame, As nothing shall extinguish nor obsure, Whilst their eternall substance, doth endure: No, not our absence; nor that mightie space, Betwixt my home, and your abiding place.

For, ere your Eyes, my eyes had euer seene; When many thousand surlongs lay betweene, Our vnknowne bodies: And before that you Had seene my face, or thought the same to view, You most entirely loued me (you say) (way Which shewes; our soules had then sound out the To know each other: And vnseene of vs, To make our bodies meet vnthought of, thus.

Then; much lesse now, shall hill, or dale, or groue, Or, that great tract of ground which must remoue My body from you: there, my soule confine, To keepe it backe from yours; or yours from mine. Nay, being more aquainted then they were, And active spirits, that can any where Within a moment meet. They to and fro, Will every minute to each other go And, we shall love, with that deare love, wherein Will neither be offence, nor cause of sinne.

Yea, whereas carnall loue, is euer colder, As youth decayes; and as the flesh growes older: And, when the body is dissoluted, must Be buried with oblivion in the dust. We, then shall dearer grow: and this our loue, Which now impersect is, shall persect prove.

For,

For, theres no mortall power can rob true Friends, Of that which noblest Amitie attends. Nor any seperation that is able, To make the virtuous Louers miserable. Since, when disasters threaten most deiection, Their, Goodnesse maketh strongest their affection. And, that which works in others loues, deniall; In them, more noble makes it, by the triall.

Tis true; that whe we part, we know not whether These bodies shall, for euer, meet together; As you have faid. Yet, wherefore should we grieve, Since, we a better meeting doe belieue? If we did also know, that when we die, This loue, should perish euerlastingly. And that we must as bruitish creatures do, Lose with our bodies, all our dearnesse to: Our feperation, then, a forrow were, Which mortall heart had neuer power to beare. And we should faint and die, to thinke vpon The passions would be felt, when I were gone. But, feeing in the foule, our loue is plac't; And (feeing) foules of death shall neuer tast: No Death can end our loue. Nay; when we dye, Our foules (that now in chaines and fettters lie) Shall meet more freely, to pertake that ioy, Compard to which, our friendship's but a toy. And, for each bitternesse, in this our loue, We shall a thousand sweet contentments proue. Meane while; we, that (together liuing) may Through humane weaknesses be led astray:

And

(And vnawares, make that affection foule, Which virtue yet keeps blamelesse in the soule) By Absence shall preserved be, as cleane, As to be kept (in our best thoughts) wee meane. And, in our Prayers for each other, shall Giue, and receiue more kindnesses, then all The world can yeeld vs. And, when other men Whose loue is carnall, are tormented, when Death calls them hence: because they robbed be Of all their hope (for euermore) to fee The object of their Loue: we shall avoid, That bitter anguish wherewith they are cloyd. And, whenfoer'e it happens, thou, or I, Shall feele the time approaching vs to dye; It shall not grieue vs at our latest breath, To mind each other on the bed of death: (Because of any ouerlight, or sinne, Whereof we guiltie in our foules haue bin) Nor will death feare vs, cause we shall perceive That these contentments, which we had not leave To take now we are living; shall be gaind, When our imprison'd soules shall be vnchaind. Nay rather wish to dye, we might possesse The fweet fruition of that happinesse, Which we shall then receive, in the perfection Of Him, that is the fulnesse of Affection. If Time preuented not, I had in store To comfort thee, so many Reasons more, That thou wouldst leave to grieve; although we Each others persons neuer more behold. (fhould

But,

But, there is hope. And then, that know you may, True Friends can in their absence find the way. To compasse their contentments, whom they loue: You shall ere long, the powre it hath, approue. Meane while, you still are deare: yea, liue or dye, My foule shall loue you euerlastingly. And howfoere, there feeme fuch cause of forrow; Yet, those that part, and thinke to meet to morrow, Death may divide to night; And, as before, Their Feare was lesse, their Griefe will be the more. Since therefore, whether far I liue, or nigh, There is in meeting an vncertaintie. Let vs, for that which furest is, prouide. Part like those Friends, whom nothing can divide: And, fince we Louers first became, that we, Might to our power each others comfort be: Let's not the sweetnesse of our love destroy; But, turne these weepings into teares of ioy. On which condition, I doe give thee, this; To be both Mine, and Sorrowes parting-kisse.

PHIL'ARETE.

FINIS.

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The Stationers Postfcript.

There bee three or foure Songs in this Poeme aforegoing, which were stollen from the Authour, and heereto fore impertinently imprinted in an imperfect and erronious Copie, foolishly intituled His Workes; which the Stationer hath there falsely affirmed to bee Corrected and Augmented for his owne Advantage; and without the said Authours knowledge, or respect to his credit. If therfore you have seene them formerly in those counterfet Impressions, let it not be offensive that you finde them againe in their proper places; and in the Poeme to which they appertaine.

Vale.

I. M.

ELECTRICATE CARREST CA

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